The New-York Times.

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PENNSYLVANIA CONVENTION.

Immense Crowds Arriving at the City of Harrisburg.

Decided Bias Manifested in Favor of Gen. Hartranft.

A Caucus Held in His Behalf Last Night.

The Probable Organization of the Convention.

Names of Some of the National Convention Delegates.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

HARRISBURG, April 9.—Delegates from all parts of this great State have now arrived to attend the Republican Convention, which meets in the Hall of Representatives at noon to-morrow, and the action of that body, at least as to the main business it has in hand, can be distinctly foreshadowed. As I telegraphed last night would probably be the case, the Convention will instruct the delegates to Philadelphia to vote for the renomination of President GRANT, and will place Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT, the present Auditor-General of the State, before the people for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth.

Because of this unanimity among the delegates, it is charged in some quarters, and it will be asserted by the Democracy throughout the campaign, that the Convention was packed in the interest of Hon. SIMON CAMERON. It is, therefore necessary to state some facts which would otherwise have little interest and no value. Everybody knows that for years SIMON CAMERON, ANDREW G. CURTIN, and the Pennsylvania Central Railroad have been the three directing powers in the dominant politics of this State. For a time there was the Cameron wing and the Curtin faction dividing the Republican Party into almost equal parts, with the Pennsylvania Railroad as a sort of independent guerrilla giving its powerful aid to one or the other as its interests demanded. But latterly Mr. CURTIN has been absent from the country, and naturally his followers have fallen away from him, until now the Republican Party is practically united under SIMON CAMERON, with, of course, that railroad mammoth constantly hovering about to pick up something for itself. The old-time feuds of the party have dropped out of late only in the notable Grey-McClure contest, and GREY being the regular candidate, a partisan of CAMERON and the Administration, it was inevitable that MCCLURE should be a friend of CURTIN and an opponent of Gen. GRANT. The incidents of that struggle in the Fourth Senatorial District, which were not particularly creditable to either side, are as well known as the result, but the means by which the latter was secured do not seem to be so generally understood outside the State. The Committee of the State Senate which made the investigation and the report upon which GREY was ousted and MCCLURE admitted to the seat, was composed of four Democrats and three Republicans, so that its methods of inquiry and its conclusions were not marvelous. As to the precise means employed I think I can speak with some degree of preciseness. When in Connecticut a prominent nomadic Democrat, with an unpleasant habit of exaggerating the faults of his political opponents, said to me that he knew Col. MCCLURE had been bought into the Senate by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and coming here, I made inquiries in the proper quarters upon this point, with the result of discovering that the nomad had such a basis of factor his remark that it was certain that the Pennsylvania Railroad had backed Col. MCCLURE to the whole extent of its power. One prominent Republican Senator, who is for the time placed in antagonism to the Cameron interest, and, consequently, not unfriendly to MCCLURE, to whom I repeated the remark of the wandering apostle of Democracy, answered: "Well, no, not bought; but it is true that the railroad backed MCCLURE." When the question was asked whether this fact was an evidence that the corporation is in the Curtin interest, I was told that no such inference could be drawn, at the Pennsylvania Railroad was simply for the Pennsylvania Railroad.

These facts have become important in view of the present condition and purposes of the Republican Party of Pennsylvania. It is generally believed outside the State that GREY was corruptly placed in the Senate by the most outrageous frauds upon the part of the regular Republican organization, and the proof of this fact is alleged to be that he was driven out of his seat by his own party friends, who could not resist the evidence of these frauds presented against their own party. But the truth is that GREY was tried and his cause condemned by party enemies, and he was in the end ousted by a corporation which can, when it chooses, I am informed, be omnipotent in Pennsylvania politics. This corporation, I am further told, never interferes in political matters to secure mere political results, and it is therefore evident that the final ejectment of GREY was in no way that acknowledgment of frauds by the Republicans which has been claimed, nor that defeat of the Administration which it has been asserted to have been. Knowing these facts, it is easy to understand how the Republicans can claim, as they do now, that this bitter contest in the Fourth District has not weakened them, but on the contrary has strengthened them by weeding out false friends. Col. MCCLURE ran against GREY as a Republican, and the result has been to give him a seat in the Senate, but also to place him among those who are to make the sorrowful pilgrimage to Cincinnati. The argument is that the party is well rid of him, and that he cannot take a corporal's guard with him when he departs into outer political darkness. But I asked whether Mr. CURTIN was not on his way home, and whether, if it should prove that the movements of MCCLURE were but prophecies of the actions of his chief, the defection would not prove to be quite serious. The answer was emphatically in the negative, and the reason given was that however powerful ANDREW G. CURTIN might have been in the party, neither he nor any one else could take any considerable number out of it upon the ground of opposition to a Republican Administration. It is also claimed that the long absence of Gov. CURTIN from the State has destroyed his cohorts, and it will take him several years to rebuild his personal power, even if he remains in the Republican ranks.

As a consequence of these facts, it is claimed there is no division of sentiment among the regular Republicans, and that the unanimity which will be displayed to-morrow is in no way surprising. The Convention is composed of thirty-three delegates from the Senatorial districts, and one hundred from the Representative districts, all of whom were elected by as many conventions in the districts, and a large majority—two-thirds it is claimed today—were instructed by these primary assemblages to vote for GRANT and HARTRANFT. If these instructions were not the result of the spontaneous action of the people party machinery has been wonderfully improved, and party management become a more dangerous art than has ever been suspected. If the delegates had been left uninstructed, and even before their arrival here had been found to be committed to certain men and measures, there would be good grounds for suspecting that they had been manipulated by the "Ring" which is alleged to exist, but it seems absurd to suppose that this Ring, if there is such a thing, could have made 133 primary meetings of the people its mouthpiece through which to blow its tunes. In the cities, like Philadelphia and Pittsburg, such a thing could be done, but in a State so extensive territorially as this there are many counties in which there are no office-holders except a few poverty-stricken postmasters, and in which the people make a business of managing their political affairs themselves. There are office-holders, State and Federal, in this Convention, but there are also many gentlemen who never made a trade of politics, and GRANT and HARTRANFT find among them their most zealous friends.

There is abundant reason for this preference, to be found in something higher than mere partisan consideration. Pennsylvania, under the able and energetic lead of ANDREW G. CURTIN, who lives in her history as the great war Governor, was foremost in the defense of the Union during the rebellion. Her treasure and her best blood were poured out unstintingly in behalf of the nation, and she has never turned her back upon those who served her well upon the field. A mere statement of this well-known fact is sufficient to account for the general preference for President GRANT, and when it is known that within the State Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT is recognized as one equally faithful and energetic in his sphere, his popularity ceases to cause surprise. Born in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, Dec. 16, 1830, he graduated at Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., in 1853, and, adopting the profession of a civil engineer, was first employed in running the line of the Mauch Chunk and White Haven Railroad; but abandoning this pursuit he studied law, and was admitted to the Bar in 1860. Possessed of military tastes from his youth, he was at this time, young as he was, Colonel of the First Regiment Montgomery County Militia, and when the call to arms came, Democrat as he had until then always been, he was among the first to tender his services to the Government. His regiment was accepted as the Fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers. The three months' service of the regiment had expired, and it was marching homeward when the battle of Bull Run occurred, but HARTRANFT hurried to the front and tendering his personal services to Gen. MCDOWELL, and being assigned to staff duty with Col. FRANKLIN, thus received his baptism of fire. Hastening home he raised a three years' regiment, which was mustered into service as the Fifty-first Pennsylvania. Going immediately into active service, HARTRANFT was then until the close of the war in the front of battle. First attached to the division of Gen. RENO, he was in the Newbern campaign of Gen. BURNSIDE in North Carolina, afterward with POPE in Virginia, where he behaved with the utmost gallantry at the second Bull Run and Chantilly. The tide of war rolling northward, HARTRANFT won new glory at South Mountain and Antietam, and his labors for that eventful year closed with fresh heroism at Fredericksburg with BURNSIDE. Next year he was West, shared in the labors and glories of the Vicksburg campaign, but prostrated by sickness caused by a sun-stroke, was compelled to retire from the field for a time. Joining his division again, which had been transferred to East Tennessee, he was just in time to take part in the battle of Campbell's Station, and to be cooped up with BURNSIDE in Knoxville. The next Spring he received his promotion as Brigadier-General, which he had fully earned two years before, and in command of the First Brigade, Third Division, Ninth Corps, went with GRANT through the Virginia campaign of 1864, participating in the battles of Wilderness, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Hatcher's Run and Poplar Springs, besides being in almost innumerable skirmishes. Just as the rebellion was tottering to its fall in 1865, LEE made a last desperate effort to break the coils which GRANT had wound about him, and the nation was electrified by the news of the assault on Fort Steadman before Petersburg. That the assault was not an entire success was due to the bravery and skill of HARTRANFT, then commanding the Third Division, Ninth Corps, who, in this, his last battle, won his long deserved brevet of Major-General, and became known as the hero of Steadman. Returning to his home at Norristown with the restoration of peace, he resumed the duties of civil life, but was speedily called again to the discharge of public duties, being elected six years ago to the office of Auditor-General of the State, which he yet holds.

Political malignity, which spares none, has attacked Gen. HARTRANFT with insinuations of suspected neglect of duty in connection with the Evans frauds. This case, which has made considerable noise, can be told in a few words. One GEORGE O. EVANS was appointed the agent of Pennsylvania to collect claims due the State from the United States. His transactions have been investigated by a legislative committee, by whom a vast deal of evidence was taken, all tending to corroborate the statement already made, that EVANS had collected a large amount of money, out of which he had retained nearly $300,000, under the plea that he was entitled to ten per cent. on all the money paid by the United States to Pennsylvania, whether collected by him or not. This claim being so unreasonable, was disallowed by the accounting officers of the State, but as EVANS had the money in his possession, they had no means of getting it from him, and, indeed, he defied them to do so. EVANS was caught and compelled to testify, after considerable trouble, and stated he had divided $34,500 among four persons he named, for services rendered, but declared in the most positive manner that he had not given or promised a dollar to any official of Pennsylvania. The report of the Committee, giving full credit to the *ex parte* statements of one S. P. BROWN, strongly censures Gov. GEARY for alleged connection with the frauds of EVANS, but adds: "No part of this money ever reached the State Treasury, and neither the accounting department nor the Treasury officials knew of its payment until 1871." Gen. HARTRANFT was thus fully exculpated even by his enemies, and there is no doubt that Gov. GEARY will be able to clear himself of the aspersions cast upon him. There is good reason to believe that the State of Pennsylvania was literally skinned in this transaction, but there is no cause whatever to believe that any of her elected officials assisted in or profited by the operation.

The record of Gen. HARTRANFT has been dealt with thus at length only because he will undoubtedly to-morrow be the standard-bearer of the Republican Party in the second State in the Union, and will thus become the mark at which all the enemies of the party throughout the nation will aim the arrows of calumny. If the Convention concludes its labors as happily as they will be commenced, by the nomination of Gen. HARTRANFT, it will be well for the party, and this is not said in disparagement of any of his competitors. Gen. HARRY WHITE, Col. FRANK JORDAN, and Hon. W. W. KETCHAM, who are prominent in the contest, are able public servants and zealous Republicans of whom any State might feel proud. The Convention has, however, much work before it beside the nomination of a Governor. It must nominate a candidate for Supreme Judge, one for Auditor-General, twenty-eight Presidential electors, fourteen delegates to the Constitutional Convention, and elect fifty-six delegates to represent the State in the Philadelphia Convention. All this work, however, will be practically done this evening in a caucus of the majority of the delegates, and although the Convention does not meet until noon, it will undoubtedly finish its labors at a single session.

In as few words as the task could be accomplished, I have endeavored to place before the public such facts as will give a fair exhibit of the present condition of the Republican Party in Pennsylvania. Although handicapped to some extent, these facts show that it is abundantly able to win the race upon which it is about to enter, for there is nothing in them to give rise to a reasonable fear that the Republican majority of over fourteen thousand last year, can be materially decreased in the coming contest.

Nine o'clock P. M.—Political excitement has rarely run so high as in this city to-night. Every train during the day came loaded, and by night fully 2,000 strangers were gathered here whose only business was to attend upon the Republican State Convention to-morrow. All the hotels are crowded, and during the evening have been the arena of most exciting scenes, caused by the canvassing of the rival claims of HARTRANFT and KETCHAM. All the public demonstrations were in behalf of one or the other of these gentlemen, as no one else was mentioned, and KETCHAM had some extremely earnest friends, whose zeal in his cause made them appear much more numerous than they really were. The drift of sentiment both among delegates and outsiders was plainly with HARTRANFT, and nobody was surprised when seventy-four delegates walked into the parlors of the Lochiel House at 8 o'clock, in obedience to a call for a caucus of those members of the Convention favorable to the nomination of Gen. HARTRANFT for Governor. This number being more than a majority of the whole Convention settled the question of his nomination. The caucus determined to express no preference for Auditor-General, or Supreme Court Judge, but did resolve to take the organization of the Convention, and the selection of the delegates to the National Convention. Both of these matters have been referred to committees to report upon at an adjourned session of the caucus, to be held to-morrow morning; but it is understood that Hon. JAMES S. RUTAN, of Beaver, will be temporary Chairman, and Gen. HOWARD G. REEDER, of Northampton, permanent President. Among those mentioned for the Philadelphia Convention as delegates at large are Hon. MORTON MCMICHAEL, of Philadelphia; LINN BARTHOLEMEW, of Schuylkill; J. H. F. WHITE, of Allegheny, and SAMUEL TODD, of Cumberland.

Midnight.—This evening Beck's Band, of Philadelphia, serenaded Gov. GEARY at the Executive mansion. A large audience assembled in front of the house, and the Governor appearing in response to calls, delivered a stirring address of some length, referring to the rumor which has gone abroad that he contemplated attending the Cincinnati Convention. He said distinctly that he never had any such intention, but that he would this year, as he always had heretofore, support the regular nominees of the Republican Party, both State and National. This declaration was received with great cheers, showing that the audience he addressed has no sympathy with the Cincinnati malcontents. Before the Hartranft caucus adjourned it contained eighty-five delegates, and will thus have absolute control of the Convention. No general ticket for electors and delegates to Philadelphia was made as the matter was postponed until to-morrow morning. The electors at large, however, will be Hon. A. E. BORIE, of Philadelphia, and Hon. G. V. LAWRENCE of Washington. All the delegates to the Philadelphia Convention will be for GRANT and COLFAX. The session of the Convention promises to be harmonious, and the results of its labors in the main satisfactory to the Republicans of the State. E. C.

ITALY.

Mazzini Monument—Vesuvius in a State of Violent Eruption.

ROME, April 9.—A Committee to provide for the erection of a monument to the memory of JOSEPH MAZZINI has been organized, with Gen. GARIBALDI as President. Mount Vesuvius is again in a state of violent eruption. A column of flame shoots several hundred feet above the crater, and stones, ashes and cinders fall in dense showers around the summit. Tourists are hastening to Naples to witness the spectacle.

SPAIN.

Ministerial Changes—Carlist Demonstrations—Bandits Captured.

MADRID, April 9.—Gen. ZABALC has been appointed to succeed Gen. DEL REY, as Minister of War, who has resigned, and today took the oath of office.

Gen. BALDRICH has resigned, but his resignation has not been accepted by the King.

The Captain-General of Catalonia informs the Government by telegraph that bands of armed Carlists have appeared near Barcelona and Gerona. Flying columns have been sent in pursuit of them.

Disorders are also reported in Galicia. An attempt was made to shoot the Governor of Orense. His brother, who was by his side, was wounded, but the Governor escaped unhurt.

The bandits who stopped and pillaged a train on the Madrid and Andalusia Railway week before last, have been captured. The chief of the gang belongs to a distinguished family.

GREAT BRITAIN.

John Bright Replies to a Republican Address—Lord Dufferin.

LONDON, April 9.—JOHN BRIGHT, in reply to an address from some Republicans declaring that he was destined to be the first President of the Republic of Great Britain, writes that he hopes it will be a long time before the English people are called upon to decide between a republic and a monarchy. Their ancestors settled the matter for them—at least for the present; posterity must decide it in the future. Mr. BRIGHT expresses doubt as to whether the Republicans are his real friends.

Lord DUFFERIN, the newly-appointed Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada, will sail for Quebec in June.

The Abdication Story Exploded—Utter Groundlessness of the Story.

LONDON, April 9.—On a telegraphic hint from New-York, inquiry has been made concerning the pretended rumors of Queen VICTORIA'S abdication, and there can be no doubt that the whole story is the purest invention. There is not the slightest foundation for the pretense of such a rumor in anything published or currently reported here.

The Continental correspondents of the London journals find a prolific subject for ridicule, in the stories which the German and French newspapers indulge in, concerning the Queen's visit to Baden Baden, its objects and possible results; but even the wildest of these romancers has not hinted at VICTORIA'S abdication.

O'Connor Pleads Guilty—A New Cable Enterprise.

LONDON, April 9.—O'CONNOR pleads guilty to the charge of assaulting the Queen, but asks for mitigation of punishment on the ground of insanity. Judgment in his case will be rendered on Thursday. A circular is issued inviting subscriptions for 45,000 shares in the Great Western Telegraph Company, which proposes to lay telegraph cables direct from England to New-York and thence to the West Indies. The shares are twenty pounds each. The total capital of the Company is fixed at £1,350,000. The Hoopers will make and lay the cables for £1,330,000.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

No Meeting of the Board of Geneva Arbitrators till June 15.

LONDON, April 9.—A special dispatch to the Manchester *Guardian* says Hon. ROBERT C. SCHENCK, the American Minister to England, while in Paris, from which city he returned yesterday, had an interview with the American Counsel before the Geneva Tribunal of Arbitration, and upon his arrival here called upon Earl GRANVILLE. The result of these interviews, says the dispatch, is, neither counsel nor arbitrators will meet at Geneva, on the 15th inst., the day appointed for the assembling of the Board, but that the English and American agents will meet and exchange counter cases. The dispatch further states that the Board of Arbitration will not again assemble until the 15th of June.

The Granville Note in the Cabinet.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The Cabinet meeting was fully attended today, and had under consideration briefly, the second note of Earl GRANVILLE, which is so long that it has taken two Cabinet meetings to have it fully read. Mr. FISH has not yet prepared an answer, and there will be no haste in the matter. Many of the points suggested by Earl GRANVILLE in this second note do not seem to require any reply, while others should not pass without putting an answer on the record. Even if an answer had been sent it could not have had any influence upon the British Government as to permitting their counter case to go in on the 15th.

Terrible Murder and Robbery in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, April 9.—A special from Westminster, Carroll County, Md., says a terrible murder was committed in that county on Friday last. ABRAHAM LYNN, a married man, aged twenty-seven, was murdered at Stoner's Mill and his body robbed of $800. LYNN was running the mill, and the body was found in the sink of the mill, with the skull frightfully fractured with a crow-bar. A Coroner's jury is now investigating the matter.

ALBANY.

An Active Day in Passing Bills in the Senate.

Passage of the Registry Law—The Act of 1870 Restored—Consolidation of the City and County of New-York—Miscellaneous.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 9, 1872.

The Senate has had a long and monotonous session this morning devoted to the passage of bills, of which no less than eighty-eight had their third reading. The catalogue of these bills contains nearly all there is of interest in the proceedings. They were all passed with the exception of the bill for extending the Harbeck Piers in the East River, which failed in consequence of receiving one less than the Constitutional number of votes necessary to pass it. Mr. BENEDICT made an earnest appeal against the bill, which he considered as threatening serious danger to the harbor. An attempt will be made to reconsider and pass it when the Senate has a large number of members in attendance, there being today a good many absentees.

A GENERAL REGISTRY LAW.

One of the most important laws passed was that establishing a general Registry law for the State. The Cities of New-York and Brooklyn are exempted from the provisions of the bill. As to the former, it wipes out the vicious legislation of last year, by which at the dictation of TWEED, the Registry act passed in 1870 was so emasculated as to leave it practically worthless. This was done, as will be recollected, in violation of the pledge given at the time the famous Tweed Charter of 1870 was passed. The effect of the act passed today will be to revive the Registry law of 1870 for the City of New-York.

THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

Senator BENEDICT'S bill amalgamating the City and County of New-York, for all corporate purposes, passed the Senate this morning.

WAREHOUSE AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

The bill authorizing the construction of a system of warehouses and railways on the piers of New-York was a special order in the Senate this morning, but was overslaughed by the crowd of bills in readiness for third reading. A motion was adopted making it the special order in the next Committee of the Whole.

THE ASSEMBLY.

In the Lower House the session was also devoted entirely to third reading of bills, (of which forty-three were passed,) and to referring bills to the "Grinding Committee."

REORGANIZING THE EMIGRANT COMMISSION.

Among the bills so referred was that of Mr. JUDD to reorganize the Emigrant Commission in New-York. The investigations of the Committee on Commerce and Navigation developed gross mismanagement on the part of this Commission, including an expenditure of some $400,000 of the funds in the hands of the Commission, for which no satisfactory account was given. The object in referring the bill to the Grinding Committee was to avoid delay and insure action upon it before the adjournment of the Legislature. Mr. HUSTED, who lately belonged to the Commission, opposed the reference, and was supported by all the Democratic members present, together with fifteen or twenty Republicans, but the motion was carried in spite of their opposition. The bill names the new Commissioners, who consist of the Presidents of the two leading German and Irish societies, *ex officio*, and the following citizens of New-York: Wisner Townsend, Hugh Gardner, Cyrus Curtis, Willy Wallach, Daniel Wanger, Alexander H. Stewart and Wm. Laimbeer.

APPOINTMENTS FOR THE SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Mr. TWOMBLY introduced a bill this evening, which was read a third time and passed by unanimous consent, providing for the appointment of clerks and officers of the New-York Court of Special Sessions, whose tenure of office is upset by the recent decision of the Court of Appeals. The bill authorizes the Board of Police Justices, or a majority of the members thereof, to appoint the clerk, deputy clerk, stenographer, interpreter, and officers of the Court of Special Sessions, the appointments to be made within ten days after the passage of the act, and the term of office to be the same as that of a Police Justice.

PRIZE PACKAGES.

An act making it a misdemeanor to sell or offer for sale any package of confectionery purporting to contain a prize of money or other valuables, passed by a vote of 78 to 12. The penalty for violation of the law is not less than $10, nor more than $50.

Senator Wood's Case—The Senate Refuses to Expel or Ask Him to Resign—The Liquor Bill—Charities to be Cut Out of the Tax Levy—Broadway Widening.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, April 9.—Senator WOOD'S case was the special order in the Senate this evening, and occupied the whole evening till 11½ o'clock. Mr. ALLEN closed his remarks in justification of the report of the Committee, which were not concluded when the case was last up, and Mr. MURPHY then offered the following substitute:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Senate the conduct of Hon. JAMES WOOD in placing himself under pecuniary obligations to persons likely to have important legislation pending before the body of which he was then a member was improper and censurable.

Resolved, That the acts with which he now stands charged are not offenses against the privileges of this Senate, and that the further consideration of the resolution of expulsion be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. MURPHY took the ground that the Senate had no power to expell a member from his seat for acts done, or alleged, while he was member of a former Senate. Such a proceeding would be without precedent, either in England or this country. He also claimed that the evidence against WOOD failed to convict him of anything that would warrant expulsion, although he had acted unwisely, and deserved censure for his transaction with GOULD.

Mr. BENEDICT took the same ground as to power of the Senate to expel, and also argued that the evidence was entirely insufficient to convict WOOD of anything more than an indiscretion. The whole subject of Senator WOOD'S case had been treated very loosely from the beginning; nothing definite was charged against him. It was not charged that he had received a bribe or that he voted corruptly on any measure. It was only surmise and suspicion, and the evidence failed to substantiate even that. He said he had no doubt he would be censured by a portion of the Press, but he could not do an act that he could conscientiously believe to be wrong, for fear of newspaper denunciation.

Senator LORD, one of the Committee who made this report, said he was sick and unable to attend the work of the investigation, but on reading the report he refused to sign it, and he was glad to find the man who drew it agreed with him, that the evidence did not warrant such a resolution as had been offered by Mr. CHATFIELD before he had even read the evidence.

Mr. PALMER, Mr. D. P. WOOD and Mr. ROBERTSON thought that the substitute of MURPHY was not strong enough, and conveyed the idea that they were willing to vote for expulsion.

A vote was finally taken on the substitute, which was carried by 15 to 12. An amendment offered by Mr. PALMER that Mr. WOOD be requested to resign was lost by 15 to 12. The motion to strike out the last resolution of Mr. MURPHY'S substitute was lost by the same vote. The first resolution having been carried unanimously, an attempt was made to get a direct vote on Mr. CHAS. FIELD'S resolution, but it failed, and the Senate adjourned.

It was understood, however, that those who voted against Mr. MURPHY'S substitute on first vote taken were favorable to expulsion.

In the Assembly the Liquor bill introduced by J. D. BROWN was up in Committee of the Whole and occupied most of the evening session. The bill provides that each city, town and village in the State shall determine for itself, by vote, whether it will issue licenses for the sale of liquor or not. An amendment was proposed to except cities from the operation of the law, and another amendment to except malt liquors, but the bill was progressed without taking a vote on either amendment. In the House a motion was made to order the bill to a third reading and carried by a vote of 42 to 41.

The bill for the extension of the Second-avenue Horse Railroad was ordered to a third reading.

The Assembly Committee on Cities are nearly united in reporting in favor of the New-York City Tax levy, with the omission of all charitable appropriations. This will deprive the dispensaries, the ragged schools, the Catholic reformatories, and similar charitable institutions, of all the aid which they have for years received from the City Treasury.

The Assembly Committee on Ways and Means have already decided to introduce a Charity bill this year, which will deprive a large number of orphan asylums and other charities of aid from the State, deemed essential to their existence.

The Court of Appeals today handed down the decision in the Broadway widening case, affirming the order of the General Term of the Supreme Court of the first Department, which order vacated and set aside the assessment of damages and award of benefits, and also set aside the former order of the Special Term, which confirmed that award and assessment, and appointed new Commissioners. The result of this is that the whole matter is now opened from the report of the first Commissioners, which is now subject to the action of the Court. It is understood that the purport of the opinion it that an order confirming a report of award and assessment is final and conclusive, and rights become vested under it, and that the order is not receivable upon appeal, but that, like all judgments and determinations of a Court, is subject to the equitable jurisdiction of the Court, and may be set aside for frauds, mistakes, &c. The act of the Legislature of 1870 was considered as no more than as affording a new remedy for reaching that end. Your correspondent understands that the practical result of this decision is to sweep away the excessive awards and assessments made by the original Commissioner, and that the Broadway widening proceedings must all be begun *de novo*. S.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Examination of Witnesses Yesterday by the Congressional Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—In the Robeson Investigating Committee DELL NOBBLIT, Jr., a hardware merchant of Philadelphia, testified that none of the CATTELLS had any interest in the business of his firm. Neither had the Secretary of the Navy, at present or in prospective any understanding or interest in the matter of business.

Ex-Senator CATTELL was sworn. He is a commission merchant in Philadelphia. He is not interested with the NOBBLITS. He never bought bricks to send to California, nor for any other purpose for the navy. He had no interest whatever in iron for the torpedo-boats; knew PENNOCK and BOYD; the reputation of the firm and of their iron is very high; knew this by general report; had known JOHN ROACH not over two months; had no interest in JOHN ROACH'S business, directly or indirectly, nor had anybody by the name of CATTELL; never entered into any scheme for building iron ships, and the first he knew of it was in a New-York paper—the *Sun*.

Other witnesses were examined as to the price of iron. The Committee adjourned at 10½ o'clock until to-morrow night.

SALES OF ARMS.

Testimony of Gen. Dent and Others Before the Senate Investigating Committee—Chambrun's Interest in Victor Place.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—The Senate Arms Committee examined D. B. TRIMBLE, of POULTNEY, TRIMBLE & CO. Mr. POULTNEY did not tell him of any agreement with REMINGTON to sell arms obtained from the Navy Department. Mr. POULTNEY had seen A. W. MARKLEY and paid him $10,000, but witness knew nothing of the particulars of the transaction.

Gen. FREDERICK J. DENT testified: That he holds stock in the United States Regulation Arms Company; he did not tell a gentleman in the ante-room of the White House that he wanted to dispose of Remington stock, nor that it was good stock, or that the whole South would be armed with the Remington gun; he does not know anybody in the army or out of it who holds Remington stock; the Regulation Arms Company was organized to manufacture arms to sell to anybody who wished to buy; the Company was organized some time before the commencement of the present National Administration; the President of the Company is JAMES W. INGERSOLL; the witness never realized a cent from his stock; it is worth nothing; he did, however, say to a gentleman that he might have the stock for almost anything.

Capt. CARLISLE P. PATTERSON testified he accompanied Gen. INGALLS to the French Legation; it was purely an accidental thing.

Mr. PECK, recalled and examined by Senator SCHURZ, said a friend had informed him that a Mrs. MASON could control the sale of arms, and therefore he had interviews with her; she is a Washington lady; she simply told witness that she could get arms, but did not state from what source; she promised to get from 100,000 to 150,000 stand of arms, but entirely failed. Witness said some person in the Ordnance Bureau, authorized to receive or reject bids, wrote to Mrs. MASON the letter addressed to his care, stating she could not have the arms; about two months ago witness burnt all his papers, and therefore could not produce the letter.

By Senator STEVENSON—Mrs. MASON thought she had an influence, but was unsuccessful, because the Government would not take the price offered for the arms.

The witness, in course of further examination, said M. BELLONNET, Chargé d'Affaires of France, and the Marquis DE CHAMBRUN raised all this muss to create sympathy for M. PLACE; CHAMBRUN told him he did not believe PLACE was guilty; CHAMBRUN said to him, recently, that if he and witness had met a long time ago in New-York and talked over this matter, this investigation would not have happened; the Marquis said to him, "There is no reason for you being on one side and I on the other; we should be inimical;" to which witness replied that he would be as easy with him as he could, but he must tell the truth under oath; the Marquis, referring to the business in France, said he was very sick of the thing.

Senator AMES having asked what interest CHAMBRUN had in the investigation, the witness replied, "In behalf of VICTOR PLACE whose case has been appealed;" witness stated that he went to the Ordnance Bureau recently and saw Col. BENET and several other officers, to inquire about Mrs. MASON, and learned from Col. BENET that he saw her once, when she inquired if they did not sell arms to ladies as well as gentlemen.

The Committee at 1 o'clock adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock.

Amusements—Notes of the Day.

The fifth subscription performance of the present season of Italian opera will take place at the Academy of Music this evening. "Il Trovatore" is to be sung....Herr JOHANN HEINRICH BONAWITZ will this afternoon give the first of two piano recitals at Steinway Hall. Beethoven, Weber, Handel, Schubert, Mozart and Schumann are represented by the programme.

Jersey City and Hoboken Elections.

The Jersey City and Hoboken charter elections took place yesterday. The day was stormy, and little interest was felt in the election in either city. In Jersey City the vote will not reach 7,000 out of a total vote of over 11,000. CHARLES H. O'NEILL, the present Mayor, was the Democratic candidate, and STEPHEN QUAIF, the candidate of the Republican Party. A Board of Aldermen, composed of twelve members, was elected. Last year the Republicans had three, and the Democrats two members. At 1 o'clock the returns were nearly complete, and sufficient returns had been received from every precinct to make it probable that the newly-elected board will stand, six Democrats and six Republicans, the former having carried the Second and Fifth Election Districts, and the latter the First and Third, each party having elected one member in the Fourth and Sixth Districts. The total vote polled will not reach more than 6,500 or 7,000. Mayor O'NEILL is re-elected. The returns, so far as received, give him 3,176 to 2,419 for QUAIFE. Complete returns will not probably alter the majority, but will not increase it.

In Hoboken Mayor SCHMERSAHL was the candidate of both parties for re-election, and had no opposition. He ran last year on the Republican ticket, but was this year first nominated by the Democrats and afterward by the Republicans, who claim him as their candidate. Probably not more than 1,000 or 1,200 votes were polled in the city. Collector KROLLMAN also ran without opposition. The only contest was between Alderman JAMES GRAYER and JOHN MCCULLOUGH, the present City Clerk, for the City Clerkship. Both men are Democrats, but Mr. MCCULLOUGH received the Republican nomination. The contest was strong, and until last evening was believed to be a very equal one. It was embittered by assertions that the exposure of the late defalcation of F. E. POWALD had been brought about by Mr. GRAYER in order to secure to himself the election. On the eve of the election POWALD asserted that he was able to prove his innocence, and show that he had been persecuted by a political clique. The returns were very meagre, and at 1¼ o'clock no complete returns had been received from any of the Wards. In the First Ward, MCCULLOUGH had a majority after 160 votes had been counted, and in the Second Ward MCCULLOUGH had 126 votes to 20 votes for GRAYER when 146 votes had been counted.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Tribune and the Arms Investigation—Spain Hesitates Over the Houard Case—Where Dana got his Scandalous Inspiration—The Tenth National Bank.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The article in the *Tribune* of this date, pretending to show what has been proven in the arms investigation thus far is what Mr. SCHURZ would call a piece of cumulative, shameless and intrepid lying. One of the most conspicuous instances of falsehood, although there are a dozen others just as bad, is the assertion that the sum of $10,000 was used by Mr. REMINGTON to obtain indorsements of his personal character and business standing from Senator Conkling, Gen. Dyer, Secretary Belknap and Gen. Spinner. PECK, the agent of REMINGTON, who obtained some of these papers, and who got up rebutting evidence from other sources, positively swore that he spent only $200 altogether in getting up papers of this character, and that was for lawyers and notarial fees. CHAMBRUN alone gave a heresay report which he afterward qualified about this $10,000, which PECK had frightened him with. But it is evident that the *Tribune* has either read only CHAMBRUN'S testimony, or that CHAMBRUN wrote the article, for in no other way can such "a piece of cumulative, shameless and intrepid lying" be accounted for.

DANA'S PROMPTERS.

It has been ascertained that CARL SCHURZ was one of the instigators of DANA'S shameful prosecution of Secretary ROBESON. He is known to have been in conference with DANA'S detectives, and on one occasion to have furnished them with suggestions. This business, and political intrigue, are his sole employments now. He is constantly on the search for scandal, and it is amusing to see with what avidity he seizes the remotest suspicion of anything that can throw reproach upon any one connected, even remotely, with the Administration. Nothing would give him greater pleasure than to have *carte blanche* to go into the bank accounts and private household affairs of the members of the Administration. It has become a matter of common notoriety here, now that his abandonment of all public business is complete. He spends very little of his time in his place in the Senate, and apparently only comes there to have his conferences with TIPTON, TRUMBULL, GROSVENOR, ASHLEY and others. He takes no part in the consideration of the business of the Senate, and since December has been heard but once in advocacy of or in opposition to any public measure. He draws his pay regularly and repays his country with political scheming in the interest of its worst enemies. And yet some people try to pass him for a statesman.

POSTAL CARDS.

The House passed today Mr. HILL'S bill, defeated in the last Congress, providing for penny postal cards. Judge BINGHAM was the only member who directly opposed the measure, he arguing that it will greatly decrease the revenue from the postal service. Mr. HILL has reason to believe, however, that the increase in correspondence from this great convenience, will almost, if not quite make up for the decrease in rate

DR. HOUARD'S CASE.

The Spanish Government has given orders that, for the present, Dr. HOUARD be not taken to the penal colony to which he has been sentenced, but that he be detained at Cadiz and considerately treated, pending an inquiry instituted by the Madrid authorities in Cuba as to the facts and circumstances of Dr. HOUARD'S conviction and sentence.

THE RAILROAD FIGHT.

The fight of the railroad rivals, GARRETT and SCOTT, has reached the Senate, and has been substantially a triumph for SCOTT already. Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, has been opposed all along to the granting of any right to the new railroad, the Baltimore and Potomac, which would permit the tracks to be laid through the proposed park to be made out of the unimproved grounds west of the Capitol building. He desires the city should be effected in some other way. He moved to amend the resolution to refer the House bill, which was passed last week, to the Committee on the District of Columbia, so as to send it to his own Committee. This motion was defeated by a vote of 28 to 18. It is supposed that the District Committee will favor the House bill, with some stringent provisions, giving Congress an easier control hereafter than they now have over the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, which they have permitted to run cars almost into the Capitol itself, and cannot now recede from its grants. The speeches made today were of an unusual character and rather amusing. The most curious, perhaps, was that of Mr. HAMILTON, of Maryland, who sits in his seat with a listless and inattentive air when grave national questions are under debate. But today he was all excitement, and warmed to a degree of eloquence in favor of the Baltimore Railroad interest which astonished everybody.

MEXICO.

Matamoras Threatened by the Revolutionists—Communication Cut Off.

MATAMORAS, April 7, via BROWNSVILLE.—The gates of Matamoras are closed and communication with Brownsville by ferry stopped. The National Guard are out and being armed for defense. The evidences are that the revolutionists are actually advancing on this city.

MATAMORAS, April 9.—The revolutionists are supposed to be within forty or fifty miles of this city, having reoccupied Reynosa about 10 o'clock this morning, at which time telegraphic communication with that place ceased.

Albany City Elections.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—The result of the election for Mayor was still in doubt at midnight, for want of returns from the Fourth Ward, which, it is thought, will re-elect THACHER, Democrat. Without those returns, JUDSON is between 200 and 300 ahead. GREEN, Republican, for Recorder, is elected by a small majority. The Republicans elect nine out of the sixteen Aldermen. In the Board of Supervisors, the Republicans will have from two to four majority.

Municipal Elections in New-Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., April 9.—The city and township returns of the elections yesterday are all in. In the city the Democratic city ticket was elected by 300 majority. The wards elect three Republicans and four Democrats to the Council, and two Republicans and five Democrats to the Board of Freeholders. Princeton elects a Democrat and Lawrence a Republican to the Board of Freeholders. The Republicans have a majority of two in the Common Council, and the Democrats a majority of one in the Board of Chosen Freeholders.

Fatal Accident in the Central Park.

At 11 o'clock last night PATRICK KAVANAGH, aged forty, of Ninety-third-street and Fifth-avenue, while intoxicated, fell off one of the bridges in the Central Park to the transverse road beneath and was instantly killed. His body was taken to his late residence. JAMES DONOHUE, who was in his company, was detained as a witness.

TERRIFIC SPRING FRESHETS

Break-Up of the Ice in the Hudson River.

The City of Albany Inundated Yesterday.

Considerable Damage the Immediate Result.

A Railroad Bridge and a Steam-Boat in Collision.

Heavy Rains and Freshets Throughout the Country.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—There is a considerable freshet in the river here, the water extending up to several of the cross streets. The Troy ferry-boat *George Marks*, with about fifty passengers on board, while crossing the river at that city about 9 o'clock last evening, was carried down by an ice gorge, and landed on a dyke near the iron-works. On reaching that point, she anchored from her dock; but when the water continued to rise, the hawser parted, and she then drifted away down. Pieces of ice got between the boat and the paddle-wheels, and locked the engine on its centre, so that she could not move her wheels. The crew and passengers immediately got on the wheel-house, and tried to pry off the engine centre with bars; but, although she had thirty pounds of steam to the square inch on her boilers, and every effort was made to start the engine, she could not be got to the bridge.

In the meantime, the boat, with her living freight, was drifting rapidly down the stream, and, as may be supposed, the greatest consternation prevailed among the passengers. The whistle was kept blowing for a tug or other assistance, but none came; and although the draw of the upper bridge was opened in time for her to pass through, there was no way of steering her, and she struck on the west side of the draw. The joiner-work, smoke-stack, pilot-house, flag-staff, &c., were carried away, the connecting-rod bent, glass smashed, and other damage sustained.

The engineer opened the safety valve and let off the steam, thus preventing an explosion of the steam drum. The greatest excitement prevailed. The passengers were all landed in safety on the draw of the bridge and the boat made fast. One span of the bridge, which is the old Hudson River Railroad bridge, is so badly damaged that it will have to be removed and a new one built. The new bridge is now being used for the passage of trains.

10 P. M.—The freshet in the river continues, but the indications are that it will not materially increase. The ice coming from above passed down stream without obstruction. The span of the bridge beneath which the Troy ferry-boat was fastened gave way today with a crash, carrying the stern of the boat to the bottom of the river.

A portion of the Schuylerville bridge, near Saratoga, N. Y., over the Hudson River, was carried away, Monday night, by the break-up of the ice in the Battenkill and Hudson. The ice was of enormous thickness and weight.

A break, fifty feet long and sixteen feet below the canal level, has occurred on the Delaware and Hudson Canal, two and a half miles above Lock No. 51, on the Neversink. It will take ten days to repair damages.

RONDOUT, N. Y., April 9.—A dense fog prevails on the river here to-night, interrupting navigation and delaying the ferry-boat. The steamer *James N. Baldwin* was detained several hours, and a number of boats are aground on the bar at the mouth of the creek. A severe thunder-storm, accompanied by heavy rain, occurred here to-night. Reports from along the Rondout and Oswego Railroad show that much damage has been done to the track by late rains. The track in some places is covered with mud four inches deep, making a high rate of speed impossible. All trains have been behind time today.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—The reports of damage to railroads last night were not exaggerated. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, Ohio and Mississippi, Indianapolis and Cincinnati, and all roads using their tracks are running trains regularly. The Marietta and Cincinnati, Panhandle, Baltimore and Ohio and Kentucky Roads are unable to run; the Panhandle trains run via the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Road. The Louisville Mail line packets carry passengers on the Short line tickets.

The Ohio River has risen about twenty feet since last evening and is still rising. The rise in the Licking River was unparalleled, and swept away 125 coal-boats, containing over 1,000,000 bushels of coal, which had been placed in the mouth of the Licking for safety; it is not certain how many are lost—steamers have gone in search of them. The wrecks of several sunken and burned steamers at the wharf were washed away. Considerable damage was done at other points by the sudden rise. In the neighborhood of New-Albany, Ind., large quantities of lumber floated off.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 9.—The storm yesterday was unusually severe. Reports from the surrounding country show considerable damage to crops, while railroads have suffered heavily, and all trains are delayed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 9.—The rain-storm last evening was one of the heaviest known in this vicinity for years. All railroads running into Nashville were more or less damaged, portions of them being washed away. They will all be in running order to-morrow, however. No mails have been received here today, except from Louisville. Mails due last night and to-night are coming in together.

WASHINGTON, April 9—7 P. M.—Rain has been reported from Baltimore, Md., Cape May, N. J., Chicago, Ill., Cincinnati, Ohio, Cleveland, Ohio, Escanaba, Mich., Grand Haven, Mich., Milwaukee, Wis., Mobile, Ala., Portland, Me., Burlington, Vt., Duluth, Minn., Montreal, Canada, New-London, Conn., Philadelphia, Penn., Buffalo, N. Y., Oswego, N. Y., and Savannah, Ga. Heavy rain has fallen in this city for the last hour and a half, accompanied by thunder and lightning. The wind is south and blowing twenty-four miles an hour. The river at Cincinnati, Ohio, has risen eighteen feet. At Nashville, Tenn., Pittsburg, Penn., Louisville, Ky., and Vicksburg, Miss., the rivers have risen considerably. The rainfall at Montreal, Canada, was reported this evening at two inches and ten-hundredths.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 10—1 A. M.—The lowest barometer has moved north-eastwardly from Wisconsin over upper Michigan into Canada. Cloudy weather, with rain, continues over the New-England and Middle States. Rising barometer, westerly to northerly winds, and clearing weather have extended eastward to the upper lake region, and over the Ohio Valley and Southern States very generally.

PROBABILITIES.

The pressure will diminish for a time over the New-England States. Clear weather will prevail very generally on Wednesday. Dangerous winds are not anticipated.

Another Severe Snow-Storm on the Pacific Railroad—Detention of Trains.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, April 9.—A severe snow-storm is prevailing on the Union Pacific Railroad, which extends from Percy to Sidney. The trains are delayed, but the snow-trains are effectually and promptly clearing the track. Fifteen inches of snow have fallen on the level at Laramie.

The weather is cold here, and there is every indication of snow or rain soon.

Tornado in Illinois.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 9.—A letter to the *Gazette*, from Newton, Jasper County, Ill., dated April 6, says a terrible tornado visited that vicinity on the 6th inst., unroofing barns, demolishing houses and forests, and destroying life. The house of EZRA MEHANY, eight miles south-west of Newton, was demolished, and Mrs. MEHANY killed. The house of JAMES REED, about a mile from MEHANY'S residence was also demolished, and Mr. POPE, his father-in-law, and Mrs. LYTLE were killed, and several others wounded.

THE LOCK-UP.

Dismissal of the Charges Against the Tenth National Bank.

Mr. Drew's Statement—Important Testimony Before the Commissioner—The Broken Banks.

The "lock-up" was still the object of attention on "the street" yesterday. Affairs were remarkably dull. When the sudden failure of the case in the United States Court against the Tenth National Bank was known, there was much surprise expressed, but it was thought that the investigation at Washington will be more successful in the developments brought out.

The reporter visited Mr. DANIEL DREW, who was mentioned yesterday as being one of the conspirators. He was found in the little back room, in the basement, on Exchange-place, the ante-room being filled with a number of gentlemen who had sent in their cards and were anxiously waiting admittance. Mr. DREW was a little more communicative than on Saturday, when, in answer to a question as to what he knew about the "lock up," he had said, "My son, *I* don't know anything about anything." Yesterday he was quite indignant at the mention of his name as connected in any way with the plot, and immediately dictated the following statement:

To the Public:

The persistent attempts of designing parties to connect my name with the recent disturbances in the money market, and with the withdrawal of money from the legitimate channels of trade, as well as to connect it with the exorbitant rates charged for money, induces me to deviate from an established rule of my business life, and to answer over my own signature charges which otherwise I should pass in silence.

In justice, therefore, to myself and the business public, I state that I have not, directly or indirectly, drawn a dollar from circulation during the present year, and that never in my life have I charged or received more than seven per cent. per annum for the use of money. Upon the contrary, I am myself largely interested in stocks and bonds which I hold for investment, and very often am compelled to pay usury, though I never received it.

DANIEL DREW.

The Tenth National Bank Investigation before Commissioner Davenport.

The criminal proceedings instituted against the Tenth National Bank for "locking up" $5,000,000, were resumed yesterday, before United States Commissioner DAVENPORT. Mr. PALMER, JAY GOULD, HENRY N. SMITH and the other directors of the bank, accompanied by their lawyers, DAVID DUDLEY FIELD and Judge EDMONDS, were early in attendance. Mr. A. H. PURDY, Assistant District-Attorney, represented the prosecution. Mr. FIELD moved to have Mr. PURDY, in whose complaint the prosecution was based, examined as the first witness. Mr. PURDY opposed the motion as presuming to dictate the course of action to be pursued by the Government, and the Commissioner sustained the objection.

WALTER B. PALMER, President of the Tenth National Bank, testified: I was President of the Tenth National Bank on the third and fourth days of April last; I am acquainted with the operation of the bank since Jan. 10; I recollect a deposit of some $400,000 in checks being deposited by Mr. H. A. SMITH on last Thursday; the deposit was made in the neighborhood of four o'clock in the afternoon, after bank hours; the money was deposited by Mr. SMITH, who is a director of the bank, in person; I don't know who those checks were drawn by; the receiving-teller is Mr. WOOD; he did not receive the checks; I did; I then placed them in the safe; they were removed from there the next morning about 9½ A. M.; they were then added to the exchange of the Clearing-house on Friday.

Q.—Have you any data in the bank to show where these checks came from? A.—It can be shown by the books, but the names of the parties will not appear there.

Q.—On Friday did Mr. SMITH draw out large sums of money? A.—Yes, Sir; at two o'clock he drew out $1,000,000; about twelve o'clock the check was presented, but we were not then able to pay it; the check was drawn to the order of OSBORNE & CHAPIN, and when our balance was cleared that day at the Clearing-house, the payment was made there; the money was paid in envelopes presumed to contain legal tenders; there was an additional draft for $3,100,000 drawn by Mr. SMITH about three o'clock that day; the actual payments did not take place until half-past three, as it took some time to count the money; the money was paid in legal tenders received from the Clearing-house; it is the rule of the Clearing-house to make its payments by legal tenders.

Q.—Did Mr. SMITH state any preference for any particular kind of money? A.—Not particularly; the previous day I had called a loan for the bank for about $600,000; I called $200,000 from G. B. GRINNELL & CO., $100,000 from OSBORNE & CO., $150,000 from JOCELYN, BACH & CO., and $100,000 from WILLARD, MARTIN & CO.; I don't recollect how long these loans were standing; these loans were pledged chiefly on railroad stock and bonds.

Q.—Had you any conversation with Mr. SMITH in relation to his drawing these large sums? A.—There was no connection whatever between the loans of the bank and Mr. SMITH's transactions on deposits; my deposits fell on Monday from $19,000 to in the neighborhood of $15,000, and my presumption was, as President of the bank, that my deposit would still further fall, because I anticipated very heavy drafts; I called loans on Tuesday and Wednesday, and had not realized the total amount of my calls, but was obliged to indulge various parties in the payments of bonds and renewing them in the afternoon, &c; on this Thursday, in the morning, I made up my mind it would be necessary to call this large amount, without any knowledge that Mr. SMITH made these transactions; I received the information that he wanted to draw the money for the first time about 2 o'clock, or in the neighborhood of that time.

Q.—Did you have any conversation with Mr. SMITH prior to the deposit in relation to the draft? A.—No, Sir; Mr. SMITH has made deposits in the bank for safe keeping at various times; I don't know whether he has deposited for safe keeping legal tenders; I have no recollection of his stating to me the contents of any package he left there; the only time I ever lent Mr. SMITH any money was $200,000 on railroad stocks, in the Summer of 1871; there was no greater portion of this money withheld than was absolutely necessary for the business of the bank; I paid it over to Mr. SMITH as soon as I could count it; I keep a book that shows the loans made and the securities on which they are made; I received no knowledge from any other person in regard to this draft or to a large credit to be made at the Clearing-house on Friday morning; it is impossible I could have said so to any person; if I made any such statement, it had reference to the fact of my calling in my loans, which I was doing during that week.

Q.—Is Mr. JAY GOULD a director in the bank? A.—Yes, Sir; I know who the largest stockholder in the bank is, but it is not Mr. SMITH; he has no office but that of director.

Cross-examined by Mr. FIELD—I am aware that the charge against the bank is that it withheld for a consideration a certain number of bank notes and United States bonds, but that is altogether untrue; I never withheld any notes, and do not know that they were withheld.

Q.—Had Mr. GOULD anything whatever to do with these deposits, and the money drawn out? A.—Nothing whatever.

JAY GOULD examined by Mr. PURDY, testified: I am one of the directors of this bank, and am acquainted with Mr. HENRY N. SMITH.

Q.—Had you any knowledge, from Mr. SMITH or otherwise, of his being about to deposit and draw out this money? A.—No knowledge whatever.

Q.—No connection with the transaction? A.—Not the slightest.

Mr. FIELD—That is all.

This concluded the case for the prosecution, and Assistant District-Attorney PURDY was examined by the defense.

A. H. PURDY, Assistant District-Attorney, examined by Mr. FIELD, testified: I made the affidavit on which this prosecution was instituted; the main sources of my information were statements made to me by parties and what I had read in the newspapers; I had seen it charged that the Tenth National Bank had for a long time been engaged in locking up money, but more especially that on a certain day, the 3d of April, Mr. SMITH had deposited in the bank these checks for an unusual amount, and, as I understand it, the money had been received from the Clearing-house during the day, although these checks had been presented for the payment of them to Mr. SMITH; I was under the belief—the evidence of Mr. PALMER has satisfied me it was not so—that at the time this first draft at 12 o'clock was presented, the money was there, but by a previous arrangement it was determined it should not be paid out then, and on that theory I based the charge.

Q.—Was this information from the newspapers alone? A.—It was stated to me by parties whose names I do not now recollect; but I think Mr. A. J. BOUVERS stated facts of that kind; that was before this specific transaction.

Q.—Was it not entirely from the newspapers you got this information? A.—I think I may say it was; the prosecution was instituted for this reason; charges had been made and reiterated several times; it appeared in the papers of that day that the bank was being used for locking up money, and as this was an offense against the United States I felt some investigation was proper under the circumstances, especially as I understood from the papers that the Clearing-house Committee had determined to investigate the matter, so I thought there must be something wrong in it.

Q.—Having stated you derived your information in respect to these transactions from the newspapers, did you not think it your duty to make some inquiry as to the correctness of the newspaper statements before proceeding criminally? A.—I saw in the newspapers that Mr. PALMER had made there statements about the transactions; I had a conversation with L. C. MOORE on the subject; I received information that Mr. PALMER had stated to Mr. MOORE, director of the Broadway Bank, prior to this transaction, that he (Mr. PALMER) expected that on Friday the bank would be largely credited to the Clearing-house; I asked him if that was so, and he said he made no such statement to him; I talked with several gentlemen on the matter, and they informed me the bank was "locking up" and withholding money. I was officially complained of in this case; parties came and insisted it was the duty of the Government to investigate this affair, and they communicated with Secretary BOUTWELL on the subject; a special committee waited upon Mr. BOUTWELL, who stated that the matter was in the hands of the District-Attorney, so that, if it was not investigated, it would reflect discredit on the District-Attorney's office; I don't think it would be proper for me to mention the names of my informants, though personally I have no objection to do so.

Q.—You now know that the prosecution has no foundation? A.—After the explanation of Mr. PALMER I am free to say that I think there is no foundation for it.

Q.—At whose instance was this prosecution instituted? A.—I received information from many sources, but in this particular transaction the facts in the case, the amount of money deposited, and by whom it was drawn were gathered entirely from the newspapers.

Q.—Have you not been urged to this prosecution by any individuals? A.—I think I should have begun it myself voluntarily.

Q.—Have you not been induced to do so by the complaints to which you have referred? A.—I might be influenced by the complaints of parties.

Q.—Who were these parties? A.—I don't think I would be justified in mentioning their names.

Mr. FIELD—I will not press you further on the subject. I presume, Mr. Commissioner, there is no charge against the bank?

Commissioner DAVENPORT said there was not, and the case was dismissed.

BROKEN BANKS.

Special Meeting of the Creditors of the Stuyvesant Bank.

At a special meeting of the creditors of the Stuyvesant Bank, on Monday evening, Mr. ALTON presiding, Mr. LUDDEN, one of the Committee of Seven appointed at the last meeting, being called on to make a statement regarding the affairs of the bank, and why Judge BLATCHFORD had refused to approve the selection of Mr. ARCHER as assignee, said it was claimed that Mr. ARCHER was himself indebted to the bank in the sum of $100,000; that he had settled large claims in favor of the bank which were perfectly good, receiving in payment for them certificates of deposit issued by the cashier of the bank, which, it is claimed, were irregular and invalid. Notably the case of Mr. THURSTON, who owed the bank $32,000, which became matured on the 11th of January, and yet early in December Mr. ARCHER settled this claim, and surrendered the note to Mr. THURSTON and received in payment of it those bogus certificates which Mr. THURSTON had purchased after the bank failed.

Mr. ARCHER expressed his willingness to surrender the assets to Mr. PLATT and resign his position as assignee, if the creditors of the bank would ratify all his proceedings up to date, and exonerate him from all legal liability therefor. But to this they could not consent.

After considerable discussion, a resolution was adopted that the interests of the creditors would be promoted by the appointment of Mr. PLATT as assignee, and a committee was appointed to co-operate with the assignee in bankruptcy in the settlement of the affairs of the bank.

The Market Savings Bank—Proving Claims and Choosing an Assignee.

The rooms of Mr. DWIGHT, Register in Bankruptcy, were crowded yesterday by the depositors of the late Market Savings Bank, called together by the announcement that they were to prove their claims and vote for an assignee in bankruptcy, in compliance with the order of the United States Court, in place of the receiver appointed by the State Court. The rooms, at No. 7 Beekman-street, were well filled all day, and while in one apartment a sort of indignation meeting of the depositors was being held, in the other the clerks were busy filing the claims of those who had money in the bank, each depositor, as he was sworn, recording his choice for assignee. All seemed to be voting for Mr. WORTH, the present receiver, and he will probably be chosen. No conclusion was reached yesterday, there being many more claims to be proved, and the offices of Mr. DWIGHT will remain open today for that purpose. Between 200 and 300 were presented yesterday.

The Guardian Bank.

Mr. CONKLIN, receiver of the Guardian Savings Bank, is still paying the second dividend of twenty-five per cent. on all deposits, but the depositors come forward very slowly, and only seven presented themselves yesterday. Some of the poorer people who had saved small sums "for a rainy day" and put them in the Guardian Bank, express a desire to let their money remain in the receiver's hands. One old Irishwoman came to Mr. CONKLIN's office and asked for $5 out of her little deposit. When asked to take it all, being told that the receiver could not give her such a small portion of it, she refused and went away, and has not since presented herself.

THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

Report of the Subcommittee of Fifty—Important Facts and Figures—The New-York and Brooklyn Bridge.

The Subcommittee of the Brooklyn Committee of Fifty have made a report respecting the New-York Bridge Company. This Company was incorporated April 16, 1867, and consisted of thirty-eight incorporators. The capital stock is $5,000,000, shares $100 each. The directors are required to reduce the rates of toll from time to time so that the net profits shall not exceed fifteen per cent. per annum. The two cities, or either, can buy out the Company at any time by paying 33⅓ per cent. in addition to the cost, provided the bridge be made free. In February, 1869, the act was amended by allowing New-York and Brooklyn to be represented in the Board of Directors, provided the Cities held stock. The Mayor, Controller and President of the Board of Aldermen were to be *ex officio* members from New-York, and the three Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to represent Brooklyn as *ex officio* members of the Board.

Authority is given the Company to run a passenger railway over the bridge, but no further; provided, however, the fare does not exceed that charged by City railroads. And by an amendment in 1870 authority is given to raise by the general City tax sufficient funds to pay the interest on the bonds issued by Brooklyn.

By a resolution of the Common Council of Brooklyn, this City was authorized to take $3,000,000 of the stock, provided the remaining $2,000,000 should be subscribed for and ten per cent. thereof paid in cash; and, provided the charter be so amended "that the interest of the city be represented in the Board of Directors by three Commissioners of the Sinking Fund." But the city could not be fully "represented" unless its officials composed three-fifths of the entire Board. The report continues as follows:

Brooklyn has no controlling voice in the management of the Company, though owning six-tenths of the stock, while private parties, owning but one-tenth of the stock, send fifteen members to the Board, which can never contain more than twenty-one members. This is a gross outrage perpetrated upon this city, as well as upon New-York, by the Tweeds, Sweenys and Connollys on both sides of the river, and immediate legislation is needed to give the stockholders a voice in the management of the Company in proportion to the stock held by each, and especially is this due to Brooklyn, as she will have to carry on the work after the $5,000,000 are spent, if anything is to be done thereafter.

Placing the cost of the bridge at $15,000,000, which is a moderate estimate, over 40,000 persons will have to cross and recross daily, paying five cents each way, to warrant a dividend of ten per cent., leaving it to other patronage to meet the expenses of the bridge, stationary engines, wear and tear of cars, machinery, &c., &c. Not quite 50,000 people cross and recross daily the five ferries belonging to the Union Ferry Company, some paying one cent and some paying two cents, according to the hour of crossing. A very small proportion of this 50,000 will find it convenient to cross the bridge, unless the law is changed so as to allow the Brooklyn cars to pass over to the New-York side, and then it would become a very serious question whether any considerable number would cross in this way if the through fare was ten cents. Yet the bridge would be a great benefit to Brooklyn, and if Brooklyn must build it let it be so understood, and let the law be amended, at least in the particular above referred to.

The officers of the Company, on the 1st of December, were as follows: Hon. Henry C. Murphy, President; John H. Prentice, Treasurer; O. P. Quintard, Secretary. The directors were: Henry C. Murphy, Isaac Van Anden, Henry W. Slocum, Wm. M. Tweed, John H. Prentice, Demas Barnes, Hugh Smith, Seymour L. Husted, Alexander McCue, James S. T. Stranahan, John W. Lewis, Peter B. Sweeny, Wm. Hunter, Jr., Arthur W. Benson, the Mayor, Controller, and President of the Board of Aldermen of the City of New-York, and the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City of Brooklyn.

CAPITAL STOCK.

Brooklyn holds $3,000,000, and the City of New-York $1,500,000. The remaining $500,000 seems to have been apportioned according to some rule of favor between citizens of New-York and Brooklyn in the proportion of two-thirds to Brooklyn and one-third to New-York, (the same relative proportions held by the two cities,) as follows: WM. M. TWEED, PETER B. SWEENY, HUGH SMITH and RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, all of New-York, took 420 shares apiece. Were these the only friends Brooklyn had in New-York? The remaining two-thirds is held by citizens of Brooklyn, as follows: Kingsley & Keeney, 930 shares; James S. T. Stranahan, Seymour L. Husted, 500 shares each; Henry C. Murphy, Isaac Van Anden, Alexander McCue, Henry W. Slocum, 250 shares each; Demas Barnes, 100 shares; William Marshall, Samuel McLean, John H. Prentice, William Hunter, Jr., and John W. Lewis, 50 shares each; Charles C. Martin and Arthur W. Benson, 20 shares each.

On the subscriptions for the capital stock payment has been demanded on six installments of ten per cent. each.

Of this amount there has been received as follows:

From City of Brooklyn	$1,800,000
From City of New-York	450,000
From private stockholders	264,400
Total received on capital stock	$2,514,400

Brooklyn has responded in full, while there remains due on these calls from the City of New-York $450,000, though that City claims a set-off, as your Subcommittee are informed, arising out of a sale of land, amounting to some $300,000; and from WILLIAM M. TWEED, PETER B. SWEENY, RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, HUGH SMITH, and other private stockholders, $35,600. (Dec. 1, 1871.)

Payment of this amount due from New-York has been delayed by an injunction. Of the amount unpaid on private subscriptions $2,000 is due from subscribers residing in Brooklyn, Messrs. HUNTER & MCLEAN, and $33,600 from the New-York subscribers.

According to the books of the Company, its total receipts down to Dec. 1, 1871, from all sources were $2,549,912 14.

The expenditures to Dec. 1, 1871, were as follows:

For engineering	$112,352 66
Rent of offices and stone-yard	17,983 33
Office expences	18,205 29
Timber and lumber	313,945 97
Construction	924,696 54
Contingent expenses:	
Labor	262,816 57
Machinery	104,772 39
Limestone	133,200 28
Granite	303,041 98
Land and buildings	317,673 65
Sundries, scows, tools, &c.	59,592 10
Total	$2,268,280 76

Considerable material remains unused but paid for. In addition to which the Company still have machinery and tools on hand which cost about $100,000.

Your Subcommittee have seen no reason to conclude that the accounts of this Company are not properly kept; and the prices for materials seem to be reasonable and the purchases made with good judgment; and the prices paid to mechanics and common laborers seem also to be reasonable; but whether the material has all been delivered and labor performed that has been paid for, your Subcommittee has no means of determining. They do not find that any of the stockholders or managers have furnished materials or have been interested in any contracts except in one instance—The New-York and Brooklyn Saw-mill and Lumber Company—or AMMERMANN & Co., (in which Mr. KINGSLEY is largely interested,) has furnished much of the lumber and timber for the caissons.

The Committee further report that the Superintendent, Mr. WM. C. KINGSLEY, was to receive for his services five per cent. on all purchases before the completion of the New-York caisson to high-water mark. This commission would at least amount to $200,000, which the Committee considered excessive. At a subsequent interview with the Company, the Committee were informed that the Company had compromised with Mr. KINGSLEY for $125,000; Mr. KINGSLEY had been paid $175,000 on account, and he returned on the 29th of November, 1871, $50,000, after the Committee had made the examination of the accounts. The report concludes as follows:

Contrary to the practice adopted by your various subcommittees, in making their reports, we cannot refrain from adding our opinion that the reliance of the originators of the Bridge Company was placed on the politicians of New-York and Brooklyn, composing what are called the "Rings" of these cities, many of such politicians being heavy stockholders, and are also in the Board of Direction. That the reason the compensation of the Superintendent, Mr. KINGSLEY, was so extravagant we think it fair to presume, and, in fact, it has been intimated, was on account of his supposed influence with such politicians and Rings, and it is also fair to presume that his influence was to be relied on to obtain further subscriptions from these cities to the stock of the Company.

Your subcommittee recommend:

First—That the law be changed, reducing the number of directors to ten, six of whom shall represent Brooklyn in the Board of Directors.

Second—That the third section of the original act be amended in such manner that the City of Brooklyn shall never be permitted to subscribe for any more of the capital stock of the Company, should the same be increased, unless so authorized by a vote of the people of Brooklyn at a general election, or by a three-fourths vote of the Common Council.

ERIE MATTERS.

An Important Meeting of the Board—Proposed Alteration of the By-Laws.

Yesterday there was a full meeting of the Board of Directors, at which both Gen. DIVEN, the new Vice-President, and Dr. ELDRIDGE, of Elmira, were present. The session was a private one, and no direct information was furnished. Enough leaked out, however, to show that the meeting was of unusual importance, and that the subjects chiefly under consideration were the laying of a third rail so as to have direct communication with narrow gauge lines, and the alteration of the by-laws. Gen. DIX, the President, stated that it was to improve the working of the Company generally. This may mean simply a change in the expensive and cumbrous official machinery. There is no doubt that a few weeks will witness a great change, and that a great number of useless servants will be dismissed. The offices will probably remain where they are, for the Company leased them in 1871 from the then proprietors, FISK & GOULD, for a term of fifteen years. Last week Mr. GOULD sold his half-share of the property to Mrs. FISK for $800,000, and not $1,800,000, as has been reported, so that Mrs. FISK is now the sole owner. This lease is one of those being examined by the Committee on Contracts and Leases, but although many of the present Board object strongly to such costly quarters, it probably cannot be broken, so that no change will be made. Gen. DIVEN, as the Chairman of this Committee, reported progress to the Board yesterday in a manner that was considered highly satisfactory.

No official announcement of the surrender of HEATH & RAPHAEL to BISCHOFFSHEIM was made, because that must be done by letter from the new agents of the stock in London. But it is just possible that the change in the by-laws may have reference to the proposed business consolidation with the Atlantic and Great Western. Dr. ELDRIDGE, of Elmira, who has been connected with the line ever since its inception, and who is considered all through the southern tier of counties as the Erie champion, is of opinion that an union of business interests will not be disadvantageous to the line, though he is not prepared to say what would be the effect of consolidating the securities. This gentleman, who was formerly a partner of Gen. DIVEN, the new Vice-Chairman, is frequently mistaken for the JOHN S. ELDRIDGE who was connected with the Erie Ring, and was accused last week of being hand and glove with FISK and GOULD in all their rascally over-issues of stock and general swindles. He is not the man. It was arranged yesterday that the Standing Committees should report on Wednesdays and Fridays.

CARL SCHURZ.

What the German and French Papers Think of Him.

It must be highly gratifying for Senator SCHURZ to learn that, while the liberal press throughout Germany deprecates his recent course as calculated to embitter the relations between the United States and the German Empire, the organs of the reactionists and Ultramontanes lavish praise on him on account of his conduct in the French arms sales affair, and the French journals applaud him because they think and hope that he will succeed in creating serious difficulties between his native and his adopted country.

The *Oder-Zeitung* thinks that "CARL SCHURZ is an overrated, selfish and ambitious man, who, as the present affair (the French arms sales debate) shows, cares very little for his fatherland. If he feels so shocked at what the War Department in Washington has done for France during the war—more shocked, indeed, than the Chancellor of the German Empire—why did he not raise his voice against the sales of these American arms in the Senate of the United States when it was time to stop them? It seems that his indignation dates only from the moment when he fell out with President GRANT, whose election he now wants to prevent."

The *Rhenish Courier* say: "We are glad that the *Provincial Correspondenz* (BISMARCK's organ) has so promptly disavowed the report that it would demand explanations from the Government of the United States for the sales of arms and ammunition to French agents during the war, and that it says that that Government has not violated the rules of neutrality, either directly or indirectly. To be sure, the *Germania*, (the Ultramontane organ of Berlin,) which, during the war secretly prayed against the success of our arms, now hopes to make a point against Prince BISMARCK, by demanding that he shall call the Cabinet of Washington to account, and refers to Mr. CARL SCHURZ, who figures prominently in the American Senate debate on the arms sales to France, in order to prove that the United States violated the neutrality laws by permitting these sales. We never heard that Mr. SCHURZ, who won his present position by his remarkable fluency as a speaker in English—a faculty rarely acquired by Germans in the United States—was an authority on international law. We prefer VATTEL and HUGO GROTIUS on that subject, and think the honor of Germany is safe in the hands of Prince BISMARCK."

The Breslau *Gazette* says: "The New-York correspondent of the *National Gazette* (Berlin) overflows with admiration of Senator CARL SCHURZ, and pretends to believe that by attacking the President of the United States in regard to this complicated business, (the French arms sales,) he has rendered signal service to his fatherland. We think otherwise. Practically, those sales, even if they have taken place in the manner charged by Senator SCHURZ, were of little consequence to this country; but, what is of very great consequence to us is that we should remain on the friendliest possible terms with the United States. Senator SCHURZ is working hard to prevent this, and for that he should not be thanked and glorified by any liberal-minded German. If anything were needed to show it, one has only to read the Berlin *Germania*, which has conceived a very sudden, but by no means inexplicable admiration for Senator CARL SCHURZ."

The Paris *Patrie* says:

"The continuation of the Place affair is taking place in the American Senate at Washington. Senators, such as CHARLES SUMNER, the renowned friend of liberty, and SCHURZ, the German-American, who has suffered so much at the hands of the Prussian Government in years gone by, and who now holds the proudest position in the American Senate, are exposing the iniquities of the unprincipled Americans who defrauded us in the sales of rifles and cartridges. There is some comfort for us in the fact that these revelations must be an exceedingly bitter pill to the Prussians. It is quite likely that they will, with their usual arrogance, demand satisfaction from the Washington Government, which they believed during the war to be so exceedingly friendly to them, and so the Place-Remington affair may assume the importance of a first-class international question. If it does, we shall not be the losers."

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 9.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS, 10½ A. M.

$2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new......s3.111⅛	$4,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '68.113⅛

SALES FROM 10 TO 10½ A. M.

200 Western Union... 74	200 Quicksilver......b2. 39
600 do.......b3. 74	300 Union Pacific...... 38
500 Pacific Mail....c. 64	300 do...... 38¼
300 do...... 64¼	500 do...... 38¼
200 Lake Shore...... 96¾	200 do.......c. 38¼
300 do...... 96¾	500 do...... 38
1000 do...... 96¾	800 do.......c. 38¼
200 N. Y. & Hud.....c. 98¾	1700 do.......c. 38¼
800 do.......c. 98¾	200 do.......c. 38¼
500 do...... 98¾	200 do...... 38¼
400 do...... 98¾	1100 North-western...... 83
400 do.......c. 98¾	800 do...... 82¾
200 do...... 98¾	300 do...... 82¾
200 Rock Island...ex.d.112¾	800 do...... 82¾
300 do......112	800 do...... 82¾
500 do......111¾	300 do...... 82¾
500 Erie...... 63¾	300 C., C. & I. C......b3. 33¾
1300 do...... 63¾	900 do...... 33¾
200 do...... 63¾	1500 do...... 33¾
900 do.......c. 63¾	200 do...... 33
200 do...... 63¾	600 Ohio & Miss...... 48¾
200 do.......c. 63¾	200 do.......c. 48¾
800 do...... 63¾	200 do...... 48¾
500 do...... 64	500 do...... 48¾
500 do.......s3. 64¼	200 do...... 48¾
400 do...... 64¼	1300 do...... 48¾
900 Bos., H. & Erie... 10	200 do.......b2. 48¾
300 do...... 9⅞	400 do...... 48¾

FIRST BOARD.

$75,000 Tenn. 6s, old.. 67	200 N. Y. C. & H. R. bet. call......b10 99
2,000 Tenn. 6s, new... 67	300 do...... 98⅞
1,000 Mo. 6s...... 95¼	400 do...... 98⅞
3,000 Mo. 6s, H. & St. J. Iss...... 93	200 do...... 98⅞
1,000 N. Car. 6s, old B. 36¾	300 do.......c. 98⅞
13,000 C., B. & Q. 8s...113¾	1400 do...... 99
2,000 Cen. Pac. G. Bds.101¼	200 do.......b5. 99⅛
2,000 do...... 101	400 do...... 99⅛
19,000 Un. Pac. 1st M.. 91	100 do...... 99⅛
1,000 do...... 91¼	700 do...... 99⅛
2,000 do...... 91¼	40000 N. Y. C. & H. Ctfs....bet. call. 92¾
15,000 Un. P. 7s, L. G. B.. 81	20000 do.......c. 92¾
2,000 Un. Pac. Inc...... 85¼	500 Erie......bet. call. 64¾
2,000 do...... 84¾	300 do...... 64¾
1,000 Ill. Cen. Bds......103	200 do.......s30. 63¾
1,000 Alt. & T. H. 2d M. Pref...... 88¾	900 do...... 64¾
500 Alt. & T. H. Inc. 81¾	1000 do...... 64¾
2,000 Tol. & Wab. 1st.. 97¾	300 do...... 64¾
3,000 C. & R. I. & Pac. 7s......101¾	800 do.......c. 64¾
2,000 Chic. & Alt. 1st.105	100 Erie Pref...... 81
30,000 Col., Chic. & Ind. Cen. 1st M...... 90	12 do...... 80
13,000 Tol., Peo. & W. 2d. 84	200 Harlem......112
10,000 B., H. & E. 1st.. 45¾	500 L. Sh. & Mich. So. bet. call...... 96¾
10,000 do...... 45¾	1600 do...... 96¾
1,000 C., Pains. & Ash., new...... 94	200 do.......c. 96¾
4,000 L. Sh. Con. Cou..100	3000 do...... 96¾
1,000 LaC. & Mil. 8s, 1st M......100	200 do.......c. 96¾
500 L. Sh. Div. Bds. 95	200 Cl. & Pitts Guar...c. 92
3,000 S. S. L. I. S. Fd. 92	200 Chic. & N. W...b.c. 82¾
12 Mer. Bank......121	100 Chic. & N. W. Pref. 94¾
10 Am. Ex. Bank......116	12 C. C., Cin. & Ind...... 90
6 Market Bank......125	100 do...... 89¾
6 Continental Bank. 95	300 N. J. Cen......110
50 Cen. Na. Bank...102	200 Chic. & R. I. bet. c.112
5 Del. & Hud. Can...119¾	300 do...ex. div.112¾
300 Cons. Coal of Md... 44¾	500 do......112¾
600 do. bet. call. c. 44	100 Mil. & St. Paul..... 61¾
200 do...... 44	100 Mil. & St. P. Pref. c. 80¾
100 Quick. Min. Co...... 38¾	100 Un. P...bet. call. s3. 38
1000 do...bet. call. 39	600 do...... 38¾
100 do...... 39¾	200 do...... 38¾
200 do...... 40	1000 do.......c. 38¾
200 do...... 40¼	500 do.......b3. 38¾
100 Quick. Pref......c. 52¾	300 do...... 38¾
100 do...... 52¾	1000 do...... 38¾
100 Mariposa Pref...... 2¾	200 do...... 38¾
100 do...bet. call. 3	200 do...... 38¾
200 P. M. S. Co...b.c.c. 63¾	500 do...... 38¾
200 do...... 64¼	200 C., C. & I. C......b.c. 33¾
1800 do...... 64¼	500 do.......b10. 33¾
600 do...... 64¼	600 do...... 33¾
200 do...... 64¼	300 do.......c. 33¾
200 W. Un. Tel...bet.c. 73¾	700 Ohio & Miss...b.c. 48¾
200 do.......c. 73¾	200 do...... 48¾
1100 do...... 73¾	300 do...... 48¾
300 do...... 73¾	1500 do...... 48¾
700 do...... 73¾	900 do...... 48¾
1800 do...... 74	1500 B., H. & E......b.c. 10
100 Bruns. City Land.. 9	300 do...... 10¼
300 At. M. S. S...bet.c.s3. 32	200 do...... 10¼
100 Am. M. Un. Ex...... 73	2400 do...... 10¼
100 U. S. Ex......b3. 72	300 Tol., Wab. & W...b.c. 79¾
200 Del., Lack. & W...108¾	400 do...... 79¾
	500 do.......c. 79¾
	400 H. & St. Jos...b.c. 41
	200 do.......c. 41

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12¼ AND 2¼ P. M.

$10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '62.112¾	5,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.s3.112¾
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new......c.111¾	10,000 do...... 112¾
	10,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.112¾
50,000 do......111¾	10,000 do......113

SALES FROM 12¼ TO 1 P. M.

200 Western Union... 74	400 Erie Railway...b3. 64¾
300 N. Y. C. & Hud..... 99¼	400 Lake Shore......c. 96¾
200 do...... 99¼	500 Rock Island...... 112¾
40000 N. Y. C. & H. Scrip 92¾	700 Union Pacific...... 38¾
700 North-western.... 82¾	200 do...... 38¾
500 do......b3. 83	300 Ohio & Miss...... 48¾
1000 do......b3. 82¾	700 do...... 48¾
200 do...... 82¾	500 Bos., H. & Erie.... 10¼

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$2,000 N. Car. old bds. 36	800 N. Y. C. & H. b. c.. 99¼
2,000 Brook. 6s, W. L. 96¾	300 do.......c. 99¼
2,000 Erie 4th M...... 92	700 do...... 99
3,000 Alt. & T. H. 2d Pf. 88¾	30000 N. Y. C. & H. Ct. b. c 92¾
1,000 Un. Pac. 1st M. 91	20000 do...... 92¾
3,000 Un. Pac. 10s, Inc. 85	300 Erie Railway...... 64¾
2,000 Un. Pac. L. G. b. c. 81¾	500 do...... 64¾
14,000 C. Pac. G. bds. b. c. 101	200 do...bet. call. 64¾
40 Ninth Nat. Bk....109	200 do......b30. 65¼
200 Con. Coal of Md. c. 44¾	1100 do...... 65
100 Md. Coal Co...... 22¾	400 do...... 64¾
25 Del. & Hud. Canal.119¾	200 Erie Pref...... 81
800 West. Un. Tel. b. c. 73¾	400 Harlem......112
200 do.......c. 73¾	500 L. S. & M. So. b. c. 96¾
300 do...... 73¾	300 Chi. & N. W...b. c. 82¾
200 Pac. M. S. S. Co. b. c. 61¾	700 do...... 82¾
300 do.......c. 64	100 Panama...... 90¾
300 do...... 64¼	120 C., C., Cin. & Ind. 90
100 Quick. Min. Co.... 40¾	67 do...... 89¾
500 Quicksilver Pref... 54¾	100 N. J. Central......109¾
300 do......b3. 54¾	200 H. & St. Joseph... 41
300 Atlantic M. S. S. Co. 32	200 do...bet. call. 41
100 U. S. Express..... 72	1100 Un. Pacific...b. c. 38¾
50 do...... 72¼	200 do......b2. 38¾
300 do...... 72¼	300 do...... 38¾
400 do...bet. call. 72¼	1400 do...... 38¾
200 do...... 72¼	200 do...... 38¾
100 Wells-Fargo Ex. b3. 80	500 Ohio & Miss...b. c. 48¾
100 do...... 80	300 do...... 48¾
100 Mariposa Pref.... 2¾	300 C. C. & Ind. C. b. c. 33¾
30 Am. M. Un. Ex.... 72¼	

TUESDAY, April 9—P. M.

The closeness in Money and the extreme dearness of rates and the consequent Commissions for carrying over Stocks are still felt on the Exchange. They affect indirectly the mercantile demand for discounts at Bank, although it is fortunate that the pressure of paper seeking accommodation at Bank or on the Street is not so important as to create real distress to general trade. The Stock market braves the extra cost of Money from day to day with extraordinary pertinacity, and prices on the Railroad speculation, high as they have been considered in contrast with the figures current only a month or two ago, are kept up without apparent reference to what the Brokers are compelled to pay for the means of carrying forward the movement. Today there was no apparent release of Greenbacks from the lock-up of last Friday, though rumors were on the Street to the contrary. The Street *shaving* between 2 and 3 o'clock P. M. on the corner of Exchange-place and Broad-street attracts daily a large crowd of Brokers and Brokers' clerks, one-half of whom are supposed to be acting for Money lenders, who as Bank Officers or Private Bankers are not known outside the Street as principals to the operation, but doubtless relish the stolen sweets of extravagant resource not the less keenly.

In the Public Funds there is a fair business doing by private sale, and the quotations at the Exchange Board are steady.

The sales of Gold are 110⅛ ℔ cent. today. The scarcity of Money continues to affect the foreign Exchanges, and Bills on London, for ready cash, are 109@109⅛ ℔ cent. The Customs demand for Gold today was nearly $700,000.

There was more doing today in the Railway Mortgages, the concession on Union and Central Pacifics and some of the Western Mortgages having brought forward buyers. In the Southern State Bonds there is nothing to remark upon, except a free demand for Tennessees at 67 ℔ cent.

After a day of considerable activity in the Railroads and some of the Miscellaneous Shares, the market closed as follows at 5 o'clock P. M. Erie Stock led the Railroad list today, and is much easier turned by the Brokers who have occasion to borrow Money upon it for a few days than most of the other Stocks. The Exchange Board after to-morrow will cease to deal in Reading Stock, owing to the refusal of the Company in Philadelphia to establish regular transfers and registration in this City. Dealings in the Stock have heretofore been going on in Philadelphia Certificates, with blank transfers on the back, witnessed at the Farmers' Loan Office:

CLOSING PRICES—APRIL 9.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States New 5s	110	110⅛
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov.	112¼	113
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July.	112¾	113
American Gold	110¼	110¼
Bills on London, 60 days	109¼	109¼
N.Y. Central and Hudson	98¼	98¼
N. C. and Hud. Debt Ctfs.	91¼	92¼
Reading	116¼	116¼
Chicago and Rock Island	*112¼	*111¼
North-west Common	82¼	82¼
North-west Preferred	94¼	94¼
Pacific Mail	64¼	64
St. Paul Preferred	80¼	80¼
St. Paul Common	61¼	61¼
Ohio and Mississippi	48¼	48
Toledo and Wabash	78¾	78¾
Western Telegraph	74	73¾
Erie	63	65¼
Union Pacific	38¼	38¼
Lake Shore	96¼	96
C., C. and Ind. Cen.	33¼	32¼

*Ex Dividend.

At the very close of the Hall of the Exchange the general market was steady. The Public Funds ⅛ ℔ cent. higher than yesterday. The Railroad speculation weak.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, April 9, 1872.

Gold receipts	$723,146 90
Gold payments	328,042 83
Gold balance	69,070,241 84
Currency receipts	271,417 84
Currency payments	419,354 84
Currency balance	4,026,802 38
Customs	688,000 00

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ℔ cent. reg., '81......111⅝	5-20 coup., n. 1, '65.....111⅝
6 ℔ cent. coup., '81......115⅝	5-20 reg., '67......112¾
5-20 reg., '62......109⅝	5-20 coup., '67......113
5-20 coup., '62......112⅝	5-20 reg., '68......113
Call Bonds, '72......112	5-20 coup., '68......113
5-20 reg., '64......109⅛	10-40 reg......108⅛
5-20 coup., '64......112⅝	10-40 coup......108⅛
5-20 reg., '65......109⅛	5s coup., '81......110⅛
5-20 coup., '65......113	6s currency......115⅛
5-20 reg., n. 1, '65......112⅛	

The Miscellaneous Shares dealt in at the Exchange Board were as follows:

Del. & Hud. Canal...119¼	Quicksilver Mining...40¾
Pennsylvania Coal...215	Quicksilver Pref......54¾
Maryland Coal......22¼	Adams Express......96¾
American Coal......41¾	Wells-Fargo Express. 78¾
Canton Co., Balt......92	American M. U. Ex...73
Cen. N.J. Land Im. Co. 76	United States Ex....71¾
Consol. Coal of Md....44¼	Pacific Mail......64
West. Union Tel.....73¼	Atlantic Mail......28

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—APRIL 9.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	97½	....
City 6s, new	101¾	....
Camden and Amboy	126½	126¾
Pennsylvania Central	61⅝	61¾
Reading	116¾	116⅞
Lehigh Valley	59½	59¾
Catawissa Preferred	47	47⅜
Philadelphia and Erie	28¾	29
Northern Central	39¾	39¾
Lehigh Navigation	47⅜	47½
Lehigh Gold Loan	94¾	94½

We hear that Mr. ALEXANDER TAYLOR, of the Stock Exchange, goes to Europe in a few weeks to join the Banking-house of Messrs. HENRY CLEWS, HABITCH & Co., of London, leaving his business here to his sons, who have of late been members of his Stock Exchange firm.

Our neighbor of the *Evening Post*, we are quite sure, is much mistaken in referring to the Secretary of the Treasury as a party to the movement in the House of Representatives, yesterday, against the Union Pacific Road. The fact is that the question raised by Mr. NEGLEY, of Pennsylvania, in relation to the arrearages of Interest on the Government subsidy to the Union and Central Pacific Roads was settled by Congress more than a year ago by an amendment, if we mistake not, to one of the Annual Appropriation Bills. Mr. BOUTWELL has not interfered with the matter since he referred the question of arrearages of Interest to the Attorney-General as long ago as December, 1870, and is on the most friendly terms with the Bankers and Directors of the Union Company.

The decease of Hon. ERASTUS CORNING, at Albany, this morning, is announced by telegraph. He had attained the age of seventy-six years. For fifty-two years of this long life he was in active and most successful business in Albany, in the Iron trade. For nearly twenty years he was a power in the Railway interests of Central and Western New-York. He had long been President of the Utica and Schenectady Road—the most prosperous of the links between Albany and Buffalo—when, in 1853, he was placed at the head of the New-York Central consolidation. In the administration of this great property he was distinguished until 1867, when he was succeeded for a brief season by the late HENRY KEEP, and subsequently by Mr. VANDERBILT. He served several terms in the Lower House of Congress, and as a War Democrat promoted the National cause most heartily and efficiently in the Committee of Ways and Means, at the outset of the great struggle, in 1861-62, against the Rebellion. Mr. CORNING leaves a large fortune—two or three million of dollars. His health had been failing for a year or more before his decease.

Mr. E. H. BIERDEMAN, a relative and one of the New-York correspondents of Messrs. BISCHOFFSHEIM & GOLDSCHMIDT, of London, has joined Mr. JACOB RUBINS in establishing a Stock-exchange house here, under the style of Messrs. E. H. BIERDEMAN & Co., at No. 22 William-street.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company's

1st MORTGAGE BONDS

are being absorbed by an increasing demand for them.

Secured as they are by a first mortgage on the road, land grant, franchise, and equipments, combined in one mortgage, they command at once a ready market.

A liberal sinking fund provided in the mortgage deed must advance the price upon the closing of the loan. Principal and interest payable in GOLD. Interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum. Payable semi-annually, free of tax. Principal in thirty years. Denominations, $1,000, $500 and $100. Coupons or Registered.

Price 97½ and accrued interest, in currency, from Feb. 15, 1872.

Maps, circulars, documents, and information furnished.

Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New-York.

Can now be had through the principal banks and bankers throughout the country, and from the undersigned, who unhesitatingly recommend them.

TANNER & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall-st., New-York

☞ THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS are among the most substantial and satisfactory Securities which we can recommend for investment. The Iron and Coal Interests along the line of the road are attracting the attention and capital of practical workers in these minerals in this country and Great Britain, and are found to be more valuable and important than those of any other section of the country.

The IRON, COAL, SALT, TIMBER, and AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES of the region which it traverses, together with the through traffic which it will command as a *short, low-grade, economical East-and-West Trunk Line*, assure an immense and profitable business.

Price of the Bonds, 94 and accrued interest from Nov. 1. Principal and interest payable in gold in New-York City.

Full information furnished on application.

We buy and sell GOVERNMENT and CENTRAL PACIFIC BONDS, and receive them in exchange for Chesapeake and Ohio Bonds at their current prices.

FISK & HATCH.
HARVEY FISK,
A. S. HATCH.

☞ RAILROAD IRON.—The undersigned have for sale 1,000 tons 30-pound fish-pattern rails, now on the way to New-Orleans.

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST,
No. 31 New-st., New-York.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY Land Grant, Sinking Fund, Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds, for sale at 90 and accrued interest by

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.

☞ THE FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND Bonds of the Logansport, Crawfordsville and Southwestern Railway of Indiana, bearing eight per cent. interest, gold, free of Government tax, payable quarterly in New-York, are for sale by JONES & SCHUYLER, No. 12 Pine-st., at 95 and accrued interest.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—The following is the Day Calendar of the Court of Appeals for April 10: Nos. 29, 100, 217, 5½, 230, 231, 232, 236.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part I.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—169, Pellman et al vs. Bruner; 1143, O'Toole vs. Garvin et al.; 1237, Danbury National Bank vs. Moser; 1297, Boneninghausen vs. Leavitt; 253½, Fox vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1491, The Hydro-Carbon Light Company vs. Leis et al.; 805, Norton vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 383, Rayner vs. Benedict; 411½, Montgomery vs. Strauss; 395, Higgins vs. Hyatt et al.; 723, Van Briel et al. vs. Walker et al.; 863, Bynes et al. vs. Reynert; 1009½, Rowell vs. Wells; 121, (R. C.,) Peasant et al. vs. Pickersgill et al.; 277, Akin et al. vs. Wetz, et al.; 290½, (R. C.,) Meyer vs. Huncke; 225, The Home Insurance Company vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company; 773½, Mansen vs. The New-Jersey Railroad Transportation Company; 945, Franklin vs. Marran.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—502, The Trustees of the New-York Protestant Episcopal Public Schools vs. Young; 1713, The Trustees of the New-York Protestant Episcopal Public Schools vs. Kilpatrick; 66½, (R. C.,) Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company vs. Central America Transit Company; 38½, (R. C.,) Geipeke et al. vs. Quentall; 466, Rothschild vs. Feinberg et al.; 458, Elmendorf vs. Wilson; 552, Schoonmaker vs. Dillon; 488, Nollman vs. Bleecker-street and Fulton Ferry Railroad Company; 584, Woolley vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 586, Eagleson et al. vs. Woehr; 506, Wilkinson vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 596, Hatch vs. Brewster; 188, (R. C.,) Gallup et al. vs. Lederer; 598, Clark vs. Hard et al.; 602, Guttienez vs. Picket et al.; 604, The Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. Livingston et al.; 606, Sabuskie et al. vs. Booth; 608, The Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. The Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company; 610, Conover vs. Coleman et al.; 612½, Newman vs. Goodard.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Held by Ingraham, P. J., Barnard and Cardozo, JJ.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—26, Shaw vs. Duncan et al.; 52, Foster vs. Newbrough; 82, Birdsall et al. vs. Smith, Administrator, &c.; 114, Atlantic Dock Company vs. The Mayor, &c.; 144, In the matter of Geo. W. Southwick, Executor; 145, Holdredge vs. Webb; 148, The People ex rel. vs. Cary; 150, Stuyvesant Bank vs. The Mechanics' Banking Association; 154, Noble vs. Queripel; 155, Engel vs. Duffy; 157, Hinde vs. Smith, Jr.; 158, Hinde vs. Smith; 159, Hackettstown National Bank vs. Rea et al; 162, Merkelle vs. Thatcher; 164, Ogden vs. Beebe et al.; 165, Elmendorf vs. Waterbury; 167, Bell, Administratrix, vs. Spotts, Administratrix; 168, McKnight vs. Devlin; 169, Klinck vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 170, Bishop vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 171, Caldwell vs. Dunn; 172, Read vs. Smith; 173, Beidersee vs. Adler; 174, Storey vs. The Farmers' Trust Company of Keyport, N. J.; 175, Austin vs. Ahearn et al.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—56, Young vs. Fettretch et al.; 73, Beach vs. Ogden et al.; 109, Ketiltas vs. Keyser et al.; 114, Mosback vs. Mathes et al.; 159, Hovey et al. vs. Tower et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Brady, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M., Calendar called at 12 M.—37, Lodwick vs. Ford et al.; 47, Schuyler vs. Stevens; 49, Jones vs. Fremont et al.; 66, Brenant vs. Lambert; 82, Lebanon Manufacturing Company vs. New-York and Hempstead Railroad Company; 111, Falles vs. Falles; 112, Same vs. Same; 116, Thompson vs. Union Dime Savings Bank; 122, Brower vs. The Mayor, &c.; 132, Carter vs. Goodridge, impleaded; 137, Smith vs. Bagley, Jr.; 138, Winchell vs. Martin; 179, Oliver vs. Dayton.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Monell, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1789, Quinn vs. Van Pelt; 1349, Main vs. Tallman; 1391, Mallory vs. West Shore Hudson Railroad Company; 1859, Stover vs. Porter; ——, Keek, Sr., et al. vs. Werder; 1255, Murday vs. Wendal; 157, Holmes et al. vs. Roberts; 1783, Schanck et al. vs. Bartels; 1387, Harrison vs. Foss; 869, Smith vs. Frost; 1289, Falkenan vs. Fargo, President; 1315, Ward by Guardian vs. Will; 1469, Wolf et al. vs. Cleve et al.; 1227, Lorne et al. vs. Beman; 1429, Godfrey vs. Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—Same Calendar as yesterday.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM—Held by Robinson, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—32, Troxell vs. Haynes; 40, Smith vs. Cooley; 34, Rapp vs. Weidersum; 30, Sensendorf vs. Abendroth; 38, Lowrey as Guardian, &c., vs. Smith et al; 43, World Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Van Roessler et al.; 56, Mayor, &c., City of New-York, vs. Ryan, impleaded; 75, Martin vs. Pettit.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by C. P. Daly, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1029, More vs. Rand; 1453, Lewis vs. Graham; 1395, Baver vs. Maan; 1364, Orrell vs. Palmer; 1858, by order, Halle et al. vs. Brennan; 1855, by order, Moses et al. vs. Brennan; 1854, by order, Schwartz vs. Brennan; 1637, Baler vs. Rosenstein; 1638, Baler vs. Haviland; 1639, Baler vs. Leggerman; 1640, Same vs. Same; 1641, Caylus vs. Ulrichs; 1642, Caylus vs. Rosenstein; 1643, Caylus vs. Haviland; 1644, Worster vs. Heyman.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by J. F. Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1493, Harrison vs. Gardner; 1091, Logan et al. vs. Roosevelt et al; 1321, Olin vs. Simpson; 1439, Pratt vs. New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company; 1465, Sun Mutual Insurance Company vs. Talmadge; 1517, Hoffman vs. Link; 178, Heydecker vs. Lombard; 1542, Michalis vs. The Second-avenue Railroad Company; 1546, Michalis vs. Same; 1555, Clegg, Administrator, vs. Bell; 473, Dart et al. vs. Walker; 1598, Hadden vs. Shapter; 1518, Wempfheimer vs. The National Steamship Company; 1577, Fuller vs. Mandelick; 1426, Ballister vs. The Empire Life Insurance Company.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—8333, Clayton vs. Gordon; 8498, Vincent vs. Repper; 8432, Plock vs. Burian; 8477, Ford vs. Clausen; 8285, Waldheimer vs. Dinsmore; 8359, Petschan vs. Lockman; 8453, Daly vs. Muller; 8471, Seligman vs. Tate; 8474, Cross vs. Hughes; 9053, Herrman vs. Toles; 8182, Hull vs. Stevenson; 8561, Murphy vs. Jackson; 7847, Docklader vs. Hochmull; 7645, O'Brien vs. Valentine; 7649, Leademan vs. Hillyer; 7651, Scheancupp vs. Lax; 8587, Carroll vs. Erie Railroad Company; 8588, Hart vs. Nye; 8589, Kingsland vs. Austin; 8589½, Frost vs. Newcombe; 8591, Engelson vs. De Graff; 8601, Chaplin vs. Dinsmore; 8602, Kempner vs. Dinsmore; 8603, Riddle vs. Snyder; 8604, Russell vs. Lax; 8605, Van Horstine vs. Dealy; 8606, Bond vs. Grandon; 8607, Wagner vs. Koechling; 8609, Feocher vs. Sprantz; 8609½, Dittmar vs. Schuedler; 8610, Herrman vs. Levy; 8611, Sporborger vs. Haagen.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Spaulding, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.——, Develin vs. Lilienthal; 8399, Hoffman vs. Fox; ——, Rooney vs. Michele; 8427, Frank vs. Gallagher; 8428, Dalhgrom vs. Firdicker; 9310, Squires vs. Bovens; 8398, Samelson vs. Totten; 8005, Isaac vs. Oberle; 8580, Schoffner vs. Kaufman; 8581, Harrigan vs. Meyer; 8583, Bellknap vs. Gardner; 8584, Valentine vs. Frank et al.; 8583, Handibode vs. Wilson; 8586, Miller vs. Strauss; 7618, Maloney vs. Weendenield.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—9231, Rocco vs. Runk; 9336, Wieant vs. Bartlett; 9358, Wright vs. O'Brien; 9379, Sullivan vs. Easton; 9419, Voorhis vs. Wing; 9227, Brod vs. Yuguanz; 9230, Lee vs. Crow; 9233, DeCasse vs. Blumhardt; 9317, Rossa vs. Calahan; 9335, Brock vs. Langguth; 8437, McNider vs. Monendez; 9417, Bannell vs. Sparkman; 7033, Freese vs. Alger; 7357, Ludman vs. Green; 9372, Fellinghast vs. Halsey.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Bedford, J.—1, William Cieeki, Anthony O. Jones; arson; 2, John Brown, Wm. Askin, Wm. Clark, robbery; 3, William Everett, forgery; 4, William McKay, felonious assault and battery; 5, Henry A. Atwater, Albert A. Bogart, grand larceny; 6, William Leddy, grand larceny; 7, Henry Moore, James Demar, assault with intent to steal as a pickpocket; 8, Charles J. Emnett, receiving stolen goods; 9, John Flood, receiving stolen goods.

DECISIONS.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—The following decisions were handed down by the Court of Appeals April 9, 1872:

Judgments affirmed with costs—The Mayor, &c., of Troy, *vs.* the Lansingburg Railroad Company; Hendrickson *vs.* Kelly; First National Bank of Utica *vs.* Ballou; Selden *vs.* Bayley; Fullerton *vs.* Dalton.

Orders affirmed with costs—Marine Bank of Chicago *vs.* Van Brunt; in the matter of the application of the Mayor, &c., of New-York, in relation to the widening and straightening of Broadway between Thirty-fourth and Fifty-ninth streets.

Judgments reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide events—Kinney *vs.* Kiernan; Walker *vs.* American National Bank of New-York.

Judgment and order of Supreme Court affirmed—The People, plaintiff in error *vs.* Bennett, defendant in error.

Appeal dismissed with costs—The People ex rel. Ostrom *vs.* Thorn.

Order granting new trial reversed, and judgment for the defendant upon the non-suit at the Circuit, with costs—Phillips *vs.* Rensselaer and the Saratoga Railroad Company.

Ordered, that the Clerk of the Supreme Court certify and return to this Court any judgment that may have been entered upon the decision of the General Term, and that the same make part of the return to this Court, and that, upon the filing of said return, the attorney for the appellant have leave to serve upon the attorneys for the respondents a copy of the judgment of this Court, as proposed to be entered, and that the attorneys for the respondents have twenty days after such service to prepare and serve amendments to such proposed judgment; and that the said proposed judgment and amendments be at any time thereafter submitted to this Court for settlement upon a notice of five days—Buchanan *vs.* Comstock et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 9.

By Judge Brady.

In the matter of the petition of William H. Oliver et al. to vacate assessment, &c.; order granted.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—APRIL 9.

By Presiding Justice Ingraham and Judge Brady.

Ann E. Burns *vs.* The People; judgment reversed and a new trial ordered. Opinion by Presiding Justice INGRAHAM.

By Presiding Justice Ingraham and Judge Cardozo.

Randolph B. Martine *vs.* The International Assurance Society of London et al.; judgment reversed and a new trial ordered, costs to abide the event. Opinion by Presiding Justice INGRAHAM.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 9.

By Judge Loew.

Keeler *vs.* Beekman et al.; motion to open default granted on payment of $10 costs.

Foster, Receiver, *vs.* McMullen; motion for leave to amend the summons and complaint by adding the names of Sarah A. Hansman, the wife of Alexander White, and the People of the State of New-York, granted on payment of $15 costs.

By Judge Robinson.

Fitzgerald *vs.* Bernan; judgment ordered for defendant discharging lien and for recovery of $120 21 and costs.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM—APRIL 9.

Before Judge Robinson.

IMPORTANT TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS—THE CUSTOM IN COUNTING BRICK.

Edward Fitzgerald vs. W. and O. H. Bernan.—This was an action to foreclose a mechanic's lien. It appeared that plaintiff contracted to do the mason-work of seven houses, and lay the brick at $6 per thousand. In computing the number of brick, he charged for all the openings, measuring solid, which gave him $2,300 more than he received, and for which he filed a lien. On behalf of plaintiff, it was claimed that the measurement was according to recognized custom, while, on the part of defendants, it was not only claimed that no such custom existed, but that by mistake defendants had overpaid plaintiff $127 18. The Court decided in favor of defendant, canceling the lien, and giving judgment in their favor for $120 21 and costs.

P. J. Sweet, for plaintiff; A. H. Reavoy, for defendant.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

No. 129.—*United States vs. Ballard.*—Error to the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Ohio.—The question in this case was whether or not Ballard, as Collector for the District of Cuyahoga, Ohio, was entitled to retain for his own use moneys received by him from the owners of steamers and from engineers and pilots, under the act of 1852, by virtue of the act of June, 1864, fixing the salary of the Collector at $1,000, and allowing, in addition thereto, the fees collected, provided the aggregate compensation did not exceed $2,500. The judgment below was for Ballard, and it was here urged that the special fees received from these sources were, by the act of 1852, to be accounted for to the Government, and they were not, therefore, included among the fees which the Collector may retain. This Court held that, by a proper construction of the law, the Collector was authorized to retain all descriptions of fees, not in excess of $2,500, and the judgment is affirmed. The Chief-Justice delivered the opinion.

No. 125.—*Dent vs. Graham.*—Error to the Circuit Court for Missouri.—The plaintiff in error brought an action of ejectment to recover certain lots in the village of Carondelet, which was decided against him, and the case came here on exceptions to the rulings of the Court in the admission of evidence. The Court find that the facts found below were sufficient to sustain the judgment rendered, and that there was no error in the rulings. Affirmed. Mr. Justice SWAYNE delivered the opinion.

No. 145.—*Steam-ship Java, vs. Judd Linseed and Sperm Oil Company.*—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the District of Massachusetts.—This was a case of collision between the schooner *McCloskey* and the Cunard steamer *Java*, near the School ship in Boston Harbor. The Court reversed the decree of the Circuit Court, holding that the *Java* was at fault in voluntarily placing herself in a position where meeting a small vessel in a place not unusual, and where such a meeting might reasonably have been expected, she could do nothing to avoid a collision, and affirming the decree of the District Court, holding that, so far as the *Java* was concerned, it was a case of inevitable accident. Mr. Justice BRADLEY delivered the opinion.

No. 38.—*Pargoud vs. United States.*—Appeal from the Court of Claims.—This was a proceeding to recover the proceeds of cotton seized under the Captured and Abandoned Property act of 1863, and was argued at the last term of the Court. The Court of Claims dismissed the petition on the ground that it did not aver that the claimant had given no aid and comfort to the rebellion, nor sufficiently aver Executive pardon. It is here held (the same as in the case of Armstrong *vs.* United States, recently decided,) that the President's proclamation of Dec. 25, 1868, granting pardon and amnesty unconditionally and without reservation, relieves the claimants in cases under the Captured and Abandoned Property act, from proof of adhesion to the United States during the late war. The judgment dismissing the petition is reversed. The Chief Justice delivered the opinion.

No. 116.—*First National Bank of Bethel vs. National Pahquioque Bank.*—Error to the Supreme Court of Connecticut.—The defendant in error sued to recover $90,000, which it had presented to the receiver in possession of the plaintiff in error's bank, and which had been disallowed by him. The action was at common law, and process was served upon the receiver as the representative of the bank, and the question was whether the Currency act controlled the case, and the decision of the Controller of the Currency, through the receiver appointed by him, was a final determination of the case, in such a sense that this action could not be maintained. It was held below that it was not, and that decision is here affirmed, the plaintiff below being allowed to recover notwithstanding the exemption clause in the Currency act. Mr. Justice CLIFFORD delivered the opinion.

No. 38.—*The East Saginaw Salt Manufacturing Company vs. City of East Saginaw et al.*—Error to the Supreme Court of Michigan.—The Company claimed exemption from State taxation by virtue of an act of State of 1859 encouraging the formation of salt companies by exempting them from taxation, and providing for the allowance of a bounty to them of ten cents a bushel after the manufacture of a certain number of bushels. The act of 1851 limited the exemption to five years, and the companies sought to have it declared unconstitutional, as impairing the obligation of contracts established between the State and themselves by the act of 1859. The judgment below was for the State. This Court affirm the judgment, holding this general law to be a bounty law, and nothing else; and differing entirely from those laws and charters which have been adjudged to be irrevocable contracts between the State and claimants under them. Mr. JUSTICE BRADLEY delivered the opinion.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—APRIL 9.

Before Presiding Justice Ingraham and Judge Cardozo.

INSURANCE AGENCY—IMPORTANT TO PERSONS INSURED.

Randolph B. Martine vs. The International Life Assurance Society of London et al.—This was an action to recover on a life policy of James Martine, a resident of North Carolina, for $5,000. The premium had been originally paid to the firm of Starke & Pearce, authorized agents of the Company, residing in Fayetteville, N. C. In 1862 Starke, one of the partners, died, and the insured continued to pay the premium to the surviving partner, and receive his individual receipt, without inquiring if the Company had authorized the agency to continue with the surviving partner of the original firm of agents. The Court now holds that the authority of the Company to Starke & Pearce to bind it as agents in the receipt of premiums, was not such authority to the surviving partner. In the opinion of the Court, Presiding Justice INGRAHAM says: "I am of the opinion that the agency of the firm ceased with the death of one member of the firm, and could not be exercised by the survivor either in the name of the firm or of himself individually; that the insured had notice of such death by the receipt given for the premium in 1862, and that the subsequent payments were not made to any agent of the insurer so as to make such payment a valid one." On these grounds the Court decides there was error in the finding in favor of plaintiff appealed from, which is reversed and a new trial ordered; costs to abide the event.

Meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration Yesterday.

The Commissioners of Emigration held a meeting yesterday, the President, Mr. HART, in the chair. Present also Commissioners SCHAICK, NICHOLSON, WILLMAN, HOGUET and WALLACH.

The Committee reported that bids had been received for the exchange of foreign money at Castle Garden, but no definite action was taken, and the matter was referred back to the Committee.

At a special meeting of the Ward's Island Committee, in relation to obtaining the grant of two acres on the southern part of Hart's Island for an emigrant's burying-ground, from the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, Mr. BELL, of the latter Board, was present and stated that his associates had no power to sell, lease or finally dispose of any of the ground, but it was resolved to address a letter to them asking them to set apart the ground asked for, so that the emigrants need not be buried in the common Potter's field.

A debate took place upon the recommendation of the Ward's Island Committee to receive the offer of HEDGES, POWERS & CO. of $692 75 overcharge for goods pretended to have been furnished the Commission. Mr. NICHOLSON strongly objected to compromising the case, advocating the criminal punishment of the parties. Mr. SCHAICK thought the offer had better be accepted, as no more money could be got through the Courts. It was finally decided, on Mr. NICHOLSON's motion, to refer the matter on the particular items charged in the bills to the President of the Board, the counsel and Mr. SCHAICK to report on the propriety of accepting the offer, but Mr. SCHAICK rather indignantly requested to have his name struck out, declining to serve.

The Special Committee on the claim of the Commission against the State for interest on mortgages—Messrs. HOGUET and SCHAICK—reported a conversation with Gen. BARLOW, who was at first opposed to the claim, but afterward seemed to favor it.

After other minor business the Board adjourned.

Desperate Affray Between a Burglar and a Watchman.

Owing to the inadequate protection afforded by the Police to the neighborhood, several of the wealthy residents of East Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth-streets, between Fifth and Madison avenues, engaged JOHN HAYES, of No. 1,416 Broadway, as private watchman. At 1½ yesterday morning, while HAYES was going his rounds as usual, he heard a noise in the yard in the rear of the residence of Mr. WM. EGGERT, No. 15 East Fifty-fourth-street, and observed a stranger climbing over the fence. He ordered the man to stop, but the intruder jumped over the fence into the yard and attacked HAYES. The latter drew a locust club and struck the man on the head. A desperate struggle ensued, during which the club was wrenched from HAYES by his opponent, who used it over its owner's head. HAYES drew a revolver and struck the stranger with the butt; the fellow thereupon dropped the club, and snatching the pistol, returned the blow with interest. HAYES then picked up his club and felled his opponent. By this time Patrolman WILSON made his way into the yard. The burglar being insensible, a stretcher was procured and he was carried to the East Fifty-ninth-street Police Station. Police Surgeon SWANN was summoned to attend the insensible man, and gave it as his opinion that the injuries will prove fatal. The dying burglar was sent to Bellevue Hospital. On searching the place where the struggle occurred, a large skeleton-key was found. It was also ascertained that during the night a quantity of clothes were stolen from the yard of No. 17 East Fifty-fourth-street, by the burglar, and this property has been recovered by the Police.

During the afternoon the burglar recovered consciousness and stated that his name was CARL BRAUN, a German, aged thirty-two years, and an axle-polisher by trade. He says he was drunk in Central Park, and he met a man who had something under his coat. The man asked him for a drink, and he gave him two drinks out of a bottle he had in his pocket. He went with him, and was sitting on the fence where HAYES first saw him fast asleep, and when the other man, whose name he did not know, (nor had he ever seen him before,) saw the officer, he ran away. BRAUN denied having a skeleton key, notwithstanding the fact that one was found on him.

BRAUN says that he has worked at his trade in Newark and Jersey City for three years. He has been in this City for three months, during two of which he has done no work, but lived at bakeries and restaurants, and slept in lodging-houses. His head and face are terribly swollen.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 9, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks.	2	Resin, bbls.	191
Beeswax, pks.	1	Oil, bbls.	50
Cotton, bales	638	Oil-cake, pks.	851
Dried Fruit, pks.	10	Pork, pks.	1,019
Eggs, bbls.	2,416	Beef, pks.	79
Flour, bbls.	11,953	Cut-meats, pks.	1,089
Wheat, bushels	61,191	Grease, pks.	223
Corn, bushels	79,160	Lard, pks.	2,169
Oats, bushels	54,442	Lard, kegs	210
Malt, bushels	500	Stearine, pks.	214
Barley, bushels	3,100	Butter, pks.	1,229
Grass-seed, bags	663	Cheese, pks	592
Beans, bushels	80	Tallow, pks.	17
Peas, bags	69	Lard-oil, bbls.	160
Corn-meal, bbls	20	Lub. Oil, bbls.	87
Corn-meal, bags	575	Pea-nuts, bags	106
Hemp, bales	52	Skins, bales	16
Hams, No.	5,149	Sugar, (N. O.) hhds.	278
Hops, bales	5	Starch, boxes	610
Hides, No.	1,288	Spelter, per	879
Hides, pks.	8	Silver Ore, sacks	959
Leather, sides	33,242	Tobacco, hhds	399
Molasses, (N.O.) bbls.	754	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.	1,700
Spirits Turp., bbls.	32	Whisky, bbls.	558
Tar, bbls.	271	Wool, bales	148

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *England*, for Liverpool—26 cases Steel, 1,412 bales Cotton, 45 boxes Ham, 10 hhds. Tallow, 592 boxes Bacon, 113 pks. Leather, 150 pchs. Syrup, 900 bbls. Tar, 97 bbls. Resin, 5 bbls. Whisky, 668 tcs. Lard, 8,296 bushels Corn, 8,300 bushels Maize, 2 cks. Skins, 3 cases Fire-arms, 1 case Sewing-machine, 58 tcs. Beef.

By the ship *American Congress*, for London—107 boxes Bacon, 200 tcs. Beef, 42 boxes Lamps, 488 boxes Clocks, 12,154 bushels Corn, 75 hhds. Tobacco, 2,000 bbls. Resin, 45 cases of Paper, 4,571 Staves, 380 boxes Maizena, 2,000 bbls. Oil-cake, 500 bags Pepper.

By the bark *Japan*, for Fredrikshaven—1,213 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

By the ship *Sandusky*, for Bordeaux—6,930 bbls. Crude Petroleum.

By the brig *Clara Jenkins*, for Marseilles—1,065 tcs. Lard, 80 lbs. Ham, 274 pks. Walnuts, 401 hhds. Tallow, 36 boxes Bellies.

By the brig *Louisa*, for Santa Cruz—260 tons Coal.

By the schooner *O. M. Marrett*, for Gibara—200 tons Coal.

By the bark *Yumuri*, for Sagua—240 bbls. Meal, 1,820 lbs. Butter, 764 Shooks and Heads, 10,000 Hoops, 60 cases Gasoline, 24 bbls. Sand, 3 boxes Pumps, 1 case Lamps, 3 cases Scales, 1 case Sewing-machines, 65 kegs Nails, 107 tons Coal.

By the schooner *A. L. Putnam*, for St. Croix—100 puncheons Corn-meal, 300 bbls. Corn-meal, 150 bbls. Flour, 100 Shooks, 15,000 Hoops.

By the bark *Atlantic*, for Barbados—10 horses, 150 hhds. Oil-meal, 375 bushels Peas, 900 bbls. Flour, 550 bbls. Corn-meal, 2,500 lbs. Lard, 50 bbls. Beef, 50 bbls. Pork, 100 boxes Cheese, 100 cases Matches, 150 bags Oats, 400 bags Corn, 192 bbls. Bread, 200 bbls. Crackers, 2 Carriages, 500 Shooks, 14 Mules.

By the bark *Minnato*, for Bahia—50 pks. Fire-crackers, 30 cases Drills, 455 cases Drugs, 2,000 cases Petroleum, 21,497 lbs. Lard, 3 cases Milk, 10 cases Oysters, 24 cases Cotton Gins, 54 pks. Blacking, 100 cases Spirits Turpentine, 101 bbls. Resin, 4 cases Biscuit, 30 cases Maizena, 200 bags Bran, 485 bbls. Flour.

By the schooner *Addie Wessels*, for Bluefields—20 bags Rice, 3 cases Tobacco, 255 bbls. Flour, 120 pks. Bread, 14 pks. Paint, 95 pks. Beef, 219 lbs. Ham, 534 gallons Kerosene, 13 pks. Hardware, 9 kegs Powder, 6 pks. Chairs, 6 pks. Glass-ware, 12 sacks Salt, 9 cases Meats, 16 pks. Fish, 6 pks. Dry Goods, 7 cases Boots and Shoes, 65 cases Florida Water, 40 bales Tobacco, 8,000 Shingles, 20 pieces Pine, 3 cases Drugs, 500 lbs. Butter, 500 lbs. Lard.

By the bark *Josie Mildred*, for Cardenas—104 pks. Drugs, 6 pks. Perfumery, 753 Empty Hogsheads.

By the brig *D. S. Soule*, for Cardenas—Ballast.

By the schooner *Diploma*, for Nassau—187 bbls. Flour, 37 bbls. Meal, 28 bbls. Hominy, 5 bbls. Bread, 4 bbls. Beef, 7 bbls. Pork, 1817 lbs. Lard, 1855 lbs. Butter, 21 boxes Cheese, 37 pks. Fish, 31 boxes Candles, 8 boxes Soap, 9 boxes Shoes, 25 reams Paper, 8 pks. Wooden-ware, 3 bbls. Naval Stores, 913 gallons Kerosene, 3 boxes Milk, 6 kegs Nails, 7 bales Oakum, 1 bbl. Lard-oil, 4 cases Tobacco, 11 pks. Furniture, 10 bbls. Oil, 5 pks. Starch.

By the brig *Clarabell*, for Cienfuegos—67,700 lbs. Coal, 5,102 Shooks and Heads, 80 kegs Spikes.

By the bark *Evening Star*, for St. Jago—1,000 reams Paper, 60 bbls. Corn-meal, 10 boxes Lobsters, 25 boxes Cheese, 667 Bricks, 204 Gas Tiles, 2,500 lbs. Butter, 39,306 lbs. Lard, 110 bbls. Beans, 59 pks. Fish, 25 bbls. Pork, 70 bbls. Potatoes, 5,000 Hoops, 623 Shooks and Heads, 200 cases Petroleum.

By the schooner *Florence Bailey*, for Para—210 bbls. Flour, 5 bbls. Beef, 10 Trucks, 30 kegs Nails, 20 cases Crackers, 23,673 feet Boards, 400 reams Paper, 7,161 lbs. Lard, 5 cases Cotton Goods, 1 case Guns, 1 case Revolvers, 10 bags Pepper, 10 cases Axes, 2 casks Lamps, 13 bbls. Chimnies, 1 Sugar Mill, 300 bbls. Resin, 5 tons Coal, 3,472 gallons Kerosene, 4 cases Cartridges, 15 cases Matches, 53 pks. Fire-crackers.

By the schooner *Nellie Carr*, for Demerara—109 bbls. Pork, 35 bbls. Beef, 200 bushels Corn, 600 bushels Bran, 100 pks. Wooden-ware, 50 bbls. Naval Stores, 100 carboys Acid, 300 bbls. Whale-oil, 104 pks. Leather, 80,000 feet of Lumber, 2 cases Clocks, 1,980 gallons Kerosene, 12 cases Chairs, 2,500 lbs. Butter, 7,000 lbs. Ham, 500 reams Paper, 200 Shooks, 3 Corn-shellers, 6 cases Lanterns, 6 hhds. Tobacco, 11 pks. Lamps and Chimnies.

By the brig *Eledona*, for Aspinwall—451 tons Coal.

By the bark *Carrier Dove*, for Havana—140 Shooks and Heads, 725 tons Stone, 200 bales Hay.

By the brig *Edward*, for St. Kitts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 830 bushels Corn, 40 pks. Oil-meal, 90 pks. Bread, 290 bbls. Corn-meal, 100 boxes Herrings, 133 pks. Beef and Pork, 424 lbs. Hams, 627 lbs. Butter, 60 boxes Cheese, 164 cases Kerosene, 40 boxes Candles, 86 bushels Peas, 25 reams Paper, 2,645 lbs. Lard, 20 bbls. Potatoes, 400 Shooks.

By the bark *Rocket*, for Batavia—525 tons Coal, 3 cases Tobacco.

By the bark *Glide*, for Zanzibar—150 bales Sheetings, 100 bbls. Bread, 100 bbls. Flour, 12 boxes Clocks, $87,350 Specie.

By the ship *Horatio*, for Hong Kong—35 cases Bitters, 21 bales Domestics, 4 cases Chairs, 21 cases Preserves, 2 cases Corn-meal, 2 cases Hominy, 1 case Wooden-ware, 82 cases Tobacco, 2,000 cases Petroleum, 100 cases Drugs, 500 cases Perfumery, 100 bbls. Beef, 77 pieces Pine, 23: tons Coal.

And from Philadelphia, for Gibraltar and orders, by the bark *D. McPherson*—51,460 gallons Refined Petroleum in barrels, 46,000 in cases....For Bremen, by the bark *Friehandel*—224,366½ gallons Refined Petroleum.

And from Baltimore, during the week: For Liverpool, by the ship *Macauley*—600 bbls. Resin, 401 bales Cotton, 6,604 sacks Oil-cake, 3,000 Staves, 828 bags Bark, 18,742 bushels Corn, 20 cases Oysters....Halifax, N. S., British brig *Bessie*—1,347 bbls. Meal, 30 bbls. Apples....Cardenas, British brig *Iris*—2,800 Shooks and Heads, 30,000 Hoops....Liverpool, British steamer *North American*—688 bales Cotton, 315 tons Oil-cake, 300 boxes Pork, 286,400 lbs. Lard, 19 bales Cotton Duck, 1 bbls. Twine, 10 pks. Sundries....Rio Janeiro, bark *May Queen*—2,016 bbls. Flour....Bordeaux, bark *Don Justo*—1,004 hhds. Tobacco, 22,000 Staves....Matanzas, brig *Water Witch*—2,179 Shooks and Heads, 30,000 Hoops....San Andreas, schooner *John Wethered*—22 bbls. Flour, 11 bbls. Bread, 3 bbls. Beef, 14 bushels Corn, 118 lbs. Hams, 375 lbs. Butter, 165 lbs. Lard, 10 gallons Kerosene, 31,000 feet Lumber, 32,000 Shingles, 112 pks. Sundries.

COFFEE—Quoted firm, on a rather better inquiry. Sales, 2,002 bags Rio by the *South America*, 2,600 bags do. by the *Nicoline*, (a resale,) and 4,000 bags do. by the *St. Ursula*,—the latter at Baltimore, to go West,—on private terms. Stock of Rio here this morning, 163,903 bags, and at all the distributing ports, 231,446 bags. Quotations as before.

COTTON—Has been very moderately sought after for early delivery, at a reduction of ⅛c. ₽ lb. on all ordinary grades, and on Texas; sales, 1,468 bales, including 357 bales to shippers, 821 bales to spinners, and 290 bales to speculators. For forward delivery, there has been a restricted business reported, on the basis of about previous quotations: sales, 9,450 bales, (3,800 bales last evening, and 5,650 bales today) basis of Low Middling, including, last evening, for April, 100 bales at 22 15-16c.; May, 1,300 bales at 23 5-16c., 200 bales at 23⅜c., 200 bales at 23 11-32c., 100 bales at 23⅛c.; June, 100 bales at 23 15-16c., 100 bales at 23⅞c.; July, 100 bales at 23¾c., 300 bales at 24c.; August, 100 bales at 23⅞c.; September, 200 bales at 21⅝c.; October, 300 bales at 20 3-16c.; November, 100 bales at 19c.; November and December, 100 bales each, at 19c.; December, 100 bales at 18⅞c. And today for April, 200 bales at 23c., 100 bales at 22 15-16c., 100 bales at 23c., 900 bales at 22 15-16c.; April, 100 bales at 23c., and May, 100 bales at 23 5-16c., together; May, 600 bales at 23⅜c., 200 bales at 23 5-16c., 500 bales at 23⅜c.; June, 1,200 bales at 23⅞c.; July, 200 bales at 24c., 150 bales at 23⅞c.; August, 400 bales at 23⅞c.; September, 200 bales at 21⅝c.; October, 500 bales at 20 3-16c.; November and December, 100 bales each at 19c. The average quotations of yesterday's forward deliveries, as officially reported upon the Bulletin, were as follows: April, 22.90c.; May, 23.36c.; June, 23⅞c.; July, 23 15-16c.; August, 23⅞c.; September, 21 9-16c.; October, 20.23c. The receipts at this port today were 638 bales, including 37 bales from Newbern, 5 bales from Norfolk, 596 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 5,476 bales, and thus far this week were 15,279 bales, against 18,243 bales same time the preceding week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1 have been 2,463,448 bales, against 3,406,193 bales in 1870-71. The following official quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	20⅛	20⅛	20⅞	21
Good Ordinary	22⅛	22⅛	22⅜	22⅝
Low Middling	22⅞	23	23⅛	23⅜
Middling	23⅜	23⅜	23⅝	24
Good Middling	24⅛	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜

FISH—The demand has been moderate, chiefly for Dry Cod and Pickled Mackerel at previous rates, including Dry Cod at $5 25@$6 50 ₽ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $13@$16 50; No. 2 do., $9@$13 50; No. 3 do., $6 50@$7 ₽ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $3 50@$5 50; Smoked Herring, 20c.@22c. for Scale, and 15c.@18c. for No. 1 ₽ box; Dutch Herring, $1 15 ₽ keg.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been offered less freely and quoted quite firm, on a fair trade call, with some speculative inquiry noted, the latter mostly for desirable lots of Winter Wheat extras. Sales have been made since our last of 14,150 bbls., all told, including inferior to very choice Superfine State and Western at $6 80@$7; inferior to good Extra State at $6 95@$7 25; good to fancy at $7 25@$7 75; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $6 85@$7 15; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Extra Ohio at $7 05@$7 30, and trade and Family Extras at proportionately full rates.

Southern Flour has been in good demand and held with much firmness. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,100 bbls. at $6 65@$8 45 for ordinary to very good, and $8 45@$11 50 for good to very choice Extra, ₽ bbl. Canada Flour continues in moderate demand at $8 65@$9 20 for Extra. Rye Flour has been in fair request within the range of from $4 10@$5 05 ₽ bbl.; sales, 270 bbls. Corn-meal continues in fair demand at from $3 45@$3 75 for White and Yellow Western; $3 50@$3 60 for Jersey, and $3 70@$3 80 for Brandywine; sales, 425 bbls.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Sales, 2,000 boxes at $2 35@$2 40 ₽ box; market steady.

FRUIT—Market generally quiet; prices favoring buyers; sales 800 boxes Layer Raisins at $2 40@$2 50; 100 bags Filberts at 11½c.; 1,000 bbls. Currants at 7c.@7¼c., the latter a material reduction.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat has been quoted firm as to price, with a fair inquiry, mostly for milling. Spring Wheat has been in some request, but the bids have been generally unsatisfactory to holders, and negotiations have been progressing slowly. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 61,000 bushels at $1 72@$1 75½ for Red Western, in store and delivered; $1 87½@$1 95@$2 02 for White Western, the latter figures for extra choice samples; $1 75@$1 80 for small lots of Red and Amber Pennsylvania and Jersey; $1 75@$1 87½ for White State; and $1 51 for Prime No. 2 North-west Spring, in store. The bulk of the business was in Red Western Winter. For straight No. 2 Chicago Spring, there was bids reported of $1 50, afloat, with holders asking 2c.@3c. a bushel more....Corn has been offered rather more freely, and quoted less firm on a moderate trade. Sales have been reported since our last of 61,000 bushels at 72c.@72½c., closing at 72c. for New Mixed, delivered; 70½c.@71c. for do., in store; 73c.@73½c. for White Western; 72½c.@73c. for Yellow Southern; 76c.@77c. for White do.; 71c. (currency) for Old Mixed Western, from store, and 72c. for Old and New Mixed do., delivered. Rye and Barley have been quoted about steady, but have been quiet, today....Barley-malt has been quiet and weak in price; sales, 5,000 bushels Canada East at $1 25.... Oats have been depressed and lower under freer offerings and a moderate trade demand; sales have been reported since our last of 45,000 bushels at 52c.@51c. for Mixed Western, afloat; 51c. for Mixed Western, in store; 54½c. for State, and 54c.@55½c. for White Western; stock in store here includes of Wheat, 1,881,946 bushels; Corn, 424,856 bushels; Oats, 1,320,911 bushels; Rye, 335,430 bushels; Barley, 190,691 bushels; Malt, 78,387 bushels; Peas, 3,188 bushels.

METALS—Ingot Copper has been again quite active at a further material rise in prices; sales, 1,500,000 lbs. at 42c.@45c., closing at 45c., cash, and 35½c.@36c. for June to October delivery. Iron has been held above the views of buyers, and has been very quiet, with Scotch Pig scarce, and quoted $50@$52 for Glengarnock Pig, to arrive; $52@$55 for Eglinton do., on the spot; $52 for No. 1 American do., and $50@$51 for No. 2 do., do. Lead, Spelter and Zinc, inactive. Pig Tin shows a further improvement in price, on an active business, stimulated by the continuously favorable foreign advices; sales, 3,000 slabs Straits at 40c.@40½c., gold, ₽ lb. Tin Plates have been strong in price and in good request, with sales reported of 1,000 boxes I. C. Charcoal, to arrive, at $13 37½; 1,000 boxes Charcoal Terne at $11 50@$11 75; and 500 boxes Coke Terne at $10 50, gold, ₽ box.

MOLASSES—Of Foreign, we note further sales of 363 hhds. and 40 tcs. Cuba Muscovado at 36½c. ₽ gallon; and of New-Orleans, job lots, within our previous range; market steady.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in fair demand and firm, with sales reported of 3,500 bbls. Strained on private terms, the current quotations having been $3 10@$3 12½; 500 bbls. good Strained at $3 25; 2,200 bbls. good Strained and No. 2 at $3 50; 360 bbls. No. 2 at $3 62½, and 300 bbls. Pale at $5@$6 ₽ 280 lbs....Tar quiet at previous quotations; Wilmington, $3 25; Newbern, $2 70 ₽ bbl....Spirits Turpentine slow of sale, and at the close quoted heavy at 67½c.@68c. for merchantable, here, with sales of 80 bbls. at 68c.@68½c., with offerings to arrive at 67c.

PETROLEUM—The offerings of Oil were fair, and prices favored buyers, yet the demand was on a moderate scale....Refined has been quoted down to 21⅝c.@21¾c. for early delivery, with sales reported of 3,000 bbls., deliverable to suit vessel after April 20, at the inside rate. At Philadelphia, the current quotations for early delivery were 21¼c.@21⅜c., on a restricted movement, with sales reported of 5,000 bbls. at the latter figures....Refined, in cases, has been in slack demand at 27½c.@28c. here....Crude dull at 11⅛c.@12c....Shipping Crude at 15¾c.@16c. here, and 15¾c.@16¼c. at Philadelphia....Naphtha in rather more request, and quoted at from 9½c.@10c., in shipping order....From the Creek, the quotations for prompt Upper and Lower Road deliveries were about as before, on a slack movement.

PROVISIONS—Pork has shown rather more steadiness, on a moderate offering of stock and rather better inquiry. Sales have been reported of 1,100 bbls. at $13 15@$13 35 for round and job lots of new Western Mess; $12 50 for Prime Mess, and $10 75 for Extra Prime, ₽ bbl. For forward delivery, the inquiry has been fair, with sales reported of 2,750 bbls. new Western Mess, including 1,250 bbls., seller April, at $13 15@$13 20; 500 bbls., seller July, at $13 60; and 1,000 bbls., seller August, at $13 75....City Dressed Hogs have been in moderate request at 6c.@6½c. ₽ lb....Cut-meats continue in demand at from 8¼c.@9¼c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, and 4¾c.@5¼c. for Shoulders, ₽ lb. The reported sales since our last embrace 430 pks., within the range....Bacon has been in moderate request and steady in price, with sales reported of 530 boxes at 6⅝c.@7c. for Long Clear, 7¼c. for Short Clear, and 6⅝c for Short Rib....Lard has been quiet and weak in price, for early delivery. Sales have been reported of 870 tcs. and bbls. for early delivery, at 8⅝c.@9c. for No. 1 to choice Steam and Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 8⅞c. for prime Western Steam, 8⅞c.@9c. for prime Kettle-rendered, 8¾c.@8⅞c. for prime City Steam and Kettle, 8¾c. for No. 1, and 9¼c.@9¾c. for refined. For forward delivery there has been a restricted movement, at rather easier rates, with sales reported of 1,000 tcs. prime Western Steam, including 250 tcs. seller April at 8⅞c., 250 tcs. seller May at 8 15-16c., 250 tcs. seller June at 9⅛c., and 250 tcs. seller July at 9 5-16c....Beef has been in demand, in a jobbing way, at from $7 50@$10 for Mess, and $10@$12 50 for Extra Mess; sales, 180 bbls....Tierce Beef has been inactive at from $12@$18 for new Prime Mess; $15@$18 for India Mess, and $22@$24 for City Extra do., ₽ tierce; sales, 120 tcs. Beef Hams have been quiet at $23@$27, as the extremes; sales, 90 tcs. and bbls.

SUGARS—A moderate trade has been reported in Raw since our last, at essentially unchanged rates, the main call having been for refining stock. Sales, 200 hhds. refining Cuba, and 865 boxes Centrifugal, on private terms; 50 hhds. very common refining Cuba at 8c.; 800 hhds. good refining Cuba and Centrifugal at 8⅞c. and 9⅛c.@9⅝c., respectively; 100 hhds. Centrifugal and 82 hhds. Scotch, on private terms; 720 boxes Centrifugal at 9⅛c.@9⅝c., chiefly at 9⅛c., and 142 boxes damaged at 6⅜c. ₽ lb. Quotations as before. Refined in demand and firm.

TALLOW, &C.—Prime Tallow has been scarce and wanted, in good part for export, at stronger and buoyant prices. Sales have been reported of 103,000 lbs. at 8⅝c.@9⅛c. for ordinary to prime, chiefly at 9⅛c. for prime.

TOBACCO—Kentucky has been in fair demand and quite firm; sales, 350 hhds. at 8½c.@14c. ₽ lb. Seedleaf has attracted more attention at uniform prices; sales, 88 cases 1871 Massachusetts, Seconds and Fillers, 168 cases 1871 Connecticut, do. and do., 50 cases 1870 Pennsylvania, and 25 cases 1870 Ohio on private terms; 350 cases 1871 Ohio at 10c.@13c.; 92 cases 1871 State at 10c.@11c.; 91 cases 1871 Wisconsin at 9c.@10c. ₽ lb. Of Havana, 150 bales were sold at 95c.@$1 10 ₽ lb.

WHISKY—Sales, 250 bbls., in lots, at 87c.@88c., chiefly at 87½c. ₽ gallon; market about steady.

FREIGHTS—A more active Grain movement has been noted in the line of berth Freights, by steam, for Liverpool, at about steady figures, with a very moderate business in other kinds of Produce at somewhat irregular rates. In the way of charters, the chief call was for Petroleum vessels, and besides the negotiations actually completed, several were pending, but not definitely closed up to a late hour, with rates fairly supported. Vessels for Resin and general cargo were in some request. For Liverpool, the engagements reported today were, by steam, 86,000 bushels Grain, at 4d. ₽ bushel; 30 boxes Bacon and 580 pks. other Provisions, at 10s. ₽ ton. For London, by steam, 275 bales Hops, at 5-16d. ₽ lb. For Antwerp, by sail, 150 boxes Bacon at 27s. 6d., and 50 hhds. Tallow, reported at 26s. 3d. ₽ ton; also, a British bark, 780 tons, with equal to 5,400 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 6d. ₽ bbl....For Bremen, by sail, 1,300 bbls. Resin and 1,500 cases Tobacco on private terms, and, by steam, 300 cases Tobacco at 17s. 6d., and 1,000 boxes Extract Logwood at 25s. ₽ ton; also, a German bark, 857 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Hamburg, by sail, 60 tons Black-walnut at 27s. 6d., and 65 pks. Casings at 22s. 6d.@27s. 6d....For Rotterdam, 700 tcs. Lard at 30s., and 56 pks. Quercitron Bark at 40s....For Gottenburg, a Swedish brig, 229 tons, with 1,500 bbls. Refined Petroleum and Naphtha at 6s. 3d. ₽ bbl....For Stockholm, a Norwegian bark, 300 tons, with 1,800 bbls. Petroleum and its products, at 6s.; another, 597 tons, (now here,) with about 3,900 bbls. do., from Philadelphia, at 6s....For Cronstadt, a Swedish brig, 307 tons, with about 3,000 bbls. Resin, hence at 3s. 6d. ₽ 280 lbs....For a Continental port, direct, a British ship, 1,455 tons, with special cargo, on private terms....For Gibraltar and orders, Adriatic or Corfu, a Norwegian brig, 328 tons, with equal to about 2,100 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. ₽ bbl and 35c. ₽ case....For the south side of Cuba, an American bark, 449 tons, with Coal, reported at about $2 ₽ ton....For the River Platte, an American bark, 555 tons, hence with general cargo, including Lumber, on private terms....For Montreal, a British bark, 571 tons, (to arrive at Providence, R. I.,) with Coal from Pictou, at about $2 50; and from Montreal, with about 500,000 feet Lumber, for Montevideo and orders, at $22 20. Yesterday's freight report—crowded out this morning—was substantially as follows: "For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by steam, 20,000 bushels Grain at 4d.; 39,000 bushels Corn at the same rate; 300 tons Bacon, Lard, Tallow and Oil-cake at 10s.; 500 tcs. Lard on private terms; 500 boxes Bacon at 10s.; 150 tons Oil-cake at 10s.; 100 hhds. Tallow at 10s.; also, three ships, with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at 15-32d.@½d....For London, by sail, 50 cases Fruit at 12s. 6d.; and, by steam, 20 bbls. Pork, at 3s. 3d.; 30 tcs. Beef at 4s. 6d.; 100 boxes Bacon at 25s....For Falmouth and orders, a Spanish bark with 3,500 boxes Sugar, reported from Havana, at 35s.; and a Norwegian bark, 372 tons, with 2,200 boxes do., from do., via Matanzas, at 42s. 6d., and a British bark, 360 tons, with Sugar, from Cardenas, at 47s. 6d....For Cork and orders, United Kingdom and the Continent, a British bark, 518 tons, hence with about 1,600 bales Compressed Cotton at ⅜d., with privilege of the Baltic at 7-16d....For Irish ports, direct, three vessels reported (one a re-charter with Grain from Baltimore, at about 7s. ₽ quarter....For Antwerp 250 tcs. Lard at 27s. 6d.; 600 boxes Bacon at the same rate....For Bremen, a small lot of Resin, reported at 2s. 3d. ₽ 280 lbs.; also a German bark, 523 tons, (to arrive from Bremen,) with about 3,600 bbls. Refined Petroleum, reported from Philadelphia, at 4s. ₽ bbl....For Rotterdam, 130 tcs. Lard at 3.s., and a small quantity of Hickory Wood at $18, gold, ₽ 1,000 feet, and primage....For French ports, a German bark, 800 tons, hence with a full cargo of Kentucky Tobacco on private terms....For Havre or Bordeaux, an American bark, 1,023 tons, with a full cargo of Tobacco at 35s....For Cadiz, an American bark, 594 tons, hence, with Staves; also, an Italian and a British bark, on private terms....For Bilboa, an American brig, hence with about 1,800 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 5s....For Venice, an Italian bark, 298 tons, with 2,350 bbls. Resin at $1 ₽ 280 lbs., and 1,000 cases Petroleum at 32½c. ₽ case....For Bahia, a German brig, 163 tons, with general cargo, including Flour, on the basis of $1 12½ ₽ bbl....For Surinam, a brig, 300 tons, from Boston and back, on private terms....For the north side of Cuba and back to a port north of Hatteras, an American bark, 305 tons, on private terms....For ports north of Hatteras, the reports from Havana and Matanzas are of further extensive negotiations in the way of Sugar and Molasses charters, at full rates, including from Havana for New-York, a British bark, 433 tons, with Sugar, in hhds. and boxes, at $5 50 and $1 25; an American bark, 531 tons, with 4,000 boxes do. at $1 35; from Caibarien for New-York, a British bark, 286 tons, with Sugar, in hhds., at $6 50; from Cardenas for New-York, an American schooner, 273 tons, with Molasses, at $4 50; from Matanzas, for New-York, a British bark, 620 tons, with Sugar, at $6 75; another, 532 tons, with 400 hhds. Sugar and 400 hhds. Melado, at $6 75 and $5 87½....For Matanzas, a schooner, with 12,000 Box Shooks, from Portland, at 16c....For Beaufort, S. C., a schooner, 300 tons, with Iron, from New-York, at $3 ₽ ton, and back with Lumber, at $10 ₽ thousand....For Boston, from New-Orleans, a ship, with Cotton, at ⅝c. ₽ lb....For New-York, an American ship, 997 tons, (now on the way from Newcastle, New South Wales, to Hong Kong,) from Manila, with a full cargo of Manila Hemp, at $14, gold, ₽ ton measurement....For Pernambuco, an American schooner, 225 tons, with general cargo, from Baltimore, on private terms.

Washington Market.

The Clerk of Washington Market is endeavoring to compel the oystermen doing business in West street, to refrain from dumping their oyster shells in the street, on the ground that they are not only an obstruction, but are an intolerable nuisance. He demands that the dealers shall have carts in readiness day after day to remove the shells, and claims that this is rendered the more necessary as hot weather approaches. The oystermen are prolific of promises, but remarkably slack in performances, and the result is, that not only the limited street-room but the sidewalks are sometimes obstructed for days, during which time vehicles running over the shells reduce them to powder, in which event they are only removed by the wind, much to the discomfort of all having business in that neighborhood. Application was made last evening to Capt. THORNE for an officer to assist in enforcing the law, and hereafter those who persist in violating the instructions of the Market-master or his clerk will be removed.

The Judiciary Committee.

The Committee appointed by the Legislature to investigate the course of the Judiciary, held an executive session, yesterday morning, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, but took no testimony, as none of the witnesses, if any remain to be examined, were present during the morning. The Committee then adjourned, subject to a call from the Chair.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—FLOUR firm and in fair demand for best grades; sales of Treble Extra at $7 50@$8; Family, $8 50@$9. WHEAT active and higher; sample lots of No. 3 Fall, in warehouse, sold at $1 90; strictly prime Red, $1 95. CORN quiet and unchanged at 40½c. for No. 2 Mixed; 41½c. for Yellow. OATS dull and unchanged at 35½c.@36c. for mixed on track; No. 1, in elevator, 38c. BARLEY firm and in fair demand at 65c.@75c. for Iowa Spring; 85c.@90c. for Minnesota. RYE quiet at 81c. WHISKY easier at 83c.@84c. TOBACCO strong. HEMP dull. BAGGING unchanged. PORK firm at $11 75@$12, cash; $12, seller April; lively speculative demand at the close; sales of 1,500 bbls. at $13, seller September. Dry-salted MEATS quiet; only a few small lots of country sold. BACON quiet; country Shoulders sold at 4⅝c.; jobbing and order lots sold at 4⅞c. for Shoulders, 7c. for Clear Rib Sides, 7⅛c. for Clear Sides. Sugar-cured HAMS sold at 11c.@11½c. Lard easier at 8⅝c. Live HOGS dull at $3 50@$4 50. CATTLE lower at $2@$5 50. RECEIPTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat, 63,000 bushels Corn, 18,000 bushels Oats, 6,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye.

CHICAGO, April 9.—FLOUR in improved demand at $5 50@$6 50 for extra Spring. WHEAT dull; sales of No. 2 Spring at $1 22@$1 22¼. CORN dull and easier at 38⅛c.@38⅜c. for No. 2 Mixed. OATS—No. 2 better at 31c. RYE—No. 2 very quiet; 68c. offered, 68½c. asked. BARLEY—No. 2 Spring stronger at 49½c.@50c. PORK opened strong, but closed quiet at $11 85@$11 90. LARD quiet and lower at $8 30@$8 35. Bulk MEATS loose quotable at 3⅝c.@3¾c. for Shoulders; Clear Rib Sides, 5⅝c.@5¾c.; Clear Sides, 6⅜c. HAMS in pickle at 7c.@9c. HIGHWINES quiet at 82c. Live HOGS active and a shade firmer at $4 12½@$4 50. RECEIPTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 47,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 4,000 bushels Barley and 5,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 52,000 bushels Corn, 41,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Barley and 4,000 Hogs.

CINCINNATI, April 9.—FLOUR in fair demand and firm; Family, $7 60@$7 75. WHEAT in fair demand and advanced; Red, $1 69@$1 72. CORN in good demand at 48c. RYE steady at 90c.@92c. OATS in fair demand and higher at 40c.@44c. BARLEY quiet and unchanged. PORK in fair demand and advanced to $12 50@$12 75 on spot; sales 4,000 bbls., seller June, at $12 25. LARD quiet and unchanged, at 8⅝c.@8¾c., asked; no sales. Bulk MEATS—Demand light; holders firm; Shoulders, 4⅛c.; Sides, 6⅛c.@6⅜c., asked; sales, delivered at interior ports, of Shoulders at 4c.; Rough Sides, 5⅜c.@5¾c. BACON—Demand light; holders firm; Shoulders, 4⅝c.@5c.; Sides, 6⅝c.@7⅛c., asked. Live HOGS in fair demand and firm; butchers pay $4 40@$4 50; stock Hogs, $4 10@$4 30. WHISKY steady at 83c.

TOLEDO, April 9.—FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT lower and in fair demand; sales of No. 1 White Michigan at $1 70; Amber Michigan, $1 59¼; No. 1 Red, $1 61@$1 62. CORN dull and a shade lower; sales of high Mixed at 48¼c.; no grade, 46½c. OATS dull and a shade lower at 38½c. for No. 2. CLOVERSEED sold at $5 10. PORK and LARD quiet and unchanged. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn, 1,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 2,000 bushels Corn, and 4,000 bushels Oats.

OSWEGO, April 9.—FLOUR in good demand; sales 2,400 bbls at $8 for No. 1 Spring; $8 50 for Amber Winter; $9 for White Winter; $9 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT steady; sales, 3,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 62. CORN dull; sales, 2 cars at 73c., on the track. BARLEY dull; sales, 2,000 bushels Bay Quinte on private terms. RYE nominally 85c. for Western. CORN-MEAL—$1 60 for bolted; $1 50 for unbolted, ₽ cwt. HIGHWINES, 85c. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour, to Boston, 60c.; to New-York, 50c.; to Albany, 42c.

MILWAUKEE, April 9.—FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT steady at $1 30 for No. 1. OATS—Demand light; holders firm at 32c. for No. 2. CORN dull and drooping at 38¼c. for No. 2 mixed. RYE steady at 69c. for No. 1. BARLEY dull and unchanged at 58c. for No. 2 Fall. PORK firm and in fair demand at $12. LARD—Steam rendered at 8¼c. BULK-MEATS—Shoulders sold at $3 70. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 5,000 bushels Wheat. SHIPMENTS—2,000 bbls. Flour and 5,000 Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—TOBACCO active; sales, 126 hhds.; Lugs, $7@$7 75; Low Leaf, $8@$9; Medium, $9 50@$11; Good, $11 50@$13. BAGGING firm and unchanged. FLOUR firm; Extra Family, $7 25. GRAIN quiet and unchanged. PROVISIONS quiet but firm. BACON, 5⅛c. for Shoulders, 6¾c.@7c. for Sides. Bulk MEATS, 4⅛c. for Shoulders. 5⅝c.@6c. for Sides. PORK, $12 25. WHISKY quiet at 83c.

BUFFALO, April 9.—Rail SHIPMENTS—None. Market generally quiet and unchanged. SEEDS a shade firmer. Sales 2,000 bushels CORN at 59c. in lots; 500 bbls. City-ground Spring FLOUR at $7; 40 bbls. White do. at $8; 300 bushels TIMOTHY-SEED at $3@$3 25; 175 bushels medium CLOVER-SEED at $5 75, and 125 bushels Pearine CLOVER at $7 25@$7 50. Other articles unchanged.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 9.—WHEAT in good milling demand, with sales of one car Diehl, to arrive, at $1 90. RYE quiet and nominally unchanged. CORN steady, but with little offering. BARLEY steady; sales of two cars No. 2 Two-rowed State at 70c. OATS dull; sales, 180 bags State at the Albany and Susquehanna Railway Depot at 53c.

MEMPHIS, April 9.—FLOUR firm at $6@$9 50. CORN dull and lower at 66c.@68c. OATS firm. BACON advanced, and in fair demand at 5⅛c. for Shoulders, 7⅜c.@7½c. for Clear Sides. LARD quiet and weak at 9c.@10c. PORK dull at $13.

CLEVELAND, April 9.—WHEAT dull and firm; sales of No. 1 Red Winter at $1 68; No. 2, $1 58. CORN steady at 52c. OATS—No. 1 quiet at 43c. Refined PETROLEUM very firm at 21c. for car lots; 22c.@22½c. for trade lots.

DETROIT, April 9.—There was no session of the Board of Trade today on account of the unveiling of the State Soldiers' Monument here.

SAVANNAH, April 9.—COTTON in good demand and firm; Middling, 22c.; net receipts, 1,465 bales; exports, coastwise, 119 bales; sales, 850 bales; stock, 38,250 bales.

GALVESTON, April 9.—COTTON quiet; good ordinary, 20½c.; net receipts, 148 bales; exports to Great Britain, 930 bales; coastwise, 2,004 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 19,924 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 9.—COTTON weak; Middling, 22½c.; net receipts, 771 bales; gross, 1,171 bales; sales, 3,700 bales; stock, 135,156 bales.

MOBILE, April 9.—COTTON quiet; no price given; net receipts, 203 bales; sales, 250 bales; stock, 36,902 bales.

CHARLESTON, April 9.—COTTON quiet; Middling, 22c.; net receipts, 1,164 bales; sales, 200 bales; stock, 19,056 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 9—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅝ for money, and 92⅝ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 92¾; 1865s, old, 93⅝; 1867s, 93¼; 10-40s, 89.

1½ P. M.—Consols for money, 92⅝; for the account, 92¾.

4½ P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅝ for money, and 92¾ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 92⅝; 1865s, old, 93¼; 1867s, 93¼; 10-40s, 89.

PARIS, April 9.—Rentes opened at 55f. 70c., and closed at 55f. 65c.

LIVERPOOL, April 9—11 A. M.—COTTON—The market opened steady; Middling Uplands, 11¼d.; Middling Orleans, 11½d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS—The receipts of Wheat at this port for the past three days have been 21,000 quarters, including 19,000 American.

1½ P. M.—COTTON—The market is dull; Middling Uplands, 11¼d.; Middling Orleans, 11½d.@11⅝d. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for speculation and export. BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet; Wheat, 11s. 8d.@11s. 9d. ₽ cental for California White, and 11s. 6d. for Red Winter. Corn, 27s. 9d.@28s. ₽ quarter.

4½ P. M.—COTTON—The market closed dull. Middling Uplands, 11¼d.; Middling Orleans, 11½d.@11⅝d. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export. The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is steady. PROVISIONS—Lard, 40s. 3d. ₽ cwt. Cheese, 69s. ₽ cwt. for the best grades of American fine.

LONDON, April 9.—TALLOW excited at 64s.@66s. ₽ cwt. for Russian.

Transfer of General Order Stores by the Cunard Company.

Mr. C. G. FRANCKLYN, of the Cunard Steam-ship line, made application to the Secretary of the Treasury, asking to be relieved of bond on the Cunard stores—the Jersey City stores—in favor of the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company. Yesterday a letter was sent to the Custom-house from Washington, granting the application, and the Cunard Company will probably formally designate these stores for the reception of unclaimed goods, in compliance with the request of the Collector. It is thought that the transfer was asked for because the Collector objected to the Cunard Company naming their own stores for General Order goods, and now that they have gone into the hands of American citizens there will be no technical impediment. Until the designation is made, unclaimed goods coming by the Cunard line will be sent to the stores of FRANK SQUIRES, the regular district warehouses. It is possible that OELRICHS & Co., of the German line, may transfer their stores at Hoboken into other hands, so as to be at liberty to designate them.

The Extended Term of the General Sessions Illegal—Another Door Opened for the Escape of Convicts.

The General Term of the Supreme Court has just rendered an important decision in the case of ANNA E. BURNS, convicted in December last, before Recorder HACKETT, of the crime of manslaughter in the second degree. At the time of the trial, the prisoner's counsel objected to the organization of the Court, to the general panel of jurors, and to the panel of petit jurors drawn for the trial. The November term had been extended over by Judge BEDFORD until the 10th of December, and the December Term was opened on the 16th of that month. It appeared by admission on the record, that Recorder HACKETT considered the term the December Term, and that the general panel of jurors, as well as those drawn for the trial, had been summoned for the November Term. The General Term now holds that, according to statute, the term of the Court should open on the first Monday in every month; that if the Judge does not attend to hold Court on that day the Court shall be adjourned by the Clerk to the following day, and if on the latter day the Judge fails to attend before 3 o'clock in the afternoon the Court shall adjourn without day; that if the Court is not formally opened by the Judge designated to preside, either on the first Monday of the term or on the day following, it cannot be opened legally or held for the remainder of that term. They also hold that a panel of petit jurors summoned for one term cannot lawfully serve during a subsequent term, and that a conviction before a jury drawn from such panel at such subsequent term is illegal and void.

Business at the Court of General Sessions—Sentences.

The following prisoners were sentenced by Judge BEDFORD, yesterday, in the Court of General Sessions, to State Prison: WM. JOHNSON, burglary third degree, two years; PATRICK KEELEY, robbery first degree, two years and six months; MATILDA MCARDLE, grand larceny, one year; JOHN SETTLES, burglary, one year; CATHARINE JOHNSON, larceny, one year. Judgment was suspended upon ADOLPH SIEGEL, convicted of grand larceny.

One of the untried cases investigated by the Judiciary Committee was placed on trial yesterday. It was that of JOHN MAHONEY, a member of the Sixty-sixth Regiment, charged with a felonious assault upon two officers of the Seventy-first Regiment, on the 16th of July, 1871. The two officers, Capt. CHARLES N. SWIFT and Lieut. EMILE CARDOZO, were returning home in their uniforms from the funeral of PAGE and WYATT of the Ninth Regiment, killed in the 12th of July riot. They were met by MAHONEY on the corner of Thirty-ninth-street and Third-avenue, and were threatened by him with a sword. MAHONEY'S indictment was pigeon-holed until yesterday. The jury found him guilty of assault and recommended a suspension of sentence.

EMMA COUCH, who, with JOHN SMITH, is charged with a conspiracy to blackmail Rev. Dr. CARTER, is at large on her own recognizance, and not making her appearance, a bench-warrant has been issued for her arrest.

The officials of the Staten Island Ferry Company will be tried during this month.

MUSICAL.

VRALLENBERG'S MUSICAL SHEETS.
NO. 518 GRAND-ST.
SONGS.
"When We Meet Beyond the River." By Juch.
"All on the Sly." By Bobby Newcomb.
"Sounds of Long Ago." By Juch.
"Love Me, Leave Me Not." By Pratt.
"Little Faces that We Miss." By Pratt.
"Winking at the Men." By Loesch.
"Baby Will is Sleeping Now." By Garrison.
"Elsie Brave and True." By Tucker.
GUS WILLIAMS' CHARACTER SONGS.
"Up and Down the Avenue." By Pratt.
"I've Been Too Good a Friend." By Pratt.
INSTRUMENTAL.
"Joyous Life." Grand March. By Richards.
"Defendour." Mazurka. By Juch.
"Jolly Brothers." Polka. By Pratt.
FOR SALE AT ALL MUSIC-STORES.

A GREAT OFFER!!

HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, or will take from $4 to $15 monthly until paid; to let, and rent applied if purchased. New 7-octave pianos, carved legs and all modern improvements, for $225 cash. A new kind of PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made, now on exhibition at No. 481 Broadway.

AT HAINES BROS.,
NO. 27 UNION-SQUARE.
The celebrated HAINES PIANOS,
UNSURPASSED FOR TONE, FINISH, &c.,
At very low figures, for cash,
or by instalments, on most favorable terms.
One second-hand Piano, good as new, a bargain.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap. Rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

MAGNIFICENT ROSE-WOOD PIANO-forte, made to order, celebrated maker, fully guaranteed, used five months, cost $900, for $275. Also, parlor suites, paintings, bronzes, mirrors, carpets, book-cases, etageres, ornaments, silver-ware, books, chamber and dining-room furniture, property of family leaving the City—a sacrifice. No. 36 West 15th-st., near 5th-av.

$250—MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.—New seven-octave pianos, every improvement, warranted; $12 monthly installments taken; a bargain for $100. CABLE'S, No. 470 8th-av., near 37th-st.

AT STEEDMAN & HOLLYER'S, NO. 55 West 16th-st.—A large stock of first-class pianos at low prices for cash. A Chickering, $100, seven octaves, elegant cases, overstrung; with all present improvements, $250, $275, and $200.

A SPLENDID 7-OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE, with overstrung bass, agraffe treble, carved legs and all improvements, used a short time; warranted; only $310. PEEK & SON, No. 127 Bleecker-st.

OSCAR COON, NO. 599 BROADWAY.—Music arranged to order for any number of instruments; manuscript compositions examined and corrected; particular attention given to instruction in harmony and instrumentation.

OUVRIER & SONS, NO. 27 WEST 13th-st., manufacturers of first-class upright pianos; a fine assortment to rent for City or country; uprights to order to suit any style of furniture; a superb black and gold at moderate price.

CARD.—PRIVATE MUSIC LESSONS, PIANO, violin, organ, guitar, singing; day and evening; No. 92 Clinton-place, (8th-st.;) circulars and *Student's Journal* mailed free. Address J. JAY WATSON, Musical Director.

A BEAUTIFUL 7 1-4 OCTAVE PIANO, fully carved and all the improvements, by City maker; $175 cash. PIANOS TO RENT and sold on installments at JOHN MAHON'S, No. 316 East 39th-st.

A SOPRANO, TENOR, AND BASS wanted for the choir of a church a few miles from the City. Address, with references and salary expected, MUSIC, Box No. 5,654 Post-office.

A STEINWAY PIANO—A FIRST-CLASS instrument; has been used four months only; cost $750; price $375. No. 107 7th-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC HEALTH PROMOTED! AGRICULTURE BENEFITED!!
GOUX'S
PATENT ABSORBENT CLOSET AND URINAL.

"The Goux system possesses all the advantages of the dry-earth system without its disadvantages; it is economical, deodorizing and self-acting. The whole refuse of every house, as excreta, liquid or solid, ashes and sweepings are disposed of and turned to account; and it is applicable in individual cases, dwellings, and in large communities. The alterations to the ordinary closets, to adapt them to the dry system, are less costly in the Goux process than in any other, and it is applicable to the best description of houses, as well as to the dwellings of the poor."—*Scientific American, Jan. 1, 1872.*

For further particulars, apply to, or address.
GOUX FERTILIZING COMPANY,
Corner Varick, Vestry and Canal sts., New-York.

SEAMEN'S FUND AND RETREAT.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat, held at their office, No. 12 Old-slip, on the 9th day of April, 1872, pursuant to the notice for organizing the Board of Trustees and appointing the usual officers for the ensuing year, the following named gentlemen were duly elected:
CLARKSON CROLIUS, President.
JOSEPH PERKINS, Secretary.
C. HENRY KING, Physician-in-Chief.
D. H. JOHNSON, House Physician and Apothecary.
OLA HELLAND, Chaplain.
DAVID A. EDGAR, Jr., Superintendent.
JAMES W. CLAWSON, Office Clerk and Collector.
FINANCE COMMITTEE.
DANIEL L. CLAWSON, Chairman.
JOHN M. FENIER.
ABRAHAM H. WOOD.
JOSEPH PERKINS, Secretary.

THREE LECTURES ON STRICTURE and its instant cure by the Wrethrotome, with type cases of each variety, varicocele, arrest of development, and other abnormal conditions, with their modern treatment. By EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., No. 42 5th-av. Inclose 25 cents to J. S. REDFIELD, No. 140 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE LOW—AN ELEGANT BACK-parlor pier mirror, with elaborate cornices, 4X12 feet; also, two smaller ones. Apply at the private dwelling, No. 242 West 56th-st.

TEN-HORSE ENGINES, AND BOILERS, for sale. Apply to JNO. T. DUNKIN, Nos. 552 to 556 West 27th-st.

FOR SALE—A LOT OF FINE SHELVING and a show window, suitable for a book and stationery-store. Apply immediately at 136 Nassau-st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS chamber-maid and waitress, in a small private family residing on the north shore of Staten Island; to a suitable person, showing undoubted references from parties who can be seen, liberal wages are offered. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock, to DAVISON BROWN, No. 90 Broadway, corner Wall-st.

BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, FOR A book business, a man thoroughly qualified as bookkeeper and to assist as salesman; must be familiar with the business and disposed to make himself generally useful; the best of references required. Address PUBLISHER, giving references, stating salary expected, &c., Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK; ONE WHO thoroughly understands her business and is willing to do part of the washing and ironing of a small private family; wages $16; City references required. Apply to A. PELTON, No. 645 6th-av., near 37th-st.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS, THOROUGHLY competent; also a good seamstress, that can cut and make children's clothing, and understands hairdressing; also, chamber-maid and waitress. Swede or Norwegian preferred. Apply at No. 94 2d-av.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A cook who will be required to assist in the washing; a chamber-maid and waitress, and a nurse and seamstress; must be Germans and have good references. Call at No. 261 West 11th-st.

WANTED—IN A FOREIGN AND DOMES-tic commission woolen-house, a person of mature experience, having an acquaintance with buyers; will be liberally treated. Address with reference, Post-office Box No. 1,926.

TO TAILORS.—WANTED, TWO FIRST class coat-makers and one pantaloon-maker; to such steady employment given. Call for two days on STEPHEN DOWLING, between 157th and 158th sts., Carmansville, New-York.

ADAMS PRESSMAN.—WANTED, A SUperior man, competent to do the best cut work. Place permanent for the right man.
S. W. GREEN, No. 18 Jacob-st.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR LIFE OF PROF. MORSE.—Best selling books; largest commission paid. NEW-YORK AND HARTFORD PUBLISHING COMPANY, No. 41 Park-row.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS cook in a private family. Apply at No. 356 West 23d-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN; STATE REFerence, wages, nationality. Address L, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

BRUSHES, &C.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT Brush Factory, 335 Pearl-st., (Harpers' building;) all articles at lowest prices. JOHN K. HOPPEL.

PERSONAL.

DARING BETIMES SEMPITERNAL yoke friary holp buzz hilding nose wail truss keel front footpad aught.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

S. & E. V. ODELL
Supply employers in the City or country with reliable
SERVANTS.
PROTESTANT AND CATHOLIC.]
NO. 109 WEST 34TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
ESTABLISHED 1852.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant woman, a situation as first-class seamstress and dress-maker; understands cutting, fitting and operating on Wheeler & Wilson machine; has seven years' reference from last place. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation as laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of fine washing and ironing; best City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 226 East 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. (Ring first bell.)

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as seamstress, to go out by day, week or month in private families; a good dress-maker and splendid operator on any machine; does all kinds of fine work. Call at No. 305 East 60th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, very respectable, a situation as cook, and to wash and iron, or as cook and to assist with washing; good plain cook; good washer and ironer; good testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th av.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH WOMAN, A SITuation as cook in a private family; understands her business; good City reference; no objection to the country for the summer months. Apply at No. 1 Union-court, University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman; is a good cook and baker, an excellent washer and ironer; good City reference can be given from last place. Call or address No. 143 West 39th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman as first-class laundress; understands ladies' finery and fluting; will go to the country with a family; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young woman as good cook and an excellent baker; will assist in the washing; is capable and reliable; will go in the country with a family; best City references. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, active young woman, as chamber-maid and waitress or to do chamber-work and sewing; three years' City reference; will go to the country with a family. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

EMPLOYERS

In want of first-rate help, City or country, in any capacity, can be suited immediately at WALKER'S, No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as first-class waitress or to do chamber-work and assist in washing and ironing; good City reference. Apply at No. 490 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent nurse and seamstress; can bring up a baby by hand; wishes to engage with a family going to California or Europe; is never sea-sick. Can be seen for three days at present employer's, No. 241 5th-av.

ALL PARTIES WANTING HELP AND all help wanting situations call at BOOKHAM'S, at No. 335 4th-av.—Professed and other cooks; ladies' maids, seamstresses, waitresses, nurses, houseworkers, and those lately landed of all nations.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Welsh Protestant woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A first-class woman and excellent cook; meats, game, soups of all kinds, side dishes, boning, larding, pastry, creams, jellies, ices; excellent baker; best testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as first-class cook; understands all kinds nice cooking, meats, soups, game, pastry, &c.; has two years' reference from former place. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS would go out by the day, or would take a situation in a small private family; excellent references. Address A. R., Box No. 47 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED COLORED monthly nurse solicits engagements; unexceptionable reference from physicians and former patrons. Call or address Mrs. H. NEILSON, No. 155 West 24th-st., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as waitress in a private family, or will assist in chamber-work; best reference from present employer. Address S. V., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress, or would do the chamber-work and waiting in a small private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 34 East 40th-st., over a private stable.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as nurse; can take entire charge of children and sew on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 426 4th-av., near 29th-st., in the store.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable girls; one as nurse and seamstress, the other to do chamber-work and to assist in the washing; best City references. Apply at No. 156 West 52d-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD girl as nurse and plain sewing, or chamber-maid and assist in the washing; would like the country for the Summer; City reference. Apply at No. 263 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, a cook's situation; very respectable and very good cook; meats, pastry; excellent baker, &c.; understands the care of milk and butter. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young girl as nurse and seamstress, or nurse and light chamber-work, or to wait on a lady and travel for Summer; highly recommended. Call at the corset-store, No. 206 3d-av., corner of 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches, boning, larding, &c.; well-recommended by last employer. Can be seen for two days at No. 35 East 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as first-class laundress; no objection to City or country; has the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 243 West 18th-st., rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERIcan Protestant woman, middle-aged, a situation as chamber-maid and to do light work in a private family. Call at No. 471 2d-av. for two days.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 37th-st., (formerly with Bedell, 4th-av.,) will be found desirable servants of all nations, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country.

WANTED—A WAITRESS' OR CHAMBERmaid and waitress' situation by a German young woman; very respectable and competent to fill the situation; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl to do general house-work in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 229 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as nurse; capable to take entire charge of an infant; best of City reference as to capability. Call at No. 194 7th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to take in washing or go out by the day; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 490 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS or as chamber-maid, and to do plain sewing; excellent reference. Apply at No. 161 West 34th-st., present employer's.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADIES' maid by a German; speaks English and French; excellent hair-dresser and dress-maker; would like to go to Europe. Address A. B., Hoffman House.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class cook, and all its branches; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 263 West 32d-st.

WANTED—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY AN experienced woman, a situation as cook; would be willing to assist with washing; best of references. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent cook; understands cooking and baking thoroughly. Apply at present employer's, No. 12 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, A situation as chamber-maid, or to take care of children. Inquire at No. 345 East 23d-st., in the store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference. Apply at No. 314 West 39th-st.

AN AMERICAN WIDOW OF REFINEment and experience, desires a position as housekeeper; character unexceptionable; widower's family preferred. Address M. E., Station C, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGlish maid speaking French; cut, fits, and does all kinds of family sewing. Call at French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH woman as maid and seamstress; has excellent references, and a lady to recommend her in this City. Can be seen at the French Office, 405 5th-av.

GET YOUR FIRST-CLASS COLORED coachmen, waiters, grooms, porters, gardeners, errand-boys, &c., at SIMM'S select agency, No. 541 6th-av. Farm hands also.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Scotch girl as laundress; thoroughly understands her business; City reference. Call at No. 212 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress in a small private family; City reference. Apply at No. 246 West 35th-st., rear house.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; good City reference. Apply at No. 111 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; the best of City references. Call at No. 118 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or as chamber-maid; has good City reference. Call at No. 207 West 51st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as nurse; country preferred; good reference. Apply at No. 222 West 36th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class waitress in a private family; best City reference. Apply at No. 737 6th-av., corner of 42d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a laundry; thoroughly understands her business; City reference. Call at 229 West 19th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG person, a situation; is an excellent family seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing; would go to the country for the Summer, or would travel with a family; has City references. Apply at No. 155 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH cook and housekeeper in a French family, or in a family where they speak French; for a small family, a good French cook. Call at the French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED.—A SEAMSTRESS WOULD GO out by the day or week; understands dress-making and all kinds of family sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at No. 135 East 27th-st., corner of Lexington-av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS nurse and seamstress for a child three years old, with good City references. Apply between 9 and 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 269 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent person as good cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; best City references. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as maid and seamstress; is a good dress-maker; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at No. 324 East 56th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as first-class cook; best City reference. Call at No. 262 West 32d-st., first floor, front room.

EMPLOYERS WANTING FIRST-CLASS colored chamber-maids, waitresses, seamstresses, nurses, immediately, should call at SIMMS' Select Agency, No. 541 6th-av., near 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 335 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable girls in a private family; one as first-class cook and to assist with the washing, the other as chamber-maid and seamstress or waitress; would do the work between them; no objection to the country; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 116 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WIDOW lady of refinement and capability, a position to take full charge of a gentleman's house; unexceptionable references given, if required. Address Mrs. CLARKE, Box 140 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation to travel with a family going to Europe; fully competent to take the entire charge of children. Apply at No. 341 East 22d-st., Room No. 5, for one week.

WANTED—BY A COOK, A SITUATION IN a private family; thoroughly understands her business and will assist in the washing; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 316 East 27th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A POSITION AS WORKING housekeeper in a gentleman's family by a young widow from New-England; is a good manager; has the best of reference. Address, stating place of interview, Mrs. G. G., Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A situation as chamber-maid with a private family; has between two and three years' experience; would prefer a family going to the country during the Summer. Call for two days at No. 328 East 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl to do chamber-work and waiting; has no objection to go to the county for the Summer; the best City reference given. Apply at No. 613 East 9th-st., between Avenues B and C, one stair up.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW LADY, A SITUAtion as a housekeeper for a widower; no objections to the care of children; the best of references given and required. Address F. A. C., *Commercial Advertiser* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands English, French and American cooking; soups, meats, games, pastries, breads and desserts of all kinds; City reference. Call at No. 119 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking thoroughly; City or country; excellent City reference. Call or address for two days No. 213 East 25th-st., in the store, near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as nurse, who understands the care of children thoroughly; willing to make herself useful; wages not so much an object as a good home; good City reference. Apply at No. 106 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LAUNdress, a few gentlemen's washing to do at home; shirts, collars, &c., done in superior style; good reference. Call or address No. 144 West 32d-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as laundress and to assist in chamber-work. Call at present employer's, No. 161 West 34th-st., for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chamber-maid and fine washer; best City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 125 West 21st-st., Bell No. 14.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid; will assist with waiting; unexceptionable City reference. Apply at present employer's, No. 325 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as thorough waitress; has the best City recommendations. Can be seen at No. 43 East 32d-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent nurse and seamstress; has six years' reference from her present employer, where she can be seen for two days, from 9 to 12, at No. 15 East 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMpetent young girl as seamstress or child's nurse; no objection to the country or to travel. Call for two days at No. 161 West 34th-st., present employers.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, a situation as chamber-maid, and fine washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call at No. 13 West 44th-st.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSItions, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 303 Bowery, entrance on 1st-st. Mrs. LOWE.

WANTED—BY A GOOD GERMAN WOMAN, a situation to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chamber-maid and seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson machine; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 236 East 21st-st.

A LADY WANTS A HOME WHERE she can be useful to an invalid, or help in the supervision of a house, or care for children. Address A. M. SCOTT, Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman to go out by the day either to house-clean, wash or iron; has got good recommendations. Call at No. 127 East 4th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant girl as nurse; can take entire charge of an infant; no objection to travel during Summer; excellent City reference. Call or address 210 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl in a small private family, to do general house-work or upstairs work. Call at No. 158 Hudson-st., Hoboken, N. J.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; good City references. Apply at No. 201 East 52d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class cook, with excellent City references. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 34 West 17th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as professed cook; no objection to assist with washing if required. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 130 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman to do chamber-work and plain sewing; no objection to country; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 217 West 28th-st., rear.

WANTED—BY AN EXCELLENT LAUNdress, gentlemen's or families' washing to do at home; highly recommended. Apply at No. 213 East 28th-st., third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried woman, a baby at her own house. Inquire at No. 186 Madison-st., Mrs. Krope.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as nurse and seamstress; has no objection to the country. Call at No. 409 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress. Call at No. 242 1st-av.

MALES.

GENTLEMEN
WISHING MALE HELP
CAN FIND THE FOLLOWING
(WITH 100 OTHERS)
At No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.
NO HUMBUG.

WANTED—SITUATION BY WM. FOSTER, North of Ireland Protestant, lately landed, six years' reference from last employer, as coachman and groom; will assist in garden if required. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATION BY PETER MC Ginn, a young Scotchman lately landed; can keep a gentleman's place in good order; can care and drive horses, milk, mow, &c. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant man (experienced) as coachman; country preferred; has four years' reference from last employer. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATION BY PIERNE HOLly, Protestant, as coachman and gardener; willing to make himself useful; good references; can milk. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; best references from last employer's; City or country. Call or address for two days R. K., No. 1,380 Broadway, in harness-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION, CITY OR COUNtry, by a first-class colored waiter in a private family; thoroughly understands his duties; excellent City reference. Call or address for two days at No. 250 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a married man as first-class gardener in hot and cold graperies, green-house, vegetable, laying out places; best of references. Address GARDENER, seed-store No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a thoroughly competent man; greenhouses, graperies and vegetables, laying out new grounds, &c.; good reference. Address W. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family, by a sober, Protestant young man; no objection to go in the country; has reference. Address WILLIAM, Box No. 19, up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN OF small incumbrance, a situation as coachman and groom; is willing and obliging; four years' reference from his last employer. Address J. S., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SWEDE, as gardener; understands the care of greenhouse, hot-beds, flowers, vines, graperies, &c., of every description; is willing, strictly temperate and not afraid of work; will hire for moderate wages. Apply or address No. 42 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant married man, a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; is trustworthy and obliging; good City reference; no objection to the country. Address W. T., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or coachman and gardener, by a respectable Protestant young man; understands his business; excellent reference from last employer; neither drinks nor uses tobacco; country preferred. Address W. H. S., Uptown *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG single man, as coachman or gardener; is a good, careful driver; first-class reference as to honesty, and strictly temperate. Call or address, two days, W., in care of Mr. J. McCabe, No. 603 7th-av., between 42d and 43d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCHman (single) as coachman and groom, or to take care of road horses; has a thorough knowledge of the business; long experience; City or country; best of reference. Address M. M., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by a young man; thoroughly understands the business; is a good, careful driver; is willing to make himself useful; is willing and obliging; good City reference. Address C., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENers' situation by a respectable married man, one child; is hard working, sober, industrious, trustworthy; thoroughly understands his business in both; many years' experience. Call or address WILLIAM, seed-store, No. 87 Nassau-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, a situation as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness and carriages; two years in the country; good recommendations from last employer. Address D. H., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO obtain a situation for his coachman, who is a first-class, trustworthy, honest, sober and industrious young man; understands his business thoroughly. Address R., Box No. 11 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a young married man; City or country; sober, willing, and understands his business; two years' reference from last employer; not afraid of work. Call or address P. M., No. 116 East 32d-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, by a Protestant single man; strictly sober; understands his business in all its branches; five and a half years' references from last place; City or country. Address A. B., No. 21 East 33d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man as farmer; understands vegetable gardening; can give best of reference; wants house for wife and child to live in. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class gardener; understands hot-house, grapes, flowers and vegetables; can give best of reference from last employer. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A PLACE as coachman; is a perfect driver; truly sober and honest; can plant all kinds of flowers; City or country; has best references to show. Call for two days at No. 216 West 30th-st., for JOHN B.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, AGED twenty-seven, a situation as coachman and gardener; five years' reference from last employer, who can be seen in the City; can milk and mow. Address B. L. H., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A SWEDISH man and wife, no children; man as coachman and assistant gardener; wife as cook, washer and ironer or house-worker; both have good reference. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY ADOLPH Monroe (German) as gardener; does not speak English; has good reference from old country; will work for moderate wages. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY ROBERT Musgrove (Protestant,) a respectable young man, as assistant gardener; is willing to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a practical horseman; can break young stock; has served the best of families; fine reference. Call on or address J. D., at the harness-store No. 37 Union-square.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young colored man as waiter in a private family; thoroughly understands his business; good City reference. Call or address J. H. W., No. 45 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young married man; his wife as first-class laundress; best City reference; no objection to the country. Call or address J. F., Neilson & Guild's, No. 37 Union-square.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a Protestant young man; very respectable; will make himself useful; good, careful driver; excellent groom and gardener; can milk, &c.; very best testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED COACHman, (married, without family,) a situation in a first-class family; no objection to the country for the Summer months. Call or address J. H., in Mr. Campbell's harness-store, No. 80 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH GROOM, EXpert rider, and careful driver, (from England,) an experienced single man, a situation; is temperate, trustworthy and obliging; good reference. Address C. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant young German, a situation as coachman; good groom and first-class driver; ten years' experience in this City; best City references. Call or address L. CAMP, 111 East 11th-st., in the feed-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class coachman; single; thoroughly understands the care of horses, and is a careful driver; best City references given as to ability. Call or address A. G., harness-store, No. 37 Union-square.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable man; wife as seamstress or waitress; both thoroughly competent; first-class reference from last employer. Address J. C., Box. No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a respectable, active man, married, no family, strictly temperate, and who thoroughly understands his business; best reference. Address A. M., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced coachman and thorough groom of light weight; has filled that position in Europe several years; first-class City reference from last employer. Address C. C., No. 51 East 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable man (Protestant) as waiter in private family; City or country; good City references. Call or address JOHN MOORE, No. 34 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business, and can come well recommended. Call on or address L. C., 332 4th-av., (market,) for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, CITY OR COUNtry, by a single young man as coachman; thoroughly competent, and has best City references. Call or address M. S., No. 26 East 40th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY JOHN BETcher, a young German, as coachman and gardener; well recommended; willing to be generally useful. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, (ENGlish,) a situation as coachman or groom; understands his business. Apply at No. 428 West 42d-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG GERman Protestant, a situation as coachman; refers to his present employer. Address R. K., harness-store, No. 1,380 Broadway.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUation as coachman; is a steady, careful driver; has the best City references; no objection to the country. Address EDWARD, No. 33 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTestant young man, just landed, as coachman; a good milker, if required; good certificates from last employer. Address W. H., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN, A SITUATION AS groom or as useful man around stables; can milk or drive; not afraid of work. Address G. B., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; is willing and obliging. Address J. Q., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; Protestant; married; no incumbrance. Can be seen or address COACHMAN, private stable, No. 11 East 27th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and plain gardener; understands the business. Address K., Box 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; has the best City reference from his last place. Call at or address No. 38 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN GARDENER'S SITUation by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; greenhouses and graperies, fruits, flowers and vegetables; best of reference from last employers. Address A. S., at the seed-store No. 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO IS handy at painting and carpenter work, and plumbing, a situation as janitor in a private or public building, or as porter in a store; permanent situation. For further particulars address THOMAS, Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, EMPLOYment as book-keeper or porter-clerk; is willing to work; can give good reference and good security for his honesty and industry. Address P. B., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN GARDENER, married, with one child, a situation; fully understands his business; can milk; understands the care of flowers, and is willing and obliging. Address JOHN, care of Mr. Thorburn, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman and groom; has the best of City reference. Call or address for two days N. M., No. 52 East 33d-st.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

AN EXPERIENCED AND ACCOMplished phonographic secretary is open to an engagement. Address PHONOGRAPHER, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE JEUNE FILLE FRANCAISE DEsire trouver une place pour voyager comme bonne d'enfant; vue pour plusieurs jours. S'adresser au No. 395 6me-av

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—IL TROVATORE, (Italian Opera.)—Mme. Parepa-Rosa, Messrs. Santley and Wachtel.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—THE VETERAN—Mr. Lester Wallack, Miss Effie Germon.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—POLL AND PARTNER JOE—Mrs. John Wood, Mr. Mark Smith.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—PLOT AND PASSION.—Miss Carlotta Le Clercq.

BROADWAY THEATRE—GOLD.—Miss Jean Burnside and Mr. James H. Taylor.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—ARTICLE 47.—Mr. George H. Griffiths and Miss Fanny Davenport.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—LALLA ROOKH—Mr. J. B. Studley, Miss Edith Challis.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. G. L. Fox and Martens Family. Matinée at 2.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—VARIETY PERFORMANCE.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE—LITTLE DON GIOVANNI.—The Chapman Sisters.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and Evening.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY—FARCES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.—EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ATHLETIC FEATS.

EMPIRE RINK.—BARNUM'S MUSEUM, CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE. Afternoon and evening.

FIFTH-AVENUE, No. 161.—EXHIBITION OF SELOUS' PAINTING OF JERUSALEM.

ST. JAMES' THEATRE.—MCEVOY'S HIBERNICON.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE.—LECTURE by Rev. T. De Witt Talmage. Subject, "Rough and Tumble Experience."

ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL.—LECTURE by Mr. De Cordova. Subject, "Our First Baby."

APOLLO HALL.—FAIR for the benefit of St. Luke's Home.

The New-York Times.

DAILY, WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

This journal is now thoroughly identified with the greatest political necessity of the hour—uncompromising warfare against all forms of corruption, whether in national or local government. For years past the TIMES has been exposing the demoralizing schemes of self-interested politicians, and its recent warfare upon the Tammany Democrats has been received with universal approval. It has adhered to the pledge given in its original prospectus, more than twenty years ago, that the public should be truly represented, and their interests faithfully guarded through its columns. Its record has been pure and honorable, and the highest aim of its proprietors is to render it more and more worthy of its past history, and of the confidence which the public repose in it. Two out of three of the original proprietors still direct its policy, and guide it on all public questions. They purpose that the TIMES shall continue to keep clear of all narrow and unworthy influences and cliques, and aim to represent the great body of the public, as distinguished from personal factions. It occupies a perfectly independent position, and is free to speak the truth on all subjects and about all men. Its greatly increased circulation throughout the country adds to its power and influence. It will continue to be a faithful exponent of Republican principles, and advocate with untiring energy every cause which tends to further the welfare of the people.

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The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY, per annum	3
The SEMI-WEEKLY, two copies, one year	5
The SEMI-WEEKLY, ten copies one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	25
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2
The WEEKLY TIMES, five copies, one year	8
The WEEKLY TIMES, ten copies, one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	15
The WEEKLY TIMES, twenty copies, one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	25
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THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 308 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house, and No. 1,241 Broadway, between 30th and 31st sts., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ The NEW-YORK TIMES has opened a branch office in Brooklyn at No. 44 Court-st opposite the City Hall, where advertisements will be received until 5 P. M.

☞ *Throughout the Presidential canvass, we shall publish fuller reports of meetings and conventions in each State than any other New-York journal. The letters and dispatches we received from New-Hampshire and Connecticut afford examples of the thorough and impartial manner in which our correspondents will perform their work. Very full dispatches will be forwarded by telegraph, supplemented by careful letters. Our desire is to place before the public the latest and most trustworthy information, and we have made ample arrangements for that purpose.*

As a further example of the thoroughness with which this is being done, we refer to our returns from the Connecticut election, which were earlier, more complete, and more accurate than those of any other New-York paper.

It is now announced, on what may be regarded as official authority, that Senator FENTON will give the immense weight of his name and influence to the Cincinnati Convention. The *Tribune* says that the opponents of that Convention will not be much "delighted" by the Senator's "demonstration." It is mistaken. Nothing will be more satisfactory to the said opponents than to see FENTON cast in his lot with the bolters. He will be a worthy associate of SCHURZ, TIPTON and GREELEY. His past career as a "reformer" qualifies him to become a leader in a movement which is designed to cause a split in the Republican Party, and help the Democrats back to power. The worst enemies of the Cincinnati bolt could wish for nothing better than to see FENTON identified with it.

This evening will be held the meeting in support of the Administration of Gen. GRANT, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music. The call has already been signed by so many thousands of the best citizens of Brooklyn that there is no room for doubt that the meeting will be an overflowing one. It is one of those spontaneous expressions of the general feeling of the community which are sure to be hearty and imposing. The meeting has been from the beginning in the hands of that class of men who stood by Gen. GRANT in the trying hours of the war, and who find no reason to withdraw the well-founded and unreserved confidence they then reposed in him.

We have been calling for the last six weeks upon all sections of Reformers to organize for the election which, charter or no charter, must occur before the end of this month. It is, perhaps, fortunate for the cause represented by the Committee of Seventy that the organization called for in their stirring appeal, published in another column, has been partially anticipated. The address referred to gives a remarkably clear and forcible statement of the present situation of Municipal politics, and will, we trust, have its full weight with the honest men of all shades of opinion. If the charter should pass, the Ward Reform Associations will have very hard work to make the requisite thoroughness of preparation necessary for entering upon an election under the minority principle. If, on the other hand, the contest should centre upon the election of Mayor, and through that determine the reconstruction of the City Departments, the preliminary calculations of Reformers may be greatly simplified, but their task will be even more important, because everything will depend upon the people's choice for Chief Magistrate. Reform is doomed for another cycle of years, if the vote of November does not find its counterpart in the vote of April. The politicians must be made to understand, in a way which cannot be mistaken, that the day of spasmodic popular movements is over, and that the citizens of New-York have definitely resumed the conduct of their own affairs.

The condition and prospects of the Republican Party in Pennsylvania are described by our special correspondent this morning. The relations of the Cameron, Curtin, and railroad parties in the State are set forth, and an interesting sketch is given of the leading candidate for the gubernatorial nomination. Light is also thrown on the recent Grey-McClure contest, and on the value of the instructions given to the delegates to the Convention in favor of Gen. GRANT's nomination at Philadelphia.

We publish today a comprehensive summary of the evidence taken by the Judiciary Committee intrusted with the investigation into the charges against certain New-York Judges. The summary has been prepared by the Committee of the Bar Association, and may be safely accepted as a careful and impartial digest of the evidence. A little examination will show that it fully bears out the conclusion indicated in an article below. Two important communications bearing on the same subject, will also be found in another column.

The Attack on the Republican Party.

There is some reason to look for light on the Cincinnati movement, which hitherto has been shrouded in perplexing contradiction and confusion. It is announced by the supporters of the movement, who have formerly been Republicans, that a meeting of its friends will be held next Friday evening in this City—although the *World* doubts this, and assumes, in addition, that if the meeting is held there is great danger of its proving a "fizzle," Mr. GREELEY declares that the meeting will be held, and that Senators SCHURZ and TRUMBULL will address it, and intimates that Senator FENTON, in spite of his confessed want of capacity for public speaking, will pluck up courage to do likewise.

For our part we hope the meeting will take place, and if Senators SCHURZ and TRUMBULL and FENTON will tell all they know on the subject, the country will gain some information of which the Cincinnati schemers have so far been painfully economical.

Meantime, there is no concealment of the purpose to break up the Republican Party by the Cincinnati Convention, if possible. The authors and supporters of the movement admit as much by making war upon the legitimate organization, by impugning the freedom and authority of the Republican National Convention, by their unanimous aspersion of the acts and views of the President, and by their attitude toward the Democracy. From the latter they have already obtained the conditions on which the candidates of the Cincinnati Convention—if any are named there—will be indorsed by the Democratic National Convention. The present effort is to fulfill those conditions, which are, first, that the bolt shall show strength among Republicans; second, that the platform shall not be too offensive to Democratic prejudices; and third, that the candidates shall be men with some claim on Democratic affections.

Two facts are obvious with reference to the management. One is that it depends absolutely for its success on a combination with the Democrats, and the other, that such a combination is necessarily fatal to any reforms which its authors may seek. The men who are engaged in the Cincinnati movement do not essay to improve the Republican Party; they are bent on defeating it. They do not ask that in addition to the general reforms, on which all are agreed, the party shall take up certain measures of reform; but they propose to ignore the general aims of the party, to drive it from power, and to give the Government to a party composed substantially of Democrats. In doing this, they not only abandon the purposes which they have hitherto pursued through the Republican Party, but they defeat the very purposes which they claim to advance in their independent action.

The professed objects of the Cincinnati movement are amnesty, revenue reform, and civil service reform. Amnesty they will undoubtedly get, if they succeed in restoring the Democratic Party to power, but with it they will obtain none of the benefits which the same measure from a Republican Government would bring about. Amnesty from the party that conquered the rebellion, and especially from a Government of which Gen. GRANT was the head, would be simply permission to the rebel leaders to resume their political activity at home, with no intimation that their past actions were approved, or their atrocious doctrines in the slightest degree favored. Under these circumstances, the able men who are now disqualified from holding office in the South would be restored to the task of local government, with the understanding that the past was to be ignored equally on both sides. But amnesty from a Government controlled by the Democrats would not be regarded as an act of humane policy, but, by both grantors and recipients, as a concession of right. The past, instead of being ignored, would be revived. The old animosities, ambitions, and fanaticisms, which in the former case would be buried as the tacit condition of the grant of amnesty, would, in the latter, be maintained in full force, and directed inevitably toward the National Government. We approve of general amnesty, as do the President, the House of Representatives, at least one-half of the Senate, and the great body of the people of the North. But we regard it as an act of insane and wicked folly to endeavor to secure it through the domination of the Democratic Party.

The Cincinnati men also profess to seek revenue reform. We have favored that, and it is supported by about the same proportion of the Republican Party as is amnesty. But revenue reform is only possible when the taxes are efficiently collected and honestly applied, when the credit of the country is firmly maintained, and when good faith to the national creditors is beyond suspicion. Once revive the waste and corruption of ANDREW JOHNSON's Administration, or allow any of the Democratic heresies regarding the currency and the bonds to gain even a respectful hearing in Congress, and revenue reform becomes impossible. The country would be taxed to its utmost to carry the load imposed upon it, and any attempt to essentially alter and cut down the revenue would entail hopeless confusion and disaster.

As for civil service reform, that, at the hands of Democrats, is something we do not believe anybody expects, and our "Liberal" friends would find that it would be the one concession which it would be morally impossible to wring from their new allies. If President GRANT finds difficulties in his way among Republican Congressmen and Senators, in securing this reform, what would a "Liberal" Republican President find among representatives of the party that produced Tammany?

A Matter for Prompt Action.

The Legislative Committee have closed their investigation into the charges against our corrupt Judges. We have no desire to anticipate the verdict of men whom we believe to be very impartial, and thoroughly impressed with the importance of the duty committed to them. We are simply stating the prevalent opinion among those best informed when we say that evidence has been submitted to the Committee amply sufficient to justify a recommendation for the impeachment of those members of the New-York Judiciary who have for years past parodied justice, and made our Courts a subject for reproach throughout the civilized world. Neither the Committee nor the Legislature itself stand in the position of judges of the case submitted to them. Their duty is simply to act on well-substantiated *prima facie* evidence, leaving the accurate measure of criminality to be determined by the proper tribunal. The investigation now closed is strictly analogous to that made by a Grand Jury into the apparent guilt of an accused person, and the Committee ought to be guided in its report by precisely similar rules to those which would warrant the committal for trial of an ordinary citizen.

There is nothing which would cast greater discredit upon the genuineness of the New-York reform movement than a failure at the present juncture to begin the purification of the Bench. Throughout the entire Union, the New-York Bar has been looked on as degraded by its contact with men who have made the Bench alternately the seat of buffoonery, rowdyism, and shameless traffic in decisions. Abroad, capitalists have been deterred from pouring their wealth into our industrial enterprises, from the apparent league formed between Judges of the Supreme Court and swindlers in Wall-street. The entire country has suffered from the contempt brought upon American justice by the practices of New-York Courts. Millions of dollars would not pay for the material loss thus inflicted upon the nation, and the demoralizing effect of the corruption of our Courts has been felt in every department of politics and society. The disgrace has been too notorious, and too well ascertained, to be disposed of by an investigation which should lead nowhere. Action on the evidence must be as decided as it is prompt. A higher responsibility could not possibly be intrusted to any body of men than that which rests first on the Judiciary Committee, and afterwards on the Legislature. We hope and believe that they will prove themselves to be fully worthy of it.

The New Irish Alliance.

Mr. GREELEY may not closely resemble the Apostle Paul morally or intellectually, but he evidently strives to follow to the letter the Apostle's advice to be all things to all men. We have contemplated Mr. GREELEY, in days gone by, as a secessionist, who proposed to let the South go, and as a Unionist, who insisted upon the immediate crushing of the rebellion. He has appeared in the character of an original abolitionist, and afterward in that of the friend of JEFF. DAVIS, and the eulogist of the rebel soldiers. GREELEY the Fourierite, the farmer, the political economist, and the opponent of tobacco—with shares in a tobacco company, is familiar to us all; but his latest appearance, in the character of an Irishman, is, perhaps, the most unexpected of all his various eccentricities.

The *Tribune* yesterday contained the following highly-important announcement:

> Horace Greeley Irish-American Leagues have been organized in this City as follows:
>
> *Sixth Ward*—President, MICHAEL MURPHY; Vice-President, MICHAEL DOHERTY; Treasurer, MAURICE FLYNN; Secretary, MICHAEL ROCHE.
>
> *Seventh Ward*—President, PETER P. MULVEY; Vice-President, JOHN HAGGERTY; Treasurer, PHILIP COONEY; Secretary, DANIEL O'CONNELL MULVEY.
>
> *Thirteenth Ward*—President, PHILIP MALLIN; Vice-President, GEORGE HENNESSY; Treasurer, JAMES NOLAN; Secretary, JOHN DONEGAN.

From this it is plain that the perpetual candidate is now engaged in bidding for the Irish vote. Forgetting his inveterate hostility to the name of Murphy, he has sought and obtained the support of those eminent statesmen, Messrs. MICHAEL MURPHY, MICHAEL DOHERTY and MICHAEL ROCHE. These gentlemen, with the assistance of other unmistakably Irish citizens, have organized Irish-American Leagues, pledged to support Mr. GREELEY for the Presidency. Of course it is expected that he will court votes wherever it is possible to obtain them, but no one really supposed that he would apply for help to the Murphys and Flynns of the Sixth Ward. Has he counted the cost of obtaining the enthusiastic aid of his new Celtic friends? If not, let him pause before it is too late, and reflect upon the imminent danger to his health and his morals, to which he will be exposed when he attends the meetings of the "Sixth Ward Horace Greeley Irish-American League."

It will never do for him to attend an Irish meeting in his accustomed white coat and hat. He should remember the fate of the man with a yellow dog who sought entrance to Artemus Ward's show, and insisted that he was coming in. "Not with that yellow dog," said Ward. "Oh yes," replied the man; but after the violent argument which followed, both man and dog were removed on the same shutter. If Mr. GREELEY intends to enter an Irish political meeting it must not be with that white coat, but in a green garment decorated with a sprig of shamrock. A shillaleh will be carried in his hand, and he will preface the speech in which he will allege that his father was an Irishman, with a wild "hooroo." An Irish audience is exacting, and Mr. GREELEY in the character of an Irishman will be forced to squeak in a brogue that can only be learned after long practice, and will certainly be required to drink to the success of the cause in Sixth Ward whisky. It is not impossible that he may be called upon for an Irish jig, or commanded to sing an Irish song, and it is certain that if he expects to obtain any decided popularity he must smoke a dudheen. He will naturally find no trouble in expressing himself with the due amount of profanity expected from a Sixth Ward orator, but unless he has already practised smoking, whisky-drinking and jig-dancing, he had better lose no time in so doing, or his first appearance at an Irish meeting will be a disastrous failure.

The spectacle of Mr. GREELEY with shillaleh in one hand and dudheen in the other singing before an assembly of Sixth Ward Irishmen a roaring melody with the chorus, "Whack! GREELEY's the boy," is not what would have been expected a few years ago from the placid vegetarian philosopher. And, indeed, it is not a pleasant spectacle to contemplate. Mr. GREELEY, having made up his mind to go all lengths to obtain votes, will, of course, consent to do whatever his Irish friends may dictate, but he really ought to understand that there is a point beyond which even Presidential candidates should not go. His green coat, and his assumption of smoking and whisky-drinking habits, may gain him a few Irish votes, but they will lose him the support of the few respectable Americans who still cling to that illusion of their youth which associated the white-coated philosopher with the ideal simplicity and honesty which he has long since flung to the winds—if, indeed, he ever possessed them.

Miller's Case.

Insurance Superintendent MILLER has had his say, and his case now awaits the action of the Committee of the Legislature. His closing speech to the Committee was of a piece with his conduct during the course of the investigation—full of coarse invective, tricky evasions, and reckless vituperation of everybody who had the temerity to question his fitness for the position he has grossly abused. Whether MILLER did or did not make jobs for Tammany receivers, whether or not the insurance companies paid his exorbitant fees without a grimace, he has failed to break in the slightest degree the force of the three accusations: I. He kept in his possession funds which ought to have been paid into the State Treasury, and he pocketed the interest upon them. His defense under this charge is that the money was paid in within the fiscal year, and that there was no statute compelling him to account for the interest. We leave the public to judge whether this is the plea of an honest man. Even PETER B. SWEENY and Chamberlain BRADLEY took credit for being more faithful to public trust than this.—II. MILLER took money raised by a few New-York life corporations, for the purpose of procuring a certain kind of legislation for them at Albany. Whether MILLER retained this money or used it for purposes of bribery (the only two hypotheses which will account for its disappearance,) he is equally guilty of disgracing his office, and proving himself totally unworthy of public confidence.—III. R. A. SOUTHWICK, a subordinate of MILLER's, obtained from WEED, PARSONS & CO. a commission of twenty per cent. on the printing for the Insurance Department, under the distinct understanding that unless it was paid they could not have the printing. MILLER did not take the stand to deny that he participated in the fruits of the black-mail, and he failed to procure the appearance of his agent, SOUTHWICK, to prove who had got the money. If it had not been distinctly understood that SOUTHWICK represented MILLER, does any man in his senses believe that WEED, PARSONS & CO. would have paid this exorbitant commission? The public see through MILLER's bullying affectation of confidence, and can appreciate from his course during the investigation just closed, the sort of terrorism he exercised over the insurance companies. From Mr. TOBEY and his associates on the Committee of Investigation, we expect such action as the facts of the case clearly demand—action which, we feel assured, the majority of the Legislature will fully sustain.

The People's Protest Against Vanderbilt.

It is to be hoped that the Legislature will give due heed to the remonstrance addressed to them on the subject of the Fourth-avenue track by the numerous and eminently representative meeting which assembled last night in Brevoort Hall. The resolutions enthusiastically adopted and indorsed by last night's meeting, express what are, emphatically, the sentiments of the citizens of New-York. The Vanderbilt party have endeavored to raise an outcry about the injury which would be inflicted on 38,000 daily travelers by shutting them up in a tunnel for a mile and a half of their journey, departing from and entering the Grand Central Depot. They have not yet been able, however, to procure a single protest from this numerous body whose health and comfort are supposed to be menaced by the citizens' scheme for restoring Fourth-avenue to public use. Commodore VANDERBILT's commutators probably consider that a solicitude for their welfare, which is only assumed when the pockets of the corporation are in danger, is not a very genuine one, and as they would be quite ready to accept some underground mode of transit, which would bring them rapidly and comfortably to the depot, they can hardly be supposed to have any violent objection to being carried in a tunnel a little way beyond it.

The fact is, and the Legislature cannot too clearly keep this in view, the struggle is one between the people on one side and a greedy and grasping corporation on the other. The only plan which will be acceptable to the citizens of New-York is one that provides for sunk tracks, "arched over and crossed upon a surface even with the adjoining streets, from Forty-second to One Hundred and Second-street." This was embodied in Mr. WHITBECK's bill, and if the Legislature is not prepared to pass this, they had better leave the matter where it stands. A piecemeal plan like the one reported by the Committee, would be a vicious precedent for similar legislation in future, and would inflict on the City a nuisance of a more irremediable kind than the one from which it at present suffers. It is simply an outrage upon the people to attempt to exact from them all the concessions they were willing to make to the railroad companies, and give them next to nothing in return. The half-payment of the cost of the work and the absolute vesting in the companies of the title to the ground occupied by them, were conditional upon the surface of Fourth-avenue being restored to the City. If the Legislature fails to give effect to the remonstrances addressed to them by last night's meeting, they will go far to forfeit any title to represent the people, and will have a very fair claim to be considered faithful representatives of Commodore VANDERBILT.

MINOR TOPICS.

Canoeing is evidently destined to be an exceedingly popular recreation—judging from the number of inquiries on the subject daily received at this office. For the benefit of inquiring and inchoate canoeists, it is proper to say that the Secretary of the New-York Canoe Club, Dr. J. S. MOSHER—whose address is Tompkinsville, Staten Island—is the best person to whom to apply for information concerning the Club and the shortest way of procuring canoes. It should be remembered that while the *Rob Roy* was the first canoe to attract public attention, the model has been greatly improved within the past few years, and no canoeist would now think of using what is still technically known as the *Rob Roy*, or Macgregor canoe. The difference between a muzzle-loading musket and a breech-loader is not greater than that between a Rob Roy canoe, and the swift, safe and graceful canoes of our New-York Club.

Of course the claimant in the Tichborne case insists upon the justice of his claims, and promises to call two hundred additional witnesses in his behalf if money should be forthcoming to pay the expenses of a new trial. He has appealed to the public to subscribe to a fund to enable him to prosecute his case, and to secure his release from Newgate upon bail. Though there are few intelligent persons who are not fully convinced that the claimant is an impostor, and though no more "Tichborne bonds" can be sold at any price, it is not impossible that money will be subscribed in order to insure the reproduction of a spectacle so interesting as the Tichborne case has proved to be. It is indeed improbable that any large sum will be thus raised, but if those who still believe in the claimant's case, those who do not think he was treated precisely fairly by the presiding Judge, and those who would like the amusement of another trial, should subscribe to the new fund, the claimant may yet be able to appear once more as plaintiff in Court.

MAZZINI dead seems to have been receiving a good deal more respect than MAZZINI living. The Italian Chamber passed a unanimous vote to the effect that the country had sustained by his death a national bereavement, although probably that same Chamber contains dozens of men who would often have given round sums to hear of his death. A procession, numbering ten thousand persons, accompanied his bust to the Capitol; there it was conveyed, in great state, to be placed in the chamber consecrated to memorials of great Italians. A correspondent is at pains to point out that it is not to be concluded that all the ten thousand committed themselves to all the dead man's opinions, but that their attendance is attributable to the fact that Italians can appreciate greatness, regardless of political considerations, and that many of them would have followed a funeral procession to do honor to CAVOUR just as willingly as they followed one to do honor to MAZZINI.

Under the head of crimes and casualties one finds frequent illustrations of the familiar adage, "It never rains but it pours." The latest epidemic of disaster seems to have concentrated its violence on lion-tamers. Since the shocking fate of MASSCERTI, torn to death by wild beasts in public, at an exhibition in England some months since, nearly half a dozen similar accidents have occurred in rapid succession. Last week a lion-tamer, in Pennsylvania, was horribly mangled, and now we have from Rome the story of a like catastrophe. At a managerie lately opened in that city a man has been in the habit of going the rounds of the different cages, and reciting to the audience the zoölogical peculiarities of the various animals. On the 8th of last month the person employed for this purpose, whose name was VENTURELLI, conceived the notion of passing his arm through the bars of the lion's cage to caress one of the animals. At once the savage beast seized the hand in his teeth, and, upon VENTURELLI's putting his other arm through to free the first, the other lions sprang upon him, and, before assistance could be procured, mutilated him horribly with their claws and teeth. For some minutes this dreadful scene lasted in the presence of a large number of men, women, and children, when the lion-tamer, Signor BIDEL, entered the cage of the infuriated beasts, and, by a remarkable effort of courage and will, compelled them to release their prey, and, after beating them soundly, sent them into their separate compartments. Poor VENTURELLI it was hoped would escape with the amputation of his arm. But do not these repeated horrors furnish sufficient arguments against the encouragement of such barbarous and inhuman exhibitions?

There was a case tried before Judge QUINN, in the First District Court of this City, a few days ago, which seems worthy of more than a passing notice. An action was instituted by the representative of a Cincinnati fire insurance company to recover the amount of a premium on a policy issued to a Mr. GRUBER nearly a year ago. The defense set up a claim of non-liability, for the reason that one of the clauses in the policy provided that the agreement was not to be considered binding, unless the premium had actually been paid. It was shown by the reports of the Court of Appeals that insurance companies are held liable, notwithstanding the clause in question, and that the contract was a binding one on both sides. The Court accordingly decided in favor of the plaintiff. Now, in view of the fact that insurance companies have so often sought to escape the payment of just claims on this very pretext, we are disposed to regard the ground taken in the present case as an evidence that, at least, one very convenient quibble has been effectually disposed of.

A Case for the Judiciary Committee.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Not knowing the address of the Judicial Investigating Committee, I address you briefly. Early in January, 1870, four strangers at early evening drove into our village with a two-horse team and sleigh, having three or four traveling-bags. They put up the team and took rooms at one of our hotels. Soon, two hired a team and were carried to Canajoharie; another hired a conveyance, and was carried to Cherry Valley, Otsego County, (same evening.) Our officers, being a little suspicious, in looking about found in their sleigh a complete and perfect set of burglar's tools, including a jimmy, and arrested the only man who was then in his room, and found more tools, fuse, powder, drills, &c. The officers went the same night to Cherry Valley, and arrested one in bed there. He had the keys of satchels in which burglar's tools were at Fort Plain; had skeleton keys, sperm candles, pistol, &c. He was brought down here, when, on proper complaint, I issued the proper warrants as a Magistrate, charging them with being burglars, and having in their possession burglar's implements, in violation of the statute, and both were by me duly committed to our jail after examination. A few days after I was served with an order, issued by Judge CARDOZO, of New-York, to appear and show cause for detaining one HENRY KELLEY. (That is the name the prisoner gave—a most dangerous and skillful burglar.) I made due return to said order, after taking counsel. A few days after that, Judge CARDOZO issued another order, which was served on me and also on our Sheriff. I went to Albany and procured the services of Hon. HENRY SMITH, who assisted me in making a proper return so as not to subject me for contempt, &c., as I had but twenty-four hours to do all the business. The Sheriff was commanded to produce the prisoner. He made the journey to New-York with prisoner and counsel, and while in Judge CARDOZO's Court-room, the friends and accomplices of the prisoner aided his escape from the Sheriff. A greater outrage upon criminal justice was never committed, all owing to the unwarranted issuing of orders by that *honest* Judge. Seeing your article in Saturday's TIMES calling upon lawyers, &c., to present facts to the Committee, I felt it my duty to make these facts known, and, if required, will readily testify to them. DAVID B. HEGEMAN, late Sheriff of Montgomery County; STEPHEN D. RUE, the official who arrested KELLEY, and STANLEY and the undersigned are ready and willing to testify to the above facts, if deemed of sufficient importance to call upon us for that purpose.

Respectfully yours,
JACOB WENDELL,
Late Magistrate, &c.

FORT PLAIN, N. Y., Monday, April 8, 1872.

Judge Barnard and the Judiciary Committee.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

A communication in the TIMES of to-day, headed "Delay won't be bad," and purporting to come from "A Member of the Bar," is so untrue and malicious in its statements, and so evidently intended to prejudice the public judgment in reference to what has taken place before the Judiciary Committee in the investigation instituted against Judge BARNARD, that his counsel deem it their duty to depart from the course of silence they have hitherto pursued in regard to misrepresentations of the testimony taken in the case, and correct, at least, this unwarrantable attack. It is not true that the words "Delay won't be Bad" were indorsed on the brief of "one of the Ring lawyers," and presented to Judge BARNARD, as stated in the communication referred to. The facts are that Mr. BLACK, a lawyer, testified to such words having been written with pencil on the brief handed to him by DEVLIN and MILLER, opposing attorneys in the case of Capt. SAMUELS against the proprietors of the *Evening Post*, and that he obliterated the words before handing the brief to Judge BARNARD. Mr. JOHN E. DEVLIN and Mr. CHARLES E. MILLER both contradicted the statement of this witness, and the original brief referred to was shown to the Committee, from which it was plain to trace that the words written in pencil were simply the usual words of submission to Judges on the outside of a brief "To Judge BARNARD."

We venture the assertion that no doubt can or does exist in the mind of any member of the Committee as to the falsity of this charge.

Again, it is untrue that Judge BARNARD has asked for, or sought delay in the proceedings before the Committee. On the contrary, he and his counsel objected to delay, and urged that the investigation might proceed with the greatest possible dispatch, and neither he nor his counsel has asked for or sought delay in the action of the Committee.

The insinuations in this communication, as to what has been proved, are utterly false, as the testimony will show, and the statement that the Judges or their friends, have succeeded in preventing the publication of the evidence taken, or have tried so to do, is false as far as Judge BARNARD's case is concerned.

The record when published will show that Judge BARNARD, at the commencement of the investigation, and several times during its continuance, appealed to the Committee to let in the reporters and give publicity to the testimony, and that the Committee declined so to direct.

In conclusion, all that Judge BARNARD or his counsel asks, is a decision of his case upon the evidence taken, uninfluenced by a popular clamor created by willful misrepresentation. Very respectfully yours,

GEORGE TICNOR CURTIS,
RUFUS F. ANDREWS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 9, 1872.

OUR CORRUPT JUDGES.

Meeting of the New-York Bar Association Last Night.

Report of the Committee on the Investigation.

Specific Charges Against Barnard and Cardozo.

Abstract of the Evidence Presented in Support.

The Impeachment and Removal of These Men Demanded.

The members of the Bar Association met last evening at No. 20 West Thirty-seventh-street, the Vice-President, Mr. EDGAR S. VAN COTT in the chair. The Treasurer's report showed a sum of over $2,000 to the credit of the Association.

The Executive Committee reported that $650 had been subscribed by some of the City banks and a few friends to defray the expenses of the Judiciary Committee.

The Library Committee reported that four cases of rare and valuable books had been received from WM. M. EVARTS, and the entire library of E. M. WILLETT, of Wall-street, who was about to retire from the profession. The books were received, and a proper acknowledgment was directed to be made by the Association. The following communication was read:

MARINE COURT, April 6, 1872.

To the Bar Association:

GENTLEMEN: There is, I apprehend, a propriety in my calling your attention to communications from one of the Justices of this Court, which he has made public through the Press. While there is a lack of power in your body to cause, within yourselves, the inquiry to be made by due course of law, yet, as a recognized association of members of this Bar and its only efficient organization, your acceding to my request may bring about a most desired effect, especially when the Justices of this Court will facilitate your inquiry. I have to trouble you because I know of no other means through which the truth of the imputation, if it be true, can be so certainly made manifest, or the slander, if it be a slander, more readily detected and its punishment secured. I have seriously considered of this matter, and adopt this course after much consideration. A charge publicly made by a Judge against all his Associate Judges, without exception, stigmatizing them as a combination for corrupt purposes, himself the single check upon their dishonorable conduct, has a graver aspect than any which may result affecting the personal reputation of those Associate Judges. It brings the administration of justice itself into suspicion and dread. You will please, therefore, cause such means to be employed without delay as may bring the subject, in all its material bearings upon the judicial administration in the Marine Court, under thorough investigation, in which investigation you will have, if required, the concurrent aid of its Justices. I do not speak for the Justice who has made the offensive communications. He has, in his own way, spoken for himself. And this I ask in the hope that it may tend to relieve the Court of any censure undeserved, or else, discovering unworthy practices, thereby expose to adequate redress those guilty of them; and if no such practices should be discovered, then I leave it with you to suggest what should be said of a Judge who has recklessly humiliated his associates by a great slander.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
GEO. SHEA,
Justice of the Marine Court of the City of New-York.

Mr. BEAL moved that the letter be referred to a special committee to inquire into the matters stated therein. Mr. HAND moved that it be referred to the Judiciary Committee. After considerable discussion, Mr. BEAL's motion was adopted, and a committee of five was ordered.

Mr. NICHOL—I observe that the Special Committee charged with the duty of investigating the charges made by direction of this Association before the Judiciary Committee are now in attendance. If consistent with their views I would ask that they make a report.

Mr. VAN COTT said: The Chairman of the Committee had to-night intended to present to the Association a printed copy of the testimony taken in the investigation before the Committee of the House. That report, exclusive of the documentary evidence, will fill nearly two thousand printed octavo pages. I mention the fact that you may judge how much of the evidence and how just an impression of the evidence you have got from the scraps which you have seen in the newspapers. It was the desire of the Committee also to have presented a somewhat fully written report to-night, but their engagements, which have run during the day and evening for a period of nearly two months, which they have been obliged to devote exclusively to this investigation, has left them no opportunity for an elaborate and complete report, such as you ought to have, such as will be presented at some future period, because the event which that report will attempt to present, historically, is one of very profound interest to the Bar and the Judiciary of the State of New-York. It is, undoubtedly, destined to be referred to in the future, and it might be a complete and perfect record which might be referred to in the future by those who come after us as evidence of what we have done or attempted to do to vindicate our profession and to vindicate the Bench of the great State of New-York. This report is very imperfect and very crude in many of its particulars, and has been prepared in great haste today. I will read it, remarking that it contains but a very slight exhibition of the evidence that has been taken, yet it conveys an idea of the cases that have been proved, but stating them very barely without the circumstances of aggravation, which are in evidence and need to be seen in order to be appreciated. The following report was then read:

To the Bar Association of the City of New-York:

The undersigned, having entered upon the responsible trust with which they were charged by you, have attended before the Judiciary Committee instructed by the House of Assembly to make inquiry into abuses alleged to exist in the administration of justice in the City of New-York.

It will be remembered that the standing Committee of this Association on the Judiciary was constituted for the purpose of inquiry and reform in respect of the Judiciary. Although the opinion was widely prevalent at the Bar that great wrongs were done by Judges under color of law, it was felt to be due to the honor of the Bar and the Bench alike, that currency should not be given to such opinions without careful inquiry. Before the Association assumed the grave responsibility of sending its memorial to the Legislature, its Committee on the Judiciary made an investigation which resulted in a profound conviction that the state of Judicial administration in this City was such as to destroy the confidence which a free people ought to feel in the administration of justice, and to bring the Courts into reproach and contempt at home and abroad.

We are constrained to say that in the prosecution of the charges against several Judges, evidence has been elicited of a state of things in the Courts not to be endured, and demanding the exercise by the Legislature of it constitutional authority to impeach and remove the guilty from office.

The notion is somewhat current, even at the Bar, that nothing but a bribe paid to a Judge for deciding a cause amounts to Judicial corruption. This is a narrow and a coarse view. A Judge is corrupt who permits his decision to be influenced by any consideration except the rights of the suitors under the law. Every private citizen and every public officer is subject to the law, and bound to conform his action to it. If a private person violates the law, he is liable to an action to the party aggrieved. If a public officer violates the law he is liable in like manner. But to this general rule there is a peculiar exception in the case of judicial officers. If a Judge violates the law by a false decision, by the issue of process where it should not have been issued, he is not liable to a party thereby aggrieved, whose personal liberty has been invaded or his estate ruined. For reasons of public policy, the Judge is exempted from liability to private actions for such wrongs. But in just the proportion in which a Judge is less liable than other public officers to private suits, for wrongs done under the color of his office, he should be more liable to impeachment for such wrongs; for impeachment is the only remedy by which the pure administration of his office can be enforced and maintained, and by which the persons and property of the citizen can be made secure under the law.

We do not mean that a Judge should be the subject of punishment, or even of censure, for an honest mistake of the law in a doubtful case. But if a Judge misconstrues a plain statute, or perverts familiar rules of law, or departs from the established course of his Court, in numerous instances, in the interests of notoriously favored parties, their referees, their receivers and their counsel, producing great injustice and ruinous loss; if he does this in a manner almost as exceptional as the matter of his action; if he does it with unseemly haste, on *ex parte* hearings, on slight proof, or utter want of proof; if he does in the particular interest of favored parties what he does not do in his general course of administration; if he is in unseemly social relations and at very unjudicial places with his favored suitors, and in the receipt of presents from them, while their litigations involving millions are pending and undetermined before him, inferences may not only fairly be drawn, but must inevitably be drawn, that justice is not impartially administered in these cases; and partiality—partiality characterized by such circumstances—is judicial corruption. The voluminous testimony adduced by your Committee exhibits numerous instances of the general character here adverted to, and compels the inference of the kind of judicial corruption here defined.

We entered upon the investigation under the impression that it was preliminary to and for the purpose of obtaining evidence upon which to frame charges against the Judges. The Judiciary Committee, however, before proceeding to take evidence, called upon us to put in formal shape the charges upon which we proposed to offer testimony, and we were compelled, therefore, to limit ourselves to such cases as had been brought to our attention, without the benefit preliminarily of the process of the Committee by which to compel information upon which to frame our charges and prosecute our inquiries. It gives us gratification, however, to state that in the progress of the investigation the utmost liberality on the part of the Committee was manifested without any restraint, in view of the fact that transactions upon which we offered evidence were not made the subject of preliminary charge.

THE RULES LAID DOWN.

The rule laid down by the Judiciary Committee was to admit the Judge, charges against whom were under investigation, and his counsel with your Committee and a stenographer for each party, but to exclude all others; and so rigidly was this rule adhered to that not even a clerk or assistant of any kind was permitted to be present, thus greatly enhancing the labor of your Committee in the necessity devolved upon them to perform that work which might readily have been delegated to others, in the preliminary examination of witnesses, the arrangements for their attendance, and the general work collateral to the proceedings before the Committee, which ordinarily engrossed us from 10 o'clock in the morning till a late hour in the evening, with only a short interval.

Another rule laid down by the Committee before the first session at which we were present, we have not ceased to deplore; but all our efforts to procure its modification proved abortive: that which kept the investigations secret and imposed upon us an injunction of secrecy, which did not permit us even to suffer an examination or the publication of our own copy of the testimony. Such a rule must necessarily operate to the advantage of that side upon which the testimony bears most heavily. A result has been the opportunity for unaccurate statements of the evidence, the impossibility for the public to obtain reliable reports, the loss of the interest which attends a public investigation, and the want of the encouragement thus furnished to those possessed of valuable information who are hindered by timidity or indifference from placing it at our disposal; and the publication of articles in the public Press calculated to produce the impression that we were not able to substantiate the charges we had made, and thus to create a public sentiment injurious to the successful prosecution of our effort. With all these disadvantages, we feel called upon to express our opinion that the case made goes greatly beyond the expectation with which we entered upon its prosecution.

However general may have been the opinion that it would be possible to make out a case of judicial wrong and of flagrant abuse of judicial powers and processes, we had not been given to suppose that it was expected that a case of pecuniary corruption could be established. It would be unreasonable to suppose that proof would be forthcoming to demonstrate that in any particular case any particular judicial act had been prompted or paid for by direct pecuniary reward. That is not the way in which such transactions arrange themselves.

THE RECEIPT OF PRESENTS.

By the receipt of presents from favored litigants, by a share of the benefit realized from judicial patronage, by the bestowal of benefits upon political, family and personal adherents, judicial acts are influenced so far as in these days they are influenced by pecuniary considerations, and to this extent have we succeeded in making out a case of judicial corruption. But it has seemed to us that when enormous loss and injury both resulted from judicial wrong and oppression, the offense on the part of the Judge was none the less flagrant that the motive was other than that of direct and personal pecuniary gain.

There are certain judicial errors which admit of reparation. An unsound judicial decision may be reversed upon appeal; the wrong in such case may be righted. It was not, therefore, in such direction that your Committee deemed it desirable to look for cases of judicial abuse. There are, however, cases in which a Judge may act to the injury of individual interests secure against any possible redress or remedy, and the power to issue injunctions, to appoint receivers, to grant orders of arrest, to select referees, to order allowances, has furnished an easy and sure means of aiding and enriching favored suitors and counsel, regardless of the irreparable injury to the victims of such judicial abuse.

THE CASE PROVED.

It was, therefore, to cases of this character that we looked for the evidence to explain the prevailing feeling of distrust of the action of Courts in New-York. We have not had time, nor have we deemed it necessary, to set forth the proofs in detail. But, by way of illustration, we present a few of the cases proved.

1. A plaintiff, with a judgment unsatisfied, obtained an order under the Code to examine a debtor of the defendant, to subject the debt to payment on account of the judgment, and to enjoin the debtor not to pay the debt to the defendant. Without notice to the plaintiff, without proof of any fact to deprive him of his legal right to have the debt applied, the Judge made an *ex parte* order vacating the injunction. He then, in the interest of a personal friend, made an *ex parte* order, written in his own hand, and signed by him, with the addition of Judge of the Supreme Court, commanding the debtor to pay the debt to the defendant forthwith, under pain of imprisonment. The party thus threatened with imprisonment owed no debt which had been judicially ascertained, and was not a party to any suit or proceeding in which the Judge had any jurisdiction to make the order. And the act of sending such a threatening order without jurisdiction was an express violation of the statute, which makes it a misdemeanor to send a threatening letter of the tenor of this order. Here one party was deprived of a clear legal right, and another party was threatened contrary to law—a double offense. Is not that act of the Judge impeachable, even under the narrowest definition of impeachable acts?

2. A suit between JAMES FISK, Jr., and the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The Credit Mobilier of America, originally brought in the Supreme Court, was transferred and pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York. After the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court was thus divested Judge BARNARD made orders enjoining an election of directors, and appointing WM. M. TWEED, Jr., receiver of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. Another order was made by the Judge, *ex parte*, directing the receiver to break open with burglar's tools and gunpowder the safe of the Company, containing securities to the amount of many millions; and it was so broken open. Directly after the making and service of one of these orders, Judge BARNARD appeared in a public bar-room in the City, and gave a humorous account, amid the laughter of the amused by-standers, of the terrors caused by his order, concluding his facetious narrative with the declaration that he "had driven one set of scoundrels out of the State and would drive out another." The Company did leave the State and open its offices in Boston. It was proved, without contradiction, that the exploits which had so amused the Judge and his bar-room audience, caused a loss of $5,000,000 to the Company; that its business interests required that its offices should be in New-York, and that they would be located here but for the feeling of insecurity caused by the reputation of the Courts here.

3. The famous "Black Friday" of the gold conspiracy of JAMES FISK, JAY GOULD and others occurred Sept. 24, 1869. The Gold Exchange Bank was the clearing-house of the transactions at the Gold Exchange, which on that day amounted to several hundred millions of dollars. On the 29th September, 1869, on an allegation, insufficiently proved, that the bank was insolvent, an alleged creditor (a broker of the brokers of GOULD, FISK and others in the Black Friday transactions) applied *ex parte* and obtained an order for a receiver, under the statute authorizing the dissolution of insolvent corporations and the equal distribution of their assets among creditors. The assumed insolvency being the ground of the jurisdiction of the receivership, the Court had no authority by law to make any but an equal distribution of its assets. Within ten days after the appointment of the receiver, on a complaint which alleged that the bank was "indebted to several persons in the amount of several millions of dollars which it is unable to pay," the Judge made an order entitled in three suits in which the same receiver had been appointed, requiring the receiver to pay out all the assets he had receive except about $10,000, to the brokers of GOULD & FISK and others, to the amount of some $400,000, and to the receiver $15,000, to his counsel and partner $5,000, and various other large sums to other lawyers. No notice was given to the other creditors of the bank, and there was no evidence that anything more than a nominal sum would be left to pay the "several millions" of indebtedness alleged in the complaint. The distribution to these favored creditors, and the enormous allowance made to the receiver, were in violation of the express provision of the statute governing the case. The justification of the illegal acts set up is, that the plaintiffs in the three creditors' suits in which the order was made, (and who received nothing,) and the officers of the bank, consented to the order. But the bank was suspended and in the hands of a receiver. It is not perceived how the bank, or how the plaintiffs in three creditors' suits for small amounts, could consent away the rights of creditors to the amount of "several millions," for whose equal payment the Court held the fund under the statute. The officers of the bank testified that the consent was wrung from them by GOULD and FISK, through the agency of the Court, and that they yielded to the "coercion of the situation," they and the stockholders believing that they could not obtain their rights against the influence with the Court of the powerful persons who dictated the order. The bank was, in fact, perfectly solvent, and yielded to the duress to get out of the clutches of the receiver and resume its business; but its solvency was not shown to the Court, and that fact was not the basis of the order. It was proved, and not contradicted, that this raid of GOULD, FISK and the Judge on the bank caused a loss to it of from $200,000 to $300,000 in the space of about forty days.

4. In a suit of FISK and others against the foreign holders of Erie stock an injunction was granted, *ex parte*, restraining all registration, and transfers of the stock of foreign owners, and appointing COLEMAN receiver of all that stock, and he instantly seized stock of the par value of upwards of $10,000,000. The gravamen of the action was that HEATH and RAPHAEL were trustees of the stock under some contingent pledge not to vote against the Fisk-and-Gould Board, if their management of the Erie Company was proper, and that HEATH and RAPHAEL intended to vote on the stock against those directors. The injunction was granted in June, and the election under the Classification act was not to occur until October, and then for only three out of fourteen directors. COLEMAN, having got possession, voted on the stock for the Gould and Fisk directors. He caused it to be transferred to himself, but neglected to register it, and GOULD got possession of about half the surrendered stock, got new stock issued for it to himself, and had it registered in his own name. The cause was transferred to the United States Circuit, which dissolved the injunction, and ordered the receiver to deliver the stock to its owners. On the day on which the order was made by the United States Circuit, an abortive attempt was made to discontinue the suit and prevent making of that order. The motive of the attempt to discontinue was at once made apparent. Within an hour another *ex parte* order was made by Judge BARNARD, in a new suit by FISK in the State Court, (brought on substantially the same grounds as the other,) appointing one ROBINSON receiver of the same stock. It was proved that ROBINSON was an intimate personal friend of the Judge, the keeper of the Erie cattle yards across the river, who had his desk in the offices of the Erie Railway Company, and that he had about this time lent $3,000 to the Judge on the check of JAY GOULD, which it was said the Judge had borrowed to lend to COLEMAN for some real estate speculation. It was proved by an eminent lawyer, called as a witness for the Judge, that the alleged purpose to misuse the stock to vote on against the Fisk-and-Gould Board could have been prevented by an injunction without a receiver. In our judgment, it is clear that no case was made for either an injunction or receiver. An eminent banker testified that he had sent a large amount of Erie stock he held for foreign owners, out of the country, because of the general distrust of the Courts. It did not appear in the complaint that the plaintiff had any legal or equitable interest in a single share of the stock of which COLEMAN was appointed receiver.

5. In another case, it was shown that a receiver of theatre property applied to the Court for leave to lease it for a sum named. There was another offer made by a responsible party with ample security, for a much larger sum. The Judge, on the application of a professional favorite, ordered the case to be made for the smaller sum, to the receiver's nephew; whereby those interested in the estate lost from $25,000 to $30,000, the difference in the rent. The General Term and Court of Appeals decided that the order had been improperly made.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

The enormity of one case is so complete, and the facts in so small a compass, any possible excuse so out of the question, that the Committee may well fear that credence will be refused to the statement of it. A personal and professional friend on a bond in $250 of a plaintiff of no proved responsibility, procured from Judge BARNARD an order *ex parte* at once enjoining all the operations and appointing a receiver and manager of a railroad over 800 miles in length, represented by $32,000,000 of stock and bonds, running through three Western States, at an immediate decline on the average of seven per cent., or over $2,000,000, from which the Company has never been able to recover, though the mere commencement of a suit before Judge SAMUEL NELSON terminated the black-mailing attempt.

CARDOZO'S RECEIVERS.

Another case proved against Justice CARDOZO was the receivership of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, which was granted by him soon after the Chicago fire. The only ground on which this receivership was ever pretended to be upheld was the same ground of insolvency. And the facts appearing by the uncontradicted testimony were these:

A man named OWENS presented himself on the afternoon of the 30th day of October, 1871, at the office of Messrs. NICOLAY, auctioneers and dealers in stocks, asking if they had any shares in certain insurance companies which were reported to have suffered heavy losses by the Chicago fire. He was told that Messrs. NICOLAY had ten shares of the stock of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company. He asked if a purchase could be made of only a portion of those ten shares, and was told it could not. He asked the price. Came the next morning, the 31st, about 10½ o'clock. Bought the ten shares. Paid for them $375 in bank bills. Had the shares transferred to him on the Company's books at 12 o'clock M., and about 3 o'clock of the same day a receiver appeared in company with Mr. GRATZ NATHAN to take possession of all the property of the Company, with a certified copy of his appointment, made by Mr. Justice CARDOZO. The original petition has the name of the petitioner, the number of shares held by him, and his residence, all filled in in a different ink from that used in the body of the petition. The petition covers less than two pages of legal cap. It does not contain any allegation whatever that the Company is insolvent. It shows on its face that the Company was not insolvent. No other ground for the appointment of a receiver was pretended to exist than insolvency, and the petition does not ask a decree of dissolution of the corporation, and asks no relief but the appointment of a receiver. And this relief the petitioner, without any apparent difficulty, obtained, the case being so clear as not to require or admit any explanation or evidence from the wealthy corporation whose property was to be taken away and placed under the control of a relative of the Judge who granted this order.

ANOTHER CASE.

In the case of BOWNE against LEVERIDGE, Judge CARDOZO was applied to for an order to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed of a large amount of real estate. No pretense was even made of the insecurity of the property. A notice of *lis pendens* abundantly protected the plaintiff. Judge CARDOZO granted, in place of the order to show cause, an *ex parte* order appointing a receiver, with an order to show cause why the appointment should not be continued. This was on the 31st day of December, 1869. The receiver was JAMES M. SWEENY. In all the career of this kind in late years injunctions are found quite ineffectual to protect the rights of parties. Receiverships are always necessary. And the cases are always so clear and so pressing that the defendant is given no opportunity of being heard. The appointment of the receiver is instantaneous and *ex parte*. And a certain knot of political gentlemen have been judicially ascertained to be the only persons in New-York City who have the legal learning and business qualifications required to satisfactorily perform the duties of this office. In this case of BOWNE and LEVERIDGE, the hearing on the order to show cause was had, and the motion submitted Jan. 10, 1870. The motion was not decided till November, 1870, and then the motion was denied and the receivership vacated. Meantime Mr. SWEENY had been in possession of the real estate for eleven months, and his services alone cost the estate the fee of $5,000, beside a fee of $2,500 to his counsel, ANDREW J. SMITH, Esq.

THE HABEAS CORPUS WRITS.

The habeas corpus proceedings in regard to the prisoners sentenced to the Penitentiary from the New-York Special Sessions were fully examined. They have since acquired a new interest from the late decision of the Court of Appeals in the Huber case, wherein the Court of Appeals has decided that the clause in the Tax Levy of 1870, passed on the 12th of April of that year, constituting the Court of New-York Special Sessions, was unconstitutional, and consequently that every conviction had in that Court since that date is void. These habeas corpus proceedings have been had before Justice CARDOZO continuously since the beginning of his time to January, 1868, and he has had almost the entire management of the proceedings on the part of the Supreme Court. Before his term, Mr. Justice BARNARD had granted, in the same way, discharges after final convictions by the same Court.

The decision in the Huber case applies only to convictions had in the Special Sessions since the 12th of April, 1870. Judge CARDOZO had been granting these discharges ever since he came on the Supreme Court bench in 1868.

With very few exceptions, these discharges have been granted for the somewhat noted firm of HOWE & HUMMEL. The method was as follows: A petition for a writ of *certiorari* was presented to the Judge, to bring the conviction for review before the General Term of the Supreme Court. The statute in such case requires a recognizance on the part of the prisoner, with sureties, to abide the decision on the hearing on the return to the writ. The prisoner would then be brought up on habeas corpus, would give or pretend to give bail, and then be discharged. Regularly then, if Court and District-Attorney did their duty, the case would come on for argument at the General Term, and the conviction be affirmed or reversed. Mr. HOWE testified that he had, in the last few years, had 300 or 400 prisoners discharged in this way, and out of this 300 or 400 only three or four cases had ever been heard on the return to the writ.

At first the recognizance used in all cases to be given with sureties, and were all found on file, though the cases had never been heard of thereafter, and the recognizances had not been declared forfeited, or the sureties followed. Latterly, in the riper years of the practice, prisoners had been discharged in such cases on their own recognizance, the statute giving not even the color of legality to such practice. And in many cases the discharge was absolute, without even the light preliminary form.

Mr. Justice SUTHERLAND testified that he in former years granted a few of these discharges; but that he found none of these cases ever came up for argument at General Term, and said there was something wrong, and refused to grant any more of them. The same was the case with Justices INGRAHAM and CLERKE.

A CASE OF CONSPIRACY.

Judge CARDOZO has been sitting at every General Term since January, 1870. Whether or not the same process of thought would naturally have gone on in his mind is matter of opinion. The charge we made against him on the point was a conspiracy with Messrs. HOWE & HUMMEL to discharge prisoners after final conviction at the Court of Special Sessions. Whether or not the evidence sustains the charge, is matter for the Assembly Committee and the Legislature to decide. And, as for the effect of the Huber decision, on this charge, this alone need, he said. The Court of Appeals have decided in the month of March, 1872, that those convictions, since April, 1870, were void. Judge CARDOZO, in an able and elaborate opinion at General Term, decided in January, 1872, that those convictions were legal, not void. Whether or not in 1870 and 1871 he was discharging criminals on a prospective reversal of his own opinion to be made in 1872, is matter for reasoning. But if he was then so discharging these convicted criminals with this superhuman provision, consistency would seem to have required that he should have discharged persons convicted on the same days, of the same offenses, before the same Court, at the motion of other counsel than HOWE & HUMMEL, which, however, Judge CARDOZO continually refused to do.

THE CONVICTS RELEASED.

In clear contrast with the facility with which the convicts of Blackwell's Island regained their liberty, is the case of two women named MARY PEARSALL and JOANNA O'CONNOR, which also came before Justice CARDOZO.

Against these two women no charge of crime was ever even made. They were taken from their house at night, carried to the Tombs, placed in confinement there, under warrants issued by Judge CARDOZO, no complaint being made against either of them, and not a witness ever being examined or an affidavit ever being made to show any offense by either of them committed. These women lay in jail for more than a week without a legal proceeding of any kind being had against them. Finally a lawyer of this City was retained by a gentleman to appear for them. He prepared affidavits, which were sworn to by them, and submitted them to Judge CARDOZO, demanding that they be discharged from imprisonment. Judge CARDOZO then addressed to this lawyer the following words: "Do not touch this case; if you do, you will displease me; if you take this case, you need never expect any favor from me while I am on the Bench."

The counsel for these two women then applied to two other Justices of the Supreme Court for a writ of habeas corpus, and found that Judge CARDOZO had arranged that the writ should be made returnable before him, though he was not then holding Chambers. The writs were then so made returnable before him on the next day—the prisoners brought before him and their discharge demanded by their counsel on the same ground as before, that there was no charge against them. Judge CARDOZO then refused to hear or decide the question, and adjourned the hearing, against the protest of the prisoners' counsel, remanded the prisoners to the Tombs, where they remained in confinement for another week. Two or three days further were passed before they were discharged, and they were finally released without a complaint or a single particle of testimony even having been offered against them, on precisely the same affidavits in their favor as their counsel had presented to Judge CARDOZO on the very first application to him.

Many other cases were put in evidence. These mentioned are only given as specimens. The only portion of the evidence given in relation to Judge CARDOZO which will be further mentioned is that relating to the money transactions with Mr. GRATZ NATHAN.

Mr. NATHAN was examined at some length in relation to his fees as referee and as counsel for receivers in cases where referee or receiver had been appointed by Judge CARDOZO. He was finally requested to allow an examination of his check-books to show any moneys paid by him to, and received by him from, Judge CARDOZO. This he declined to do. Mr. NATHAN was then further examined as to a series of checks drawn by him, amounting in all to about $30,000. Several of his check-books had disappeared altogether.

THE CHECK-BOOK.

From one check-book which was in existence, a single leaf of the stubs at a significant date had unaccountably disappeared. The original checks themselves had all disappeared. Mr. NATHAN had preserved very few returned vouchers from his bank, though he had drawn many checks. Mr. NATHAN kept no cash book; and as to these checks, amounting, as before mentioned, to about $30,000, he could give no information, either as to whom he paid them, for what he paid them, or whence the moneys against which they were drawn came to him, with the exception of one single check for $1,850, which he testified he drew in bank bills and used for household expenses.

A comparison of the bank accounts of Mr. NATHAN and Judge CARDOZO as to these same checks, of which Mr. NATHAN could give no account, showed these points. They were all paid at Mr. NATHAN'S bank in bills. Some of them were for very unusual amounts—$1,017 50, $8,707 50, $527 50, $1,850, $1,155, $1,440 50, $2,494 50, $660, $245. And on the same day on which they were paid in bills by Mr. NATHAN'S bank, or within one or two days thereafter, there was in each case a deficit in Judge CARDOZO'S account of bills to an amount almost exactly agreeing with the checks so drawn. One or two coincidences in checks of ordinary amounts, such as $250 or $500, would have shown nothing, and the production of check-books or account-books would have explained the whole matter.

CARDOZO'S BANK ACCOUNT.

Mr. NATHAN had testified that he had at times loaned Judge CARDOZO money; that it had been at all times paid and repaid in bills, for the reason that, from the time he began receiving "patronage" from Judge CARDOZO (such were his words) he thought it improper that Judge CARDOZO'S name should appear in his check-book. The impropriety appeared to be not so much in the payment of money as in preserving the evidence of the payment. A further examination and comparison of the bank accounts showed that no checks had passed from Judge CARDOZO to Mr. NATHAN; that no checks of Judge CARDOZO had been paid in bills which could possibly have repaid any supposed loans from Mr. NATHAN, and all checks of Judge CARDOZO of any considerable amount were traced to other banks than Mr. NATHAN'S bank, and other accounts than Mr. NATHAN'S account. Judge CARDOZO and Mr. NATHAN utterly failed to explain this marvelous identity of dates and uneven amounts drawn in bills from Mr. NATHAN'S account and deposited in bills in Judge CARDOZO'S account. A debit in Mr. TERENCE FARLEY'S bank account of one single item of $1,450, which corresponded in date and amount with a credit in Judge CARDOZO'S account, was deemed by Judge CARDOZO a sufficiently important matter to require an explanation, which explanation was made by calling Mr. FARLEY as a witness. Mr. NATHAN had already admitted that he could give no explanation whatever of these numerous items, amounting to $30,000, and Judge CARDOZO attempted none.

In the case of Judge BARNARD, there has been a series of receiverships of railroads and other corporations and their property, some of them being within this, and others being not within the State, or even brought within the jurisdiction of the Court, that has caused wide-spread alarm among business men and officers of corporations, and has driven an immense amount of capital away from the City of New-York. Many of these receiverships have been granted at the suit of some of the persons connected during the last few years with the management of the Erie Railway. Only two of them will be mentioned, and these merely by way of illustration.

THE ERIE MATTER.

In the year 1868 it was for some reason desirable that the Erie Railway Company or its officers should get the control of the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company. The election was to be held for directors of the Company at 12 o'clock noon of the 24th day of October, 1868. One FREDERICK A. LANE had been a prominent director of the Erie Railroad Company, but had never been even a stockholder in this Pier and Warehouse Company. Just before 12 o'clock, Mr. LANE appeared at the office where the election was to be held, saying, in answer to a question, that he came there to attend the election. The stockholders' meeting was organized, inspectors, on the motion of Mr. LANE, were chosen, there not having been any before appointed. Mr. LANE had not a single share of stock in his name on the stock-books. There were on the books of the Company 60,000 shares of the stock standing in the name of the President, Mr. PACKER, in trust for the Company itself. This, of course, could not be voted on at all. And so Judge BARNARD himself decided, within seven days, immediately on the point being raised before him. Mr. LANE had procured a proxy on this 60,000 shares of stock. Mr. LANE, thereupon, as soon as the polls were opened, offered his vote on this 60,000 shares, and, strangely, his vote was for JAY GOULD, JAMES FISK, Jr., FREDERICK A. LANE, MORTIMER SMITH, and others. The inspectors, one of whom was THOMAS W. SHERWOOD, a lawyer of this City, refused to receive his vote on this 60,000 shares. Mr. LANE thereupon beckoned to a man who had been with him in the room all the time, and this man drew from his pocket an order granted *ex parte* in the words following quoted:

> SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.—FREDERICK A. LANE *vs.* JOHN DOE and RICHARD ROE.—It appearing to me that sufficient grounds exist for the granting of such order, it is ordered that the defendants herein, inspectors of election of the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company, do receive the proxies of HAMILTON W. ROBINSON and DANIEL PACKER, in trust, according to the terms and tenor thereof.
>
> GEORGE G. BARNARD,
> Justice Supreme Court.

The original of this paper signed by Judge BARNARD was produced. The defendants, JOHN DOE and RICHARD ROE, were not present at the election, and were not then serving as inspectors. Nor is it known to your Committee what is the name or description of the order or paper just recited. In the absence of Messrs. DOE and ROE, the paper was served on Mr. SHERWOOD, one of the acting inspectors, who received it in a respectful manner. The meeting was then adjourned for two days for the result of the election to be declared, and the adjourned hour was 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

At that hour appeared one FREDERICK A. LANE, who asked if the inspector's report was finished. On being told that it was not, Mr. LANE'S attendant produced, as before, papers from his pocket, without leaving the room, and served on Mr. SHERWOOD another order, also granted *ex parte*, which read as follows:

> SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—FREDERICK A. LANE, against THOMAS D. SHERWOOD, HENRY C. GARDINER and AUGUSTUS N. GRENZEBACH.—Not appearing to me that sufficient grounds exist for the granting of such order, I do hereby order that the defendants herein, inspectors of election of the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company, do forthwith make their report of such election, and that they return the vote of DANIEL PARKER in trust at 60,000 shares, and that they furnish their certificate of election according to the number of votes cast, reckoning the vote of said DANIEL PARKER in trust at the amount aforesaid, and that they make such certificate before 3 o'clock of this day.
>
> GEORGE G. BARNARD, P. J. S. C.

The inspectors, being sworn officers, did their duty according to the oath of office, and Messrs. FISK, GOULD and LANE were not declared elected.

LATER PROCEEDINGS.

Three days later the law partner of one FREDERICK A. LANE appeared at the office of Mr. SHERWOOD, who had been elected Secretary of the Company, and demanded possession of the books and papers of the Pier and Warehouse Company. Mr. LANE, be it remembered, was not long a stockholder, and had no right or interest of any kind in the Company or one cent of its property. This gentleman, who demanded possession of the books and papers of the Company, said he had been appointed receiver "of the books and papers" of the Company, and of nothing else, and drew from his pocket a duly certified copy of an order to that effect granted *ex parte* by Mr. Justice BARNARD, reciting as usual, that it "appeared satisfactory that there were sufficient grounds therefor." Mr. SHERWOOD requested time to consult counsel.

The receiver came the next day, again demanded possession of the books and papers, and was refused, when Mr. SHERWOOD was immediately arrested by a Deputy Sheriff, who came in company with the receiver, under an order in the following words:

> It sufficiently appearing to me, by the annexed copy of an order and the affidavits thereto annexed, that the said THOMAS D. SHERWOOD has refused to obey the said order, in contempt of this Court, I hereby order and require the Sheriff of the City and County of New-York to forthwith, upon the receipt thereof, arrest and hold the body of the said THOS. D. SHERWOOD without bail, and him safely keep, and have and produce before me, one of the Justices of this Court, at Chambers thereof, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 31st day of October, 1868, at 10 o'clock of the forenoon of the said day, to show cause why he should not be punished as for a contempt of this Court. GEORGE G. BARNARD, P. J. S. C."

And Mr. SHERWOOD was taken to jail under this order, kept there over night, and subjected to insults, and finally brought to Court the next morning and discharged. And an order was then entered by the same Judge declaring that the 60,000 shares could not legally be voted upon, that Mr. SHERWOOD had never been in contempt of Court, and vacating the receivership.

THE SUSQUEHANNA LITIGATION.

In the Susquehanna litigation, certain of the directors of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, who were working in concert with Messrs. FISK and GOULD, desired to get a receiver appointed of the railroad. The railroad was none of it in or near New-York County, and none of the parties to the suit in which the receivership was granted were residents of New-York County. Judge BARNARD was on the 6th of August, 1869, the day when the receivers were appointed, in Poughkeepsie, at the death-bed of his mother. These directors came from Albany to the Grand Opera-house, in New-York City, for the purpose of having a receiver appointed by the Supreme Court of the State of New-York of a railroad 150 miles away. Judge INGRAHAM was holding the Chambers of the Court at that time. A telegram was sent to Judge BARNARD on Mr. FISK'S free pass, as the message itself showed, from No. 359 West Twenty-third-street, in New-York City, where lived Mrs. HELEN JOSEPHINE MANSFIELD, at whose house it was proved that Judge BARNARD had been a visitor. This telegram requested him to be in New-York City that evening without fail, and was signed with the name of JAMES H. COLEMAN. Judge BARNARD, from the telegraph-office in Poughkeepsie, sent his answer, directed to the same house, and came to New-York by a late train that evening. The papers for the receivership were prepared in the Opera-house, and were given to one of the counsel, who went from the Opera-house with Mr. JAMES FISK, Jr., found Judge BARNARD in Mr. FISK'S own apartments, two doors away, and the order was then signed appointing Mr. FISK himself receiver, the name of the receiver having been filled in, and every paper completed, including the receiver's bond, before they were presented to the Judge. The directors, being at their dinner, conversed about the appointment as a thing certain before it was made, and before the Judge could have reached New-York. Judge BARNARD was compelled to return to Poughkeepsie to attend the funeral of his mother, who died two days afterward. But Mr. FISK'S counsel obtained from Judge BARNARD orders and writs in Poughkeepsie on the very day of his mother's funeral.

DAVID GROESBECK and others were the owners of 2,400 shares of this Susquehanna stock, which they had lawfully bought. By an *ex parte* order a receiver was appointed of this stock, and the first notice the owners of the stock had of any proceeding was the appearance of a receiver, with a Deputy Sheriff, who demanded and took the stock. And afterward, at the election for directors, the plaintiff in the suit, as inspector, received the votes on this stock from the receiver, having applied for the receivership on the sole ground that the stock was void and could be voted on by no one, and the receiver voted on this stock for Messrs. FISK and GOULD and their friends, having received his ticket from Mr. FISK'S counsel that morning at the breakfast table.

RAILROAD RECEIVERS.

Nearly all these receiverships of railroads and the stock of railroads have been granted at the motion of certain gentlemen connected with the Erie Railway, or their friends. These gentlemen had been the objects of injunctions and receiverships until the Spring of 1868, when a memorial to the Legislature had been prepared complaining of judicial conduct on the part of Judge BARNARD, after which time Messrs. FISK and GOULD, and their friends, appear as plaintiffs in injunctions and receivership suits.

CORPORATIONS DRIVEN AWAY.

Various instances were proved in which great corporations, with their immense capital, funds, and business were driven out of the State, or failed to establish their offices in the State, or prepared for flight from the State, because of the dread felt of the Courts which are instituted for the security of property. The Judges had made themselves a praise to evil-doers and a terror to them that do well. The Union Pacific Railroad Company fled from the State. The Western Union Telegraph Company prepared for flight. The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, whose roads traverse the States of New-York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and Illinois, wished to come here, but stayed away. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company leased its numerous roads from the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company for a term of 999 years; the rent, interest, &c., reserved in the lease, amounting to about $2,800,000 a year, payable in New-York. But the lease gives an option to the lessor to require the payments to be made in any State through which the road runs; the President of the Company testifying that this option was put in the lease after careful consideration, from the distrust entertained and expressed of the course of judicial administration in New-York. Several of the greatest bankers, capitalists and merchants of New-York testified to the general distrust of the Courts and of the Judges specified felt in commercial and financial circles, which had hindered the negotiation of American securities here and abroad, and that the total of American securities, amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars, had been impaired thereby an average of five per cent. And the testimony showing the wide prevalence of this feeling of insecurity at home and abroad, and of its demonstrated effect in the specified instances, was not controverted by a single witness.

Your Committee conclude with expressing their conviction that the Bar which stands so closely related to the administration of justice in the commercial capital of the nation, and which should be the first to sound the alarm of danger from judicial corruption, performed a great and manifest public duty in instituting inquiry, in calling the attention of the Legislature to the portentous maladministration of justice in this City, and in fearlessly prosecuting the charges it made in the interest of the good name and fame and safety of the people of the State of New-York.

JOSHUA M. VAN COTT,
JOHN E. PARSONS,
APRIL 9, 1872. ALBERT STICKNEY.

HOW THE REPORT WAS RECEIVED.

Mr. PECKHAM—I would say a single word in reference to the report that has just been submitted to the Association. I apprehend that in the honor and respect that has been paid for so long a time in the history of the races speaking the English language to the word loyalty, so far as it is expressed in the feeling of the people toward institutions to whom they felt an attachment, there have been no stronger illustration than that which the Bar have always felt—the Bar at common law Courts—to the judiciary that was pure and unsullied and unsuspected. I apprehend that at this day there is no sentiment that is more honored than that by which we honor and cling round the Bench, which we, as a body, surround and give to it, when it is worthy of it, all the honor that could possibly be desired or expected. And I apprehend that there is no greater degradation to which we who speak the English language can be subjected than that of feeling that the one high idol to which we bow down is unworthy of our worship or admiration. I think at this time there is not among the members of the Bar of the City of New-York an individual who can say he feels honor and respect and admiration for the Bench in the sense in which our forefathers did who practiced with the Kents, the Bronsons and the Bradleys of those days. I deplore that event. I wish we could rally around them as they would do if any one dared to asperse their high character. To-day we can't do it. Today, as has been expressed in your report, merchants, corporations and individuals, all flee before the face of the Judiciary whose ermine they feel is not the ermine of justice, but that of the oppressor and wrong doer. I honor, gentlemen, the men who have come forward here as our representatives—who have come forward to the public and said the men whom you have honored and placed on the Bench, whose judgment should protect you, and who should be the guardians of your interests, are unworthy of your trust and should be deposed. I honor the men who have that courage, and I feel it is due to any man, due to them, due to the public to say simply, without further trespassing on your time, and without speaking on the details of the evidence presented before the Committee, to say to them publicly, boldly, heartily, strongly and truthfully, that we thank them for the efforts they have given in our behalf, and that we stand by them fully and strongly, and mean to stand by them. [Applause.] I therefore move that the report of this Committee be received with thanks, and the earnest, strong and soul-felt thanks of the Association be given to the gentlemen who have given us their efforts in this matter.

Mr. RONE said that in mentioning the names of the receivers, if any of them belonged to the Bar Association, they should be mentioned publicly.

Mr. PECKHAM said everything would be published in the printed report.

Mr. NASH said: I second the proposition. I think we ought to go further, and say, as an expression of the feeling of this Association, that we have done the duty we assumed to do, and what remains to be done belongs to the representatives of the people. The Bar Association cannot do everything. They have furnished proof, the evidence is now complete, and it remains for the people to say what the result shall be. I remember the words of an old prophecy which has often rung in my ears, "A terrible and horrible thing is committed in the land; the prophets prophesied falsely; the priests ruled by their means." But this, gentlemen, was not a horrible thing or a terrible thing. It was that the people voted to have it so. It remains, after this exposure by the Judiciary, whether the people are willing to have it so, whether the kind of Judges we have exposed, who have befouled the ermine, are the kind of Judges we wish to have as descendants of the honored Judiciary of New-York. If that is the result, and the Legislature are satisfied, then we may as well say our degradation is complete.

The motion was carried unanimously.

In reply to a member, Mr. NICHOL said that the Committee was still in existence, and that the case of Judge McCUNN was not yet determined upon.

It was resolved that 500 copies of the report be printed for circulation among the members of the Legislature.

A vote of condolence was passed to the relatives of Judge WHITING on his decease, and the meeting adjourned.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Gen. WM. T. SHERMAN and his party are in Constantinople.

The snow blockade on the Union Pacific Railroad is over.

Mrs. President GRANT held her first reception since Lent yesterday afternoon.

The Welland Canal is expected to open to navigation on the 20th inst.

The nail-feeders in the Pittsburg mills are on a strike for more pay.

A fire in Dresden, Me., on Monday night entirely destroyed the store and stock of E. E. HONDLETT.

Master E. E. BRADBURY has been detached from the Portsmouth Navy-yard, and ordered to the *Sabine*.

The steamer *Norseman* left Toronto, Ontario, yesterday morning, for Charlotte, the first trip of the season.

Rev. WILBUR F. WATKINS, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has accepted a call to the rectorship of the Church of the Epiphany, of Washington.

A lamp exploded in a Pittsburg street-car, on Sunday evening, and the passengers were compelled to flee for their lives.

Gov. GEARY, of Pennsylvanai, has signed the bill permitting persons accused of minor crimes to testify in their own behalf.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, employed in the Central Railroad shops at West Albany, was run over at that place yesterday and killed.

The Kuklux trials, at Charleston, S. C., did not begin yesterday, owing to the non-arrival of Judge BOND.

The Tichborne claimant has been indicted for forgery and perjury by the Old Bailey Grand Jury.

The water supply for Boston is to be increased forthwith by connecting Sudbury River with Cochituate Lake.

Capt. WM. RONCHONDORFF has been detached from duty in charge of the iron-clads at New-Orleans, and placed on waiting orders.

Commander S. LIVINGSTON BREEZE has been detached from the command of the *Vandalia*, and ordered to command the *Sabine*.

Lieut.-Commander JOHN WEIDMAN has been detached from the Hydrographic Office, and ordered to command the *Pawnee*.

The monument to Hon. D. S. DICKINSON is to be placed upon his grave, in Binghampton, with Masonic ceremonies, on Monday, 22d inst.

The *Octroi* officers of Paris, on Monday, seized sixty shells and grenades, concealed in two market wagons, as they entered Montreuil.

Gen. LEW. WALLACE has been very ill with spotted fever, in Crawfordsville, Ind., but is now reported to be better.

A man and wife died in Jacksonville, Fla., on the 25th ult., of lockjaw, caused, it is alleged, by taking cold in vaccinated arms.

The Local Option bill passed for the Borough of Shippensburg, Penn., is decided to be unconstitutional, and licenses are granted as if no such law existed.

Lieut.-Commander CHAS. J. BARCLAY, Lieut. EDWARD WOODMAN, and Boatswain WM. JONES have been ordered to the receiving-ship *Sabine*.

The dwelling-house and out-buildings of GEORGE W. WHEELER and DANIEL BEAN, at Milan, N. H., were destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss, $2,500.

Lewiston, Me., voted yesterday overwhelmingly in favor of the proposed Lewiston and Auburn Railroad, to connect with the Grand Trunk Railway.

BAUCH & SON'S bone-phosphate-works, on Morris-street wharf, Philadelphia, were entirely destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $100,000; covered by insurance.

Lieut.-Commander DEWITT C. KELLS has been detached from the command of the *Pawnee*, and ordered to duty in charge of the iron-clads at New-Orleans.

The Albany Republicans concede the re-election of THACHER, the regular Democratic nominee for Mayor. There were three candidates.

The Old Bailey Grand Jury have found a true bill against ARTHUR O'CONNOR, the assailant of the Queen, charging him with misdemeanor.

A letter has just been received at the post-office in Jacksonville, Ill., from San Francisco, addressed to Ex-Gov. JOSEPH DUNCAN, who died in 1844.

The German Bishops will meet in Fulda today. The conference will last two days and will be held with closed doors. The Archbishop of Cologne is to preside.

A tow-boat ran three barges loaded with coal and railroad iron, against Pier No. 21 of the railroad bridge at Louisville yesterday, and all sunk. Total loss about $60,000.

J. L. HUNTER, a lawyer, and another man, while attaching the property of F. H. SIMPSON, hardware dealer, in Williamantic, Conn., on Monday, were shot by SIMPSON; neither fatally.

Bavarian journals deny the truth of the report that King LOUIS has been betrothed to a daughter of Prince FREDERICK CHARLES of Prussia.

Hon. H. G. S. KEY, a member of the historic family of that name, has just died in St. Mary's County, Maryland, at the age of eighty-three years.

Three survivors of the Dartmoor Massacre, residing in Baltimore, held a reunion meeting on Saturday, the fifty-seventh anniversary of the outrage.

Miss POLLY PERRY, a distant relative of Commodore PERRY, died in Matoonic, R. I., on the 5th inst., aged ninety-nine years, eight months and seventeen days.

The Republicans yesterday elected their entire ticket in Lockport, N. Y. Their candidate for Mayor, ELISHA MOODY receiving 252 majority. The Common Council for the coming year will stand seven Republicans and two Democrats.

The employers in the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, amuse and benefit the inmates by private theatricals, tableaux, &c., during the Winter months, when out-door exercises are uncomfortable.

JOSEPH B. AGNEW, who recently died in Appanoose Township, Hancock County, Ill., at the age of fifty-eight years, is said to have been the person who fired the Nauvoo temple at the time of the Mormon war.

The expenses of the Pennsylvania Legislature, just adjourned, were much less than usual, and the cost of running the State Government the coming year is expected to be $500,000 less than last year.

The following gentlemen were yesterday elected officers of the Buffalo Board of Trade: ALFRED P. WRIGHT, President; ALONZO RICHMOND, Vice-President; EDWARD W. HAYES, Treasurer.

The Pope has refused to receive a sum of money off-red him by the Italian Government, declaring that when it became necessary for him to accept alms he would receive it from the Catholic world only.

A brakeman named MORGAN, of Poughkeepsie, on Conductor HOE'S train, fell from the cars this afternoon a short distance above this City, and was horribly mangled. The train passed over him and severed his legs from his body, death ensuing soon afterward.

At the Metairie Course, yesterday, the first race was won by *Conductor* by half a length; the second, run by Metairie gentlemen riders, was won by *Temple*, representing the United States, and the third was won by *Frank Hampton* in three straight heats.

Certain church-goers in Norwich, Conn., are puzzled. A month ago, a clergyman from Meriden preached a very fine sermon to them. Last Sunday, a clergyman from Eagleville preached eloquently to them, but it was the same sermon. Now they are anxious to know who wrote it.

The Washington *Patriot* insists that the time has fully come for the Democratic Party to get in line and prepare for action, without considering what may or may not be done by the Cincinnati Convention, which, it thinks, has had too much consideration already.

At a great mass-meeting in Oil City, Penn., the Executive Committee reported that as there no longer exists any combination to interfere with the natural channels of trade, the oil markets of the oil regions are declared open to all, as before the advent of the South Improvement Company.

Mr. J. C. CLYMORE, of Illinois, who was murdered on the evening of March 29 by a highwayman, had recently been in correspondence with Hon. HORATIO KING, of Washington, and on the 25th of March wrote: "I feel distressed this morning by reason of something uncommon. I have dreamed for four successive nights of being murdered. I have very little faith in dreams, though this is so singular."

The statement of the Boston national banks, as returned to the Clearing-house, Monday morning, shows: Capital, $48,500,000. Loans, $116,630,900; increase, $409,000. Specie, $3,770,500; decrease, $195,900. Legal tender, $7,357,400; decrease, $750,100. Due from other banks, $19,286,500; increase, $1,900,000. Due to other banks, $16,886,200; increase, $418,200. Deposits, $47,679,000; increase, $2,837,500. Circulation, $25,813,000; increase, $62,300.

Enormous Failure of the Great Geneva Watch Company.

Over $2,000,000 worth of solid gold and silver watches to be disposed of by the agents of the Company, at No. 753 Broadway, between Eighth and Ninth streets.

The watches will be sold at one-half the cost of importation—gold watches as low as $15, and silver ones for $4 80. A discount of one per cent. will be made to jewelers purchasing by the dozen. A written guarantee in reference to the quality of the cases and works is given with each watch.

The sale will continue from day to day until all are disposed of. Those desiring to purchase should call at once, in order to have the cream of the stock to select from.—*Advertisement.*

For cleaning all kitchen utensils SAPOLIO is better than rotten-stone, emery, or bath brick.—*Advertisement.*

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES will be published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, 5 cents.

It contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agriculture and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country for TWO DOLLARS a year. Five copies, $8; ten copies, $15; twenty copies, $25; and an extra copy to getter-up of club of ten or twenty subscribers.

It is with Pleasure that I Add My Testimony to the excellency of Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. I have used it in my family for several years, and can truly say that I know of no medicine equal to it for checking and curing the frequent Coughs and Colds to which children are subject at all seasons of the year. I have also realized great benefit from it myself, and have recommended it to others, who almost invariably have learned to value it. I always prescribe it to the students under our care when necessary, and the teachers willingly add their testimony to mine in praise of this medicine.—*J. S. Edwards, Principal of Providence Conf. Sem., East Greenwood, R. I.*

Cheering Words from the West.

From the rich valleys and teeming prairie lands of the West, as well as from the swamps and bayous of the South, comes the welcome intelligence that the general use of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as an antidote to malarious fevers has wonderfully diminished the amount of distress and suffering in those regions. The great vegetable specific, when taken as a preventive, is undoubtedly a sure defense against fever and ague and bilious intermittents. In fact there is no disease generated by unwholesome exhalations, impure water, or by any morbid condition of the atmosphere, against which it is not a safeguard; while as a remedy for indigestion, disturbances of the liver, rheumatism, nervous debility, costiveness, flatulency, sickness at the stomach and all derangements of the secretive organs, it is incomparably the best, as well as the most agreeable, of all tonic and regulating medicines.

Be Sure and Call for Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

To the Consumptive.—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME," without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the oil as heretofore used, is endowed by the phosphate of lime with a healing property which renders the oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be exhibited to those who desire to see them. For sale by A. B. WILBOR, chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston.

Skin Diseases.

Perry's Improved Comedone and Pimple Remedy. The Skin Medicine of the age. Is warranted to cure Flesh Worms, Pimpley Eruptions and Blotched Disfigurations of the Face. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, Bond-st., N. Y. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $60, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

"Neuril" is a harmless external Remedy for Neuralgia. If applied when the pain is at its height, will give instant relief. Sold by all Druggists.

Wedding Notes, Ball Cards, Monograms, orders of dancing, silk badges. JAS. EVERDELL, No. 302 Broadway. Established 1840.

Hot-water Furnaces for Warming dwellings, greenhouses, &c. C. R. ELLIS, 182 Centre-st.

MARRIED.

LIPPINCOTT—BOOTH.—On Monday, April 8, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. Dr. Montgomery, ALBERT G. LIPPINCOTT to AGNES L., daughter of William D. Booth, Esq., all of this City.

OGDEN—FRAZIER.—At St. Luke's Church, Philadelphia, Tuesday, April 9, by Right Rev. William Bacon Stevens, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, CHARLES WALTON OGDEN to LOUISA H., daughter of Nalbro Frazier, of Philadelphia.

STEELE—ALDRICH.—On Tuesday, 9th inst., by Rev. Dr. E. A. Washburn, assisted by Rev. C. C. Adams, at Calvary Church, JAMES NEVETT STEELE, of Baltimore, and HELEN HUDSON, eldest daughter of H. D. Aldrich, of this City.

TOMPKINS—PENFIELD.—Tuesday, April 9, at the Church of the Covenant, corner Park-av. and 35th-st., by Rev. George L. Prentiss, D. D., KILBOURNE TOMPKINS and IDA G. PENFIELD.

WELSH—HADDON.—At the Church of the Holy Trinity, April 7, 1872, by Rev. Geo. B. Draper, HENRY WELSH to MARY ANN AMELIA HADDON, daughter of James Haddon, all of the City of New-York.

WEED—JONES.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 9, at the house of Henry K. Bicker, Esq., by Rev. Judson H. Hopkins, BENJAMIN WEED, of Darien, Conn., to Miss ELEANOR JONES, daughter of the late William Jones, of Ravenswood, Long Island.

DIED.

ANDERSON.—On Tuesday, April 9, after a short illness, at his residence, No. 431 Fulton-av., Brooklyn, EDWARD O. ANDERSON, in the 35th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

BRILLAN.—On Monday, April 8, of heart disease, JOHN W. BRILLAN, of San Francisco, Cal., in the 53d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Tabernacle Baptist Church, No. 166 2d-av., near 10th-st., this (Wednesday) morning, at 11 o'clock.

BARNES.—On Tuesday morning, April 9, ROBERT S. BARNES, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and the friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 147 West 23d-st., on Thursday, the 11th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

BENEDICT.—Tuesday morning, April 9, 1872, GRACE HATFIELD BENEDICT, eldest daughter of Charles A. and Sarah E. Benedict, aged 8 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service on Thursday afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, at the residence of her parents, No. 292 West 11th-st. The remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment on Friday morning.

BUCK.—At Havana, of yellow fever, JOHN BUCK, of the late firm of John Buck & Co., of this City.

BLACKBURNE.—On Monday, April 8, JOHN BLACKBURNE, of Orange, N. J., aged 37 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, the 10th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from No. 259 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

BETTS.—On Monday, April 8, ANNA DOROTHEA, eldest daughter of the late William Betts, Jr., and granddaughter of William Betts, in the 12th year of her age.

The friends and relations of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, April 10, at 10½ A. M., at the Church of the Transfiguration, in 29th-st.

BROWNSON.—At Elizabeth, N. J., April 9, Mrs. S. H. BROWNSON, wife of Dr. O. A. Brownson, in the 69th year of her age.

Funeral from St. Mary's Church, Elizabeth, at 10 A. M., 11th inst. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

CONREY.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 9, PETER CONREY, formerly of New-Orleans, in the 74th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at Zion Church, corner Madison-av. and 38th-st., on Thursday morning, April 11, at 10 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Philadelphia for interment.

CRIPPS.—On the 9th inst., at her late residence, No. 470 Classon-av., Brooklyn, ELIZABETH, the beloved wife of William Cripps, in the 69th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Friday, the 12th inst., at 2 P. M., from the vestry-room of Plymouth Church. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

DEAKE.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 6, OLIVE Y. S., wife of Charles Deake.

Funeral services from her late residence, No. 74 Second-place, on Wednesday, 10th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FISK.—On the 4th inst., at Coalsmouth, West Virginia, in the 30th year of his age, Capt. R. H. FISK, son of the late Rev. Joel Fisk.

His remains will be brought to Ewing, N. J., for interment.

FARLESS.—On Tuesday morning, April 9, 1872, after a short illness, MARY E. FARLESS.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 116 East 23d-st., on Thursday, April 11, at 2½ o'clock.

GETTY.—At Yonkers, on Tuesday, April 9, REBECCA, wife of Robert P. Getty, in the 60th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, 11th inst., at 3 o'clock, from her late residence. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot to meet the 1½ train from 30th-st., and the 2 o'clock train from 42d-st.

GRIFFEN.—At Mamaroneck, Westchester County, on Third day, (Tuesday,) the 9th inst., JANE F., wife of Stephen C. Griffen, in the 57th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Sixth day, (Friday,) the 12th inst., at 10½ o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 9 A. M. train from 27th-st.

GEMMEL.—On Sunday, April 7, FRANKLIN, youngest son of James and Ellen E. Gemmel, in the 4th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 131 East 29th-st., on Wednesday, April 10, at 1 o'clock.

LEWIS.—On Tuesday, April 9, SYLVANUS LEWIS, aged 79.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, at 1 o'clock, from the Central M. E. Church, corner of 7th-av. and 14th-st.

LILIENTHAL.—Tuesday, April 9, EDWIN STRANGE, son of C. H. and S. P. Lilienthal.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOSHER.—On Sunday, WM. H. MOSHER.

LEBANON ENCAMPMENT, NO. 12, I. O. O. F.—Officers and Patriarchs will meet at the Willet Methodist Episcopal Church, near Grand-st., on Wednesday, at 1½ o'clock P. M., to pay the last tribute of respect to our late Patriarch, WM. H. MOSHER.

By order.
WM. H. REYNOLDS, C. P.
R. G. MILLARD, Financial Scribe.

McBRIDE.—On the 25th March, 1872, at the residence of his father, at Jerseyville, Jersey County, Ill., WILLIAM FRANCIS, son of William and Margaret Ann McBridge, aged 25 years and 17 days.

His remains were interred in Cypress Hills Cemetery, Long Island.

ROOD.—On Monday, April 8, at 5 P. M., of pneumonia, the infant daughter of Ogden N. and Mathilde F. Rood, aged 2 months and 3 weeks.

STIVERS.—At Paterson, N. J., April 9, WILLIE GRIFFIN, only child of James and Annie G. Stivers, aged 16 months.

Funeral will take place from the residence of the parents, No. 123 Broadway, Paterson, N. J., on Thursday, April 11, at 10½ A. M. Train leaves Chambers st. at 8 o'clock, via Erie Railroad.

SWAINE.—On Monday, April 8, 1872, PETER M. SWAINE.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 65 St. Mark's place, on Friday, April 12, at 1 P. M.

STRONG.—At Copiag, West Babylon, Long Island, April 8, ELLIS STRONG, in the 74th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

SPRAGUE.—In Colchester, New-London County, Conn., on Saturday, April 6, JULIA D., beloved wife of James L. Sprague, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, in the 57th year of her age.

SMITH.—In this City, Thursday, April 9, DAVID A. SMITH, M. D., son of the late David Smith, M. D.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

WORTHEN.—At Elizabeth, N. J., April 6, CLARA MAY, only daughter of Geo. S. B. and the late Amme Worthen, aged 3 months and 1 day.

WELLS.—Suddenly, April 9, 1872, ELISHA WELLS, aged 79 years, 2 months and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son, T. Jefferson Wells, No. 208 West 15th-st., at 1 o'clock, Thursday, April 11, without further invitation.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"GOOD-BYE, SWEETHEART!"

D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 549 and 551 Broadway, New-York,
Publish this day:
"GOOD-BYE, SWEETHEART!"
By
RHODA BROUGHTON,
Author of "Red as a Rose is She," "Cometh Up as a Flower," &c.

One vol., 8vo, paper covers, price 75 cents.
One vol., 12mo, cloth, price $1 50.

"Good-bye, Sweetheart!" is certainly one of the brightest and most entertaining novels that has appeared for many years. The heroine of the story, Lenore, is really an original character, drawn only as a woman could draw her, who had looked deeply into the mysterious recesses of the feminine heart. She is a creation totally beyond the scope of a man's pen, unless it were the pen of Shakespeare. Her beauty, her willfulness, her caprice, her love and her sorrow, are depicted with marvelous skill, and invested with an interest of which the reader never becomes weary. Miss Broughton, in this work, has made an immense advance on her other stories, clever as those are. Her sketches of scenery and of interiors, though brief, are eminently graphic; her conversations are sparkling and witty. [illegible] startling and unexpected [illegible] ters and story, [illegible] enchain the attention of the reader. The work has been warmly commended by the Press during its publication, as a serial, in APPLETON'S JOURNAL, and, in its book-form, bids fair to be [illegible] the season.

D. A. & CO. HAVE NOW READY,
New editions of
COMETH UP AS A FLOWER. Price 60 cents.
NOT WISELY, BUT TOO WELL. Price 60 cents.
RED AS A ROSE IS SHE. Price 60 cents.
RED AS A ROSE IS SHE. 12mo, cloth, price $1 50.

, Sent free by mail to any address in the United States on receipt of the price.

EUROPE FOR AMERICANS!
MESSRS. SHELDON & CO., NO. 677 BROADWAY,
PUBLISH THIS DAY,
EDITION FOR 1872
MORFORD'S SHORT-TRIP GUIDE TO EUROPE,
MATERIALLY RE-WRITTEN,
FROM
PERSONAL TRAVEL OF LAST SUMMER;
WITH NEW ROUTES, IN HOLLAND, BELGIUM,
GERMANY, SWITZERLAND, ITALY,
THE NORTHERN COUNTRIES.
PRICE, TWO DOLLARS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JUST RECEIVED.
A LARGE INVOICE OF
SUPERIOR CRYSTAL CHANDELIERS.
ARCHER & PANCOAST MFG. CO.,
Nos. 70, 72 and 74 Wooster-st., (above Broome.)

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.
Pronounced by Connoisseurs
"THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE."
It improves appetite and digestion, and is unrivaled for its flavor.
We are directed by Messrs. LEA & PERRINS to prosecute all parties making or vending counterfeits.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
AGENTS, NEW-YORK.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
Prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for Doubloons and all kinds of Government securities. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.
The mails for Europe, during the week ending SATURDAY, April 13, 1872, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 11½ A. M., and on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on SATURDAY at [illegible] A. M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

PATENTS.—MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS *Scientific American*, 37 Park-row N. Y., obtain Patents everywhere. Send for Patent Laws and Guide to Inventors.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather yesterday, April 9, the attendance at the Exchange of investors and others interested in real estate was large, and the result of the day's business was very satisfactory, as a much greater proportion of the property offered was disposed of than usual, and, as a whole, at good prices. The following is a review of the proceedings:

MUELLER, WILKINS & Co. by order of the heirs of SAMUEL PHILLIPS, deceased, offered at auction quite an extensive line of City property belonging to the estate of the same, embracing three houses and lots on Second-avenue, a house and lot on Third-avenue, house and lot on East Twenty-first-street, house and lot on East Eighty-first-street, house and lot on Madison-street, and vacant lots on Eighth and Madison avenues, all of which were sold, the details with names of purchasers being given below. A country residence at Concord, Richmond County, Staten Island, comprising a gothic mansion with large plot of ground, belonging to the same estate, also advertised for sale yesterday, was not offered, having been withdrawn prior to the auction. The same firm also sold at public auction a three-story brick building and lot situate on the south side of Broome-street, near South Fifth-avenue, which was bought by S. A. LEWIS for $21,550, and in addition offered at another auction six lots of land together, forming a plot in size 74 by 200, with brick and frame buildings thereon, covering the property located on Thompson-street, between Prince and Houston streets, and running through to Sullivan-street. In this case, however, no sale was effected, although bona fide bids to the amount of $13,100 per lot were received. The total sum realized from the sale of property belonging to the Phillips estate was $136,850.

JAMES M. MILLER, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of LEWIS C. PLATT, Esq., referee, also conducted an important sale of City real estate, disposing of houses and lots on West Thirtieth and Thirty-second streets, and lots on Eighth and Eleventh avenues. For details of this sale reference is also made to the summary below. The same auctioneer in addition sold the premises known as No. 69 James-street, embracing a lot of land with five-story brick store and dwelling upon the same, which were purchased by DANIEL CUNNINGHAM for $14,950. The other legal sales in charge of Mr. MILLER as auctioneer, announced for yesterday, were adjourned as follows: Sale of house and lot on Norfolk-street, near Delancey, adjourned until to-morrow; sale of lot on north-west corner of Third-avenue and One Hundred and Third-street adjourned until April 11; and sale of two lots on One Hundred and Forty-third-st., between Seventh and Eighth avenues, adjourned until April 30.

WM. KENNELLY, at public auction, sold a four-story and basement brick house and lot, situate on the south side of Bond-street, near the Bowery, known as No. 55, for $19,600. Also, a three-story, attic and cellar brick warehouse and lot, known as No. 294 Washington-street, near Chambers, for $17,500, the purchaser of the first-named premises being DR. F. C. HILLMER, and of the second, GEO. WELCH. The Washington-street property, however, we understand, was purchased for THOS. R. MCNELL.

JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at public auction, disposed of a four-story and basement brick house and lot, known as No. 1,555 Second-avenue, west side, between Eightieth and Eighty-first streets, for $12,500, the purchaser being HAMILTON FANZIER. Also, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of GRATZ NATHAN, Esq., referee, a seventeen years' lease (ground rent, $1,125 per year) of a four-story brick store and dwelling, situate on the north-west corner of Third-avenue and Sixty-second-street, for $13,650; purchaser, WM. LIPPMAN. Mr. MCGUIRE, in addition, offered for sale, at public auction, two building lots, together in size 50.3 by 60, located on the north-east corner of Ninth-avenue and Sixty-second-street, which were withdrawn upon a bid of $16,000 for the plot. The following legal sales, under the direction of the same auctioneer, noticed for yesterday, were adjourned, viz.: Sale of house and lot on West Thirty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, adjourned until the 17th inst., and sale of house and lot on West Fortieth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, adjourned until May 9. In regard to the legal sale of house and lot on the south side of East Thirty-fifth-street, 80 feet east of Third-avenue, we learn that the foreclosure suit involving the title to the property has been settled.

In the above review all the sales of New-York realty are noted; but the following property was, in addition offered, but no transfer of title made. By D. M. SEAMAN, a plot of land, 66 by 100, known as Nos. 387, 389 and 391 West Twelfth-street, and Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Jane-street, between Washington and West streets, extending from street to street, first above named, with three-story buildings upon and covering the same. Bids to the amount of $68,750 received. By A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., two lots of ground on the south-west corner of Broome and Essex streets, known as Nos. 227 and 229 Broome, together forming a plot in size 37.6 by 64.3. Bids to the amount of $25,875 received. This property was afterward, we understand, sold at private contract at an advance over these figures. Messrs. BLEECKER & Co. also adjourned for one week the legal sale of a house and lot on East Fifty-sixth-street, near Third-avenue. The total value of City real estate sold at auction at the Exchange yesterday, amounted to $276,350—a very large day's business.

In addition to the above, the auction sale of 250 Brooklyn lots belonging to the estate of JOHN S. BERGEN, deceased, conducted by JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., was attended with a very gratifying success, about one-half the number being disposed of at very satisfactory figures. Full particulars are annexed. In all, 123 lots were sold for $29,755 in the aggregate. Mr. JOHNSON also sold, on another account, one lot on Twelfth-street, Brooklyn, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, for $675. The balance of the property advertised for sale by the same auctioneer was withdrawn, as the time was fully taken up with the other sales noted. The remainder of the Bergen estate lots will be disposed of at another auction, the date of which will be soon announced. In reference to Brooklyn real estate, it may be said that there is considerable more inquiry of late than has been the case for a long time past, and the market in this line gives promise of increased activity.

Today, at the Exchange, the principal sales to occur are those respectively under the direction of JAMES M. MILLER and E. H. LUDLOW & Co., at the first of which 100 up-town building lots, desirably located, belonging to the estate of JOHN PENTZ, deceased, will be positively sold, while at the second, under a bankruptcy order, the well-known Grand Union Hotel of Saratoga will be offered. Both of these proposed auctions are attracting general attention. Today also, at Summit, N. J., on the premises, at 1 o'clock, A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & Co., will offer at auction a desirable country residence; and in connection with this sale attention is called to the advertised card in another column, of ARCHIBALD GRACIE, No. 69 Liberty-street, who offers both for sale and to rent, property located at Summit. Mr. GRACIE has also, in connection with his business in this City, opened a real estate office at Summit, on the corner of Keithock-place and Union-place, nearly opposite the railway station.

At private sale, WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine-street, reports having recently disposed of the following City real estate: Two lots on the south-west corner of Madison-avenue and Ninety-ninth-street, having a front of 45 feet on street and 100.11 feet on avenue; sold for $16,000. Also, one full lot on the south side of Fifty-seventh-street, 450 feet west of Fifth-avenue, for $30,000: and eight lots on the south side of One Hundred and Seventh-street, 110 feet east of Third-avenue, for $2,000 each.

Exchange Sales Tuesday, April 9.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

(Phillips Estate.)

1 4-story high-stoop brown-stone h. and l., No. 136 East 61st-st., s. s., 20 ft. w. of Lexington-av., lot 20x80, house 20x50; W. Dessauer, purchaser	$23,900
1 5-story brick-house (with store) and lot, No. 27 3d-av., e. s., 60 ft. n. of 45th-st., lot 20x65 and 45, house 20x45; S. A. Lewis, purchaser	30,400
1 five-story brick (double tenement-house (with store) and lot, No. 349 Madison-st., n. s., 144 ft. e. of Scammel-st., lot, 24x98, house, 24x60; G. S. Mawson, purchaser	15,900
1 two-story and basement high-stoop brick h. and l., No. 340 East 21st-st., s. s., 160 ft. w. of 1st-av., lot, 20x92, house, 20x39; same buyer as above	7,850
1 four-story brown-stone house (with store) and lot, No. 796 2d-av., e. s., 80.5 ft. s. of 43d-st., lot, 20x81, house, 20x54; J. D. Brodak, purchaser	15,250
1 4-story brick house (with store) and lot, No. 1,085, 2d-av., w. s., 20 ft. n. of 57th-st., lot 20x80, house 20x44.6, Thos. B. Taylor, purchaser	13,900
1 4-story brick house (with store) and lot, No. 1,142 2d-av., e. s., 20 ft. n. of 60th-st., lot 20x75, house 20x60, J. D. Brodek, purchaser	13,950
1 lot, e. s. 8th-av., 75 ft. s. of 118th-st., 25x100, Samuel Cohen, purchaser	5,800
4 lots, n. w. corner Madison-av. and East 115th-st., together forming a plot 100.10x85; John Bradburn, purchaser, $4,975 each	19,900

On another account.

1 3-story brick h. and l., No. 495 Broome-st., s. s., 41.8 ft. e. of South 5th-av. or Laurens-st., lot 21x64.9½; S. A. Lewis, purchaser	$21,550

By James M. Miller.

1 3-story and basement brown-stone h. and l., No. 106 West 22d-st., s. s., 160 ft. w. of 6th-av., lot 20.10x98.9; Geo. Peck, purchaser	$17,400
1 3-story and basement brick h. and l., No. 362 West 30th-st., s. s., 116 ft. e. of 9th-av., lot 20x98.9; Mr. Jeralomon, purchaser	11,000
1 lot, s. s. of West 63d-st., 350 ft. w. of 8th-av. and near the Grand Boulevard, 25x100.5, B. P. Fairchild, purchaser	13,500
1 lot, n. w. corner of 11th-av. and 61st-st, 25.6x100; Isaac Meyer, purchaser	5,550
3 lots, w. s. 11th-av., 25 ft. 8 in. n. of 61st-st., adjoining above, each 25x100; Stephen Chadwick, purchaser, $3,950 each	11,850
1 5-story brick store, dwelling and lot, No. 69 James-st., w. s., 27 ft. n. of Oak-st., lot 27x75, house 27 x about 53; Daniel Cunningham, purchaser	14,950

By Joseph McGuire.

1 4-story and basement house (with store) and lot, No. 1,555 2d-av., w. s., 38.11½ ft. s. of 81st-st.; lot, 18.10x80; house, 18.10x52; Hamilton Frazier, purchaser	$12,500
1 4-story brick store and dwelling, (leasehold,) n. w. corner 3d-av. and 62d-st., lot, 25x72; lease for 20 years from February, 1869; ground rent, $1,125 per annum; Wm. Lippman, purchaser	13,650

By William Kennelly.

1 4-story and basement brick h. and l., No. 55 Bond-st., s. s., 95.3 ft. w. of Bowery, lot 22x65.1 x22 3x60.10; Dr. F. C. Hillmer, purchaser	$19,600
1 3-story and attic brick warehouse and lot, No. 294 Washington-st., w. s., between Chambers and Reade sts., lot 19.10½x48.9, building covers same; Thomas R. McNell, purchaser	17,500

BROOKLYN.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr.

(Bergen Estate.)

5 lots, Nos. 1 to 5, n. w. corner 6th-av. and 44th-st., together forming plot 112.7x100; E. Davenport, purchaser, $185 each	$945
5 lots, Nos. 6 to 10, n. s. 44th-st., 190 ft. w. of 6th-av., in rear of above, each 20x104; F. O'Brien, purchaser, $160 each	800
10 lots, Nos. 11 to 20, n. s. 44th-st., adjoining above, each 20 x about 110; James Nolan, purchaser, $150 each	1,500
5 lots, Nos. 21 to 25, n. s. 44th-st., adjoining above, each 20 x about 130; E. S. Davenport, purchaser, $145 each	725
5 lots, Nos. 26 to 30, n. s. 44th-st., 100 feet e. of 5th-av., adjoining above, each 20 x about 140; H. J. Roe, purchaser, $160 each	800
8 lots, Nos. 31 to 38, s. e. corner of 5th-av. and 44th-st., adjoining above, each 20x100; H. Weber, purchaser, $205 each	1,640
5 lots, Nos. 163 to 167, n. w. corner of 4th-av. and 45th-st., each 20x60; J. Greenwood, purchaser, $220 each	1,100
4 lots, Nos. 159 to 162, n. e. corner 4th-av. and 43d-st., together forming plot 94.6x100; J. S. Swan, purchaser, $410 each	1,640
5 lots, Nos. 154 to 158, n. s. 43d-st., 100 ft. s. of 4th-av., adjoining above, each 20 x about 55; D. R. Briggs, purchaser, $150 each	750
5 lots, Nos. 168 to 172, s. w. corner 4th-av. and 43d-st., each 20x100; Ira O. Miller, purchaser, $525 each	2,625
23 lots, Nos. 173 to 195, s. s. 43d-st., 100 ft. w. of 4th-av., adjoining above, each 20x100.2; John A. Lighthill, purchaser, $260 each	5,980
5 lots, Nos. 196 to 200, s. e. corner 3d-av. and 43d-st., adjoining above, each 20x100; J. H. Schroeder, purchaser, $750 each	3,750
4 lots, Nos. 207 to 210, n. s. 43d-st., 90 ft. w. of 4th-av., each 20 x about 140; Ira O. Miller, purchaser, $280 each	1,120
4 lots, Nos. 211 to 214, with 4 lots in rear, Nos. 228 to 231, (without fronts,) n. s. 43d-st., adjoining above, each 20 x about 165; F. O'Brien, purchaser, $150 each	1,200
4 lots, Nos. 215 to 218, with 4 lots, Nos. 232 to 235, in rear, similar to above, n. s. 43d-st., adjoining above, each 20 x about 190; R. H. Drummond, purchaser, $170 each	1,360
4 lots, Nos. 219 to 222, n. s. 43d-st., adjoining above, each 20x100.2; Fred. Mohl, purchaser, $225 each	900
5 lots, Nos. 223 to 227, n. s. 43d-st., 150 ft. e. of 3d-av., adjoining above, each same size; Joseph Wolfering, purchaser, $220 each	1,100
5 lots, Nos. 240 to 244, s. s. 42d-st., 350 ft. e. of 3d-av., in rear of above, each same size; John Yates, purchaser, $200 each	1,000
4 lots, Nos. 236 to 239, s. s. 42d-st., adjoining above, each same size; R. H. Drummond, purchaser, $205 each	820
1 lot s. s. 12th-st., 97.10 ft. w. of 7th-av., 25x100; B. K. Lawlin, purchaser	675

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Monday, April 8.

Attorney-st., w. s., 50 ft. s. of Broome-st., 25x60	$21,620
Boulevard, e. s., 459.8 ft. s. of 138th-st., 40x71x40.6x79	8,600
East Broadway, n. s., 169.6 ft. e. of Montgomery-st., 20.6x59.7, h. and l.	11,800
Forsyth-st., w. s., 96 ft. s. of Houston-st., 21x66.10, h. and l.	15,000
Same property	16,000
8th-st., s. s., 125.9 ft. w. of Avenue A, 25.9x97.6, h. and l.	23,500
8th-st., s. s., 151.6 ft. w. of Avenue A, 25.9x97.6, h. and l.	23,500
13th-st., s. s., (No. 404,) 86.6 ft. w. of 9th-av., 18.10x10.33, irregular	8,500
36th-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 3d-av., 50x98.9, h. and l.	25,000
45th-st., s. s., 425 ft. e. of 8th-av., 26x100.5	10,000
46th-st., n. s., 424.6 ft. w. of 5th-av., 26x100.5	67,000
49th-st., s. s., 207 ft. w. of 6th-av., 21.4x100, h. and l.	29,000
51st-st., n. s., 278 ft. e. of 6th-av., 21x100.5, h. and l.	34,000
51st-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.	18,500
60th-st., n. s., 235 ft. w. of 3d-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.	28,100
61st-st., s. s., 156 ft. e. of 3d-av., 50x100.5	15,000
116th-st., s. s., 486.3 ft. w. of Avenue A, 18.7x100.11	15,000
116th-st., s. s., 443.6 ft. w. of Avenue A, 18.7x100.11	15,000
116th-st., s. s., 499.4 ft. w. of Avenue A, 18.7x100.11	15,000
127th-st., n. s., 235 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x99.11, h. and l.	6,500
134th-st., s. e. corner 6th-av., 160x99.11	37,500
141st-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 7th-av., 300x99.11	37,500
142d-st., s. s., 275 ft. w. of 7th-av., 75x99.11	
5th-av., e. s., 28.5 ft. s. of 54th-st., 30x125, h. and l.	145,000
8th-av., w. s., 52.2 ft. n. of 73d-st., 50x100	45,000
8th-av., w. s., 50.5 ft. n. of 123d-st., 50.6x100	10,650
8th-av., w. s., 25.2 ft. s. of 124th-st., 75.9x100	15,800
8th-av., n. w. corner of 123d-st., 50.5x100	30,525
123d-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100.11	
Av. St. Nicholas, n. e. corner of 123d-st, 88x64.3	
10th-av., s. w. corner of 156th-st., 50x100	17,000
10th-av., n. w. corner of 156th-st., 30x100	
156th-st., 100 ft. w. of 10th-av., 50x100	

LEASES.

Broadway, No. 1,258, 3 years, per year	8,000
Boulevard, s. e. corner 104th-st., 3 years, per year	1,000
John-st., No. 57, (lot,) 21 years, per year	1,200
West-st., No. 321, 5 years, per year	2,500
14th-st., No. 101, east, part of basement, 4 years, per year	1,500
Avenue C., No. 129, 4 years, per year	1,500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE THREE-story, high basement brick house, with brown-stone trimmings, No. 345 East 120th-st., north side, between 1st and 2d avs.; three minutes' walk from steam-boat landing; boats every half-hour, and only thirty minutes from Peck Slip; house 16.8 by 44 feet; lot 100 feet deep; house in perfect order, with all the modern improvements; also, stable adjoining, with accommodations for one horse and two wagons. Terms reasonable. Apply to THOS. B. TAPPEN, over Harlem Bank, 3d-av. and 124th-st.

WM. TRIST BAILEY, Auctioneer.

SALE THIS DAY, AT 11 A. M.

By V. K. STEVENSON & SON. Will sell, THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, the whole of the handsome and well manufactured furniture and effects in the residence No. 208 West 59th-st., opposite Central Park, near 7th-av. Catalogues at the house, or auctioneers' offices, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone English-basement house, about 19 feet wide, and lot half the block in depth, in 10th-st., west of and near 5th-av.; house in complete order and very desirable for a professional gentleman or a family residence; one of the most complete houses in the market; price $35,000; terms easy. For permits apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A MOST ELEGANT THREE-STORY basement and cellar brown-stone front house, 18.9x45 feet, on a wide street; has all the improvements, is built in the best and most substantial manner, and is warranted; must be seen to be appreciated; can be bought for $15,000; is worth $17,000. Apply on the premises, 125th-st., near 2d-av.; terms to suit.

BROADWAY LEASE FOR SALE—Building and lot on Broadway, near Astor-place; size 25x137½ feet; lease for forty-two years, on very favorable terms.

GRISWOLD & HURRY,
No. 744 Broadway, Astor-place.

TO LEASE—FOR TWO OR THREE YEARS, West 60th-st., 300 feet west of Boulevard, several new first-class four-story brown-stone houses; will be rented low. Apply to

WILLIAM BOGGS, No. 8 West 60th-st., or
WILLIAM BEDELL, builder, No. 985 8th-av.

A FREE REGISTER, WITH PARTICULARS of 2,000 City houses and building lots, for sale and to let, containing City map, &c., &c., gratis. Apply to V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO ELABORATELY-FINISHED four-story 25-feet front houses, north side 53d-st., between Madison and 5th avs.; location unsurpassed. Inquire on premises, of G. J. HAMILTON & SONS, builders.

A GEM.—EIGHTEEN-FEET HOUSE FOR sale on East 115th-st., near Central Park, cars and boats; modern improvements and gas-fixtures; nine rooms; desirable for a doctor; price, $6,500; easy terms. Call on owner, No. 225 East 116th-st.

$17,000—A BARGAIN, A THREE-story high-stoop brown-stone front house, hard wood on parlor floors; well built; 16x50; lot, 100; bay window; term to suit. Apply to W. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FIFTH-AV.—AN EXCEEDINGLY CHOICE extra-size well-built newly-designed and elegantly frescoed residence, near 49th-st., for sale reasonably.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE — LOT 41X100—33D-ST., NEAR Broadway, with buildings, suitable for club or livery stable, or other purposes, at a bargain. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, AN elegant four-story brown-stone house on 46th-st., near 5th-av., 25x68x100; possession at once.

S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

WANTED—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE IN the real estate business; none but those of experience and well qualified need apply at the New-York Loan and Real Estate Company, 918 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL houses in Brooklyn; built by day's work by the present owner in the best substantial manner, and put in thorough order; painted and papered and decorated in the very best style; all modern improvements; thirteen rooms, three stories, basement and subceller concreted; frame filled in and five marble mantels; terms easy; price $6,000. Inquire of the owner on the premises, PETER GILL, No. 177 Floyd-st., Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN.

A BARGAIN.—A new three-story brick house with every improvement, and first-class neighborhood for $8,500; if not sold will be rented. Apply to ROBT. S. WALKER, No. 205 Broadway, New-York.

DOCK PROPERTY TO LEASE.

The block (about fifty-two lots) bounded by West, Green and Huron streets and East River, Williamsburg, will be leased for two or ten years.

H. W. SAGE & CO., foot East 32d-st.

FOR SALE ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—A large, first-class house, corner of Willow and Orange sts., in complete order. Apply to TAYLOR & STEARNES, No. 1½ Pine-st., New-York, or WYCKOFF & JAMES, No. 203 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

"BEAUTIFUL FOR SITUATION."—Cheap as dirt. House and lot No. 330 Bedford-av.; eight rooms; all modern improvements. Price $4,500. Terms to suit. H. OLDFIELD, owner, No. 188 Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D.

"O, 'TIS A LOVELY SPOT."—BROWN stone, twenty-five feet front house, built for former owner in best manner; all modern improvements. Price $11,000; terms easy. Come to No. 188 Bedford-av., Brooklyn, E. D., and examine it.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A HANDSOME brown-stone house on Green-av., between Classon and Franklin avs., at moderate price. Apply to WYCKOFF & JAMES, No. 203 Montague-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A HANDSOME COTTAGE AND GROUNDS, suitable to a business man, at Elizabeth, a city of nearly 25,000 inhabitants, with paved streets, Police, gas, water, steam fire department, good stores, markets, schools, churches, and a superior class of residences; within forty minutes' average time to New-York, with frequent trains from 5 A. M. to midnight, at cheap fares and by travel unsurpassed for regularity, safety or scenery—altogether the most accessible, orderly and agreeable suburb of New-York. House has gas, water, range, furnace, bath, closets, twelve rooms, in excellent design. Lot nearly one acre, laid out in lawn, garden, fruit and shade trees, vines, &c. Location good and in the line of growth. For view and particulars, send to PROPERTY OWNER, Post-office Box No. 235 New-York, or apply at the West Elizabeth Depot, within 1,000 feet (two minutes' walk) of the premises.

PIERCE & MONTGOMERY,
NO. 11 PINE-ST.,

Offer for sale, upon very favorable terms, a number of elegant COUNTRY RESIDENCES on the HUDSON RIVER, east and west sides, at prices varying from $18,000 to $100,000.

A variety of choice farms in Westchester, Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia and Orange Counties, New-York; and others, beautifully located in New-Jersey, Delaware, Connecticut and Long Island. Handsome modern-built houses, unimproved lots and plots of ground in the Cities of Elizabeth and Plainfield. Also, first-class City and Brooklyn residences, choice lots on and near the Central Park, Grand Boulevard, and in other desirable locations.

Several of the foregoing are offered in exchange. For full particulars apply as above.

W. G. CAMPBELL, REAL ESTATE and Insurance Broker, has for sale and to let furnished and unfurnished residences in all the most desirable locations in Saratoga, at reasonable prices and easy terms, and at rents ranging from $150 to $1,500.

I have also for sale, rent and exchange a number of first-class farms in this vicinity, and some of the finest lots in the village, which I will dispose of on very reasonable terms.

All parties desiring to rent, purchase or exchange can do so to advantage through me. Having been a resident of New-York City for over twenty-five years, I think I can meet the wants of New-Yorkers and others here. W. G. CAMPBELL,
Ainsworth-place, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

LONG BRANCH COTTAGES ON THE sea-shore for sale or to rent, furnished or unfurnished, for the coming season; also, very desirable places within a short distance of the sea, with acres of ground attached. Unimproved plots on the ocean drive and vicinity, well located for investment or building purposes, for sale. Printed catalogues giving full information mailed free. A complete and special survey map of Long Branch can be seen at our office. FRANK G. & DAVISON BROWN,
Special Agents, No. 90 Broadway.

$6,500.—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—Farm of twenty-five acres good land, five acres valuable woods, plenty of fruit, running brook; house contains nine rooms and large cool cellar; all necessary outbuildings; convenient to churches and schools; thirty-five miles from City, in a first-class location. Apply to CHARLES HAINES, Clarkstown, Rockland County, N. Y., or JOHN R. HAINES, No. 1,459 3d-av., City.

A COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE—At Stamford, Conn., overlooking Sound; nine acres of ground; a modern-built first-class frame-house, containing twelve rooms, gas, hot and cold water, bath; carriage-house; the grounds well stocked with fruit and shade trees, tastefully laid out; five minutes from depot on Elm-st. or Shippan-av. Inquire of JAMES T. MALCOLM, No. 9 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AND TO LET—On the line of the Erie, Northern and Central Railroads of New-Jersey, good farms and country-seats, with all modern conveniences, and one to ten acres of ground; also, in the City, Brooklyn, and Jersey City, first-class houses complete with all improvements. Apply to WILSON & CLARK,
No. 111 Broadway, basement, Room C.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY residence at Poughkeepsie.—A three-story Mansard house, with all city improvements, gas, hot and cold water, water-closet, servants' stairs, carriage-house, &c.; abundance of fine fruit; about two acres of land. For particulars apply to WM. T. MERRITT, Poughkeepsie, or D. S. BROWN, No. 10 Peck-slip.

AT FAIRFIELD, CONN.—FOR SALE—A fine mansion, with about seven acres. The house is built in the best manner; fine hall, large parlors, library, and large bedrooms with high ceilings, and fine view of Long Island Sound from every room in the house. Apply to SAMUEL GLOVER, Fairfield, or C. E. HAYDEN, No. 47 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON PALISADE-AV., YONKERS, house containing fourteen rooms, with fine views, lawn, carriage-house, stable and garden, with a variety of fruit, all in good order and only forty minutes from New-York City; will be sold at a low price and only half cash required. Apply to FARRINGTON & ROCKWELL, Getty House, Yonkers.

FOR SALE AT CHATHAM, N. J., ON line of Morris and Essex Railroad—Lot 50x100, situated on Summit-st., 100 feet from the corner of Washington-av., and three blocks from the depot, in a good location; several new buildings going up; price $300, part cash, balance in two years. Address S., Box No. 185 *Times* Office.

RESIDENCE IN NEW-HAVEN.

Spacious dwelling and grounds, well shaded, stable-room for six horses and carriages, for sale low; price $35,000; easy terms; or will exchange for New-York City or suburban property. Address J. P. PHILLIPS, No. 69 Church-st., New-Haven.

FOR SALE—AT CORNWALL, ON THE HUDSON, a handsome country-seat of sixteen acres; view unsurpassed, grounds completely laid out, with cold grapery and green-houses, stable, barn, ice-house, &c.; house in complete order, with bowling alley and billiard-room. For particulars apply to C. M. GIGNOUX, No. 168 Broadway, between 11 and 12 daily.

DWELLING HOUSES IN BOSTON, MASS.—For sale or exchange, three nearly new and two new brick dwelling houses in Boston—each house rented—for a house or other good property in New-York or vicinity, worth about $15,000. For details address JOHN A. DODGE, Auburn, N. Y.

AT ORANGE—FOR SALE OR TO LET, cheap, a furnished house, 42x36, extension 20x30; fifteen rooms, hard-wood floors, steam furnace, gas, bath-room, &c.; large stable; shade and fruit-trees; lot 300x350; eight minutes from depot. Address M., Box No. 4,484 New-York Post-office.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—FOR SALE—GOTHic stone cottage, seven rooms; heated with furnace, lighted with gas; barn nearly new; 2½ acres; plenty fruit and shade trees. For further information, apply to J. S. H., Box 4,578 New-York Post-office.

RUTHERFURD PARK, N. J.—THIRTY-five minutes by Erie Railroad, foot Chambers-st.; for sale on easy terms a house in good order; nine rooms; lot, 50x100; three minutes' walk from depot; price $5,000. Apply to H. KOSTER, 105 Murray-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

SPORTING STATION FOR SALE—GUNning, fishing, sailing, unsurpassed on Long Island; 25 acres land; buildings nearly new; ten rooms in house; price, $5,000. Inquire of or call on Dr. D. H. HALLOCK, Southampton, Long Island, N. Y.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY, (SPECIALTY.)—Pleasant homes, $3,000 to $60,000; furnished and unfurnished houses to rent; variety houses, farms, land, &c., to exchange. I. H. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 21.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTive and complete places in Orange, containing between three and four acres, five minutes' walk from depot. Apply to COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT FLUSHING—COMPLETE cottage residence; every convenience, ten rooms, large garden amply fruited, excellent surroundings; five minutes' walk from depot. JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 34 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—NEW-ROCHELLE—THE WELL known house and grounds at New-Rochelle, on one of the best land-locked and deep harbors between New-York and New-Haven. Apply to P. R. UNDERHILL, New-Rochelle.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN ORANGE, N. J., in delightful location, with every convenience; furniture if desired. Apply to M. P., No. 11 Cliff-st., rear of office.

TO MILKMEN AND OTHERS—TO let, at East Chester, a large farm, with farm-house, &c. Apply at No. 103 Fulton-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

SUMMIT, N. J., PROPERTY FOR sale, exchange or lease. J. H. HOBART, Jr., Room No. 19, No. 8 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer, Office No. 1 Pine-st.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON READE-ST.

A. JOURNEAY will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the following desirable property:

READE-STREET.—The lot of ground on the northerly side, known as No. 92, 100 feet west of Church-st., 25x61 feet, more or less.

$9,500 can remain on mortgage. Maps, with further particulars, at auctioneer's office.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF THE CARVILLE ESTATE, ADJOINING HUGUENOT PARK, at NEW ROCHELLE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N.Y.—A new modern residence and TWENTY ACRES of land, divided into EIGHT VILLA PLOTS of one to four acres each,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
THURSDAY, April 18, 1872,
At 1 P. M., on the grounds.

The residence, a new structure, contains eleven rooms, with the modern conveniences, stables, hennery and other out-buildings, with about FOUR ACRES of lawn and garden.

TERMS EASY.

Trains leave New-Haven Railroad Depot, 27th-st. and 4th-av., at 9 and 11½ o'clock A. M., in time for sale. Maps and full particulars at the office of E. A. Doolittle, attorney for Executor, No. 3 Pine-st., or S. Dingee & Co., Auctioneers, corner of 4th-av. and 25th-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT SALE OF STORES AND LOTS ON 3D-AV.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Marcus J. Waldheimer, Esq., referee.

THIRD-AVENUE.—The two four-story brick houses, with stores and lots, situate on the easterly side of 3d-av., commencing 141 feet 6 inches south of 108th-st.; lots each 17.8x100 feet.

ADOLPH L. SANGER, Plaintiff's attorney.

WM. TRIST BAILEY, Auctioneer.

SALE THIS DAY, AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

NO. 208 WEST 59TH-ST.,
Opposite Central Park, near 7th-av.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON will sell by auction THIS DAY the whole of the handsome and well-manufactured furniture and effects in the above residence, as previously advertised. Catalogues at the house or auctioneer's offices, No. 11 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE AT STAMFORD, CONN.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the undersigned executor and executrix of Henry K. Skelding, deceased:

The first-class dwelling-house, with about two acres of land, situate on Atlantic-st., between the depot of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad and main-st., having a front on Atlantic-st. of about 124 feet, and in depth 600 feet. The house is 44x45 feet, two-story and attic, frame, filled in with brick, built by its late owner for his own occupancy, and in the most thorough and substantial manner. It contains eleven rooms, has kitchen extension 18x30 feet, two stories high. The house is replete with every convenience, such as water, gas, hot-air furnace, &c., and in most excellent order. The out-buildings consist of stable, with stalls for six horses; carriage-house, with coachman's and harness room, barn, cow-shed, hennery, &c. Grounds are beautifully laid out, and well stocked with the choicest variety of fruits. Also, a plot of land immediately in the rear of the above-described premises, and fronting on Pacific-st., 109 by about 175 feet. Terms easy.

D. M. SKELDING, Executrix,
I. T. WILLIAMS, Executor.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 133D, 139TH, 152D, AND 153D STS. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THIRD-STREET.—Six lots, south side of 133d-st., commencing 335 feet west of 5th-av.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-NINTH-STREET.—Two lots, south side of 139th-st., commencing 325 feet east of 8th-av.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SECOND-STREET.—Three lots, north side, commencing 575 feet west of 10th-av.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THIRD-STREET.—Three lots, south side, immediately in the rear of the 152d-st.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CHOICE BUILDING SITES ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

BROADWAY—Seventeen lots, situate on the southerly side of the road leading to Fort Washington Depot, commencing about 100 feet west of Broadway. This property is very desirably located, about 200 feet above the Hudson, on the summit of the hill, and is the best and most centrally located on the Heights for first-class improvements.

ST. NICHOLAS-AVENUE.—The plot of land situate on St. Nicholas-av., 155th-st., and 9th-av. St. Nicholas-av. is widened and finished to the centre line of 155th-st. 155th-st. is 100 feet wide.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF DESIRABLE PROPERTY, NOS. 46 AND 48 GRAND-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

GRAND-STREET—The two lots, together with the two two-story and attic brick front houses thereon, situate on the northerly side of Grand-st., between South 5th-av. and Thompson-st., and known as Nos. 46 and 48. Buildings cover the entire property. Lots together 40x60 feet.

STEVENS' ESTATES, (ASTORIA,) LONG ISLAND CITY.

In consequence of the great amount of work upon the map of the property to be sold by me for the executors, next MONDAY, I am reluctantly compelled to announce to the public that the diagrams will not be ready until THURSDAY MORNING, April 11, at which time they can be had at Mill's store, Astoria, and my office. Free tickets are ready for distribution on application.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR., No. 25 Nassau-st.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

MONDAY, APRIL 15, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., at Washington (Blackwell's) Hall,
Fulton-st., Astoria:
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS OF STEVENS' ESTATE,
150 OF THE BEST LOTS IN
LONG ISLAND CITY, (Astoria,) splendidly situated, three minutes' walk from steam-boat landing on
JAMAICA-AV.,
BROADWAY, REMSEN,
EMERALD, ELM, ACADEMY,
LINCOLN, CAMELIA and 1ST STS.

Terms unusually liberal. Seventy per cent. may remain on mortgage. Sale positive and absolute. Free tickets will be given to all who wish to attend the sale, on boats leaving Peck-slip and Fulton-slip, at 10, 10:50, 12, 1, and 1½ o'clock. Maps will be ready on THURSDAY, April 11, at auctioneer's office.

THURSDAY, APRIL 18,
at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,
50 SUPERB NINETEENTH WARD BROOKLYN LOTS,

splendidly situated on Hewes-st., opposite Lee-avenue Church, Penn-st., opposite St Paul's Church; also, on Hooper and Rutledge sts. and Marcy-av. Maps will be ready on SATURDAY, April 13, at auctioneer's office.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS AT SCARSDALE—EXECUTOR'S SALE.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 17, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of A. B. McDonald, Esq., executor, the very handsome stone mansion, with tower, outbuildings and grounds of the late Edward D. Nelson, at Scarsdale, Westchester County, one of the most picturesque and healthful residences in the State. The building is of the most substantial character, arranged for a gentleman's home. The grounds consist of 8 acres, laid out in lawn and garden, with fine shrubbery, flowers, fruit, &c. It is nineteen miles from the City on the Harlem Railroad, and one-quarter of a mile from depot. Terms liberal. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF SUPERB THREE-story French-roof frame house, by A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER, No. 6 Pine-st. Seventeen rooms, full piazza, all complete; stable, carriage-house; one acre choice garden. At Summit, N. J., seventeen miles from New-York by Morris and Essex Railroad, on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 1 P. M., on the premises. Three minutes' walk from depot, beautifully situated, fine views, very healthy. Summit is highest point in vicinity of twenty miles of New-York. Only twenty per cent. down; long payments. Suitable for residence or fine boarding-house. Possession. Take 11:20 A. M. train, foot Barclay or Christopher sts. Particulars of auctioneers; Nos. 5 or 6 Pine-st., New-York.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

PARTIES GOING TO AUCTION SALE at Summit, N. J., WEDNESDAY, April 10, can go on one fare. Tickets will be indorsed at sale.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 244 West 43d-st., at auction.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 10, 1872, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York,

WEST 43D-ST.—The valuable four-story and basement, high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, No. 244 West 43d-st., south side, 360 feet east of 8th-av.; house is new, 20x about 50, contains all conveniences, with party-walls; lot, 20x100.4.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE AT AUCTION.

JAMES M. MILLER,
No. 28 Pine-st.,

will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of Smith Barker, Esq., executor of John Pentz, deceased,

100 LOTS ON 10TH AND ST. NICHOLAS AVS., 139TH AND 140TH STS.

Seventy per cent. may remain on mortgage. For maps and pamphlets apply to the auctioneer, or LOCKWOOD & CROSBY, Executor's Counsel, No. 133 Nassau-st.

SUPREME COURT SALE.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.
D. P. INGRAHAM, Referee.

50th-st.
5th-av.
6th-av.
51st-st.

First-class house, No. 26 West 51st-st., 27.6 feet wide; lot, 100.5 feet deep; basement and halls wainscoted; four floors trimmed with chestnut and walnut; walnut doors; elevated range, double boilers. Will be sold at auction, FRIDAY, April 12, noon, at the Exchange, No. 111 Broadway.

HENRY BREWSTER, Attorney, 293 Broadway.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT LONG BRANCH, from the 1st of June to the 7th of September next, the most complete and pleasant marine villa on the shore; the cottage has drawing-room, dining-room, reception-room, eight bedrooms and all usual offices; croquet lawn, billiard-room, flower garden, use of cow, well stocked kitchen garden; bathing grounds attached to the property; coach-house, room for two carriages, stabling for three horses. Apply at the box-office Wallack's Theatre, Broadway.

TO LET—AT UNIONTOWN, N. J., TWENTY-two miles from New-York City, a furnished country residence, with garden, horses and carriages, and cows. The location is desirable and healthful. The house is situated on high ground, in a rolling country; contains sixteen rooms, and is in good order. The place will be let for the Summer, or for a longer period. For further particulars inquire at CURRIER'S dining-saloon, No. 144 Fulton-st., upstairs.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A COUNTRY house, handsome, spacious, modern style, with four acres; abundance of fruits and berries; large vegetable garden, carriage-house, stables, &c.; situated in Monmouth County, N. J.; commands extensive water and land views; rent very reasonable. Inquire of ROSE BROTHERS, No. 182 William-st.

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED HOUSE, combining advantages of both City and country; ample grounds, fine shades, beautiful views, in Audubon Park, 157th-st., on Hudson River, near depots and steam-boat landing; undergoing thorough repair.

D. O. BRADLEY, No. 30 Broad-st.

FIFTH-AV., NEAR 39D-ST.—TO LET, for one or more years, (the owner being in Europe,) a first-class four-story brown-stone house, handsomely furnished, to private family only. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st., or No. 33 East 17th-st., (Union-square.)

HOUSE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—TO let furnished, a fine, large house, with ample grounds, garden and out-buildings, situated within five minutes' walk of the depot. Apply to MEYER YOUNG, Broad-st., Elizabeth.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK.—To rent, three brick villas, furnished and unfurnished; gas, water, lawns, shade-trees, &c.; near ferry. Apply to HAMILTON & CO., No. 92 Front-st., or to W. A. COLLINS, No. 33 Pine-st.

ENGLEWOOD.—A SPECIALTY — FURnished houses to rent for Summer or year; some excellent bargains for sale and exchange.

C. D. KELLOGG, No. 115 Broadway.

AT YONKERS.—FURNISHED FRENCH-roof house, modern improvements, near depot; only $900 per year; number furnished and unfurnished to let. Apply to J. YOUMANS, Yonkers.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A NICELY-furnished country-seat at "Fishkill, on the Hudson," fifteen minutes' ride from Hudson River Railroad Depot and five minutes from Dutchess and Columbia Railroad Depot, Tioronda; house contains sixteen rooms; the grounds cover nine acres, well fruited; vegetable garden made; beautiful river and mountain views; mountain spring water; three horses, carriage, wagon, harness, one cow. This is one of the most desirable and healthy places the country affords. Also for sale, at Glenham, N.Y., a farm containing forty-five acres, fine buildings and views; eight minutes' walk from Dutchess and Columbia Railroad Depot. For particulars inquire of JAMES T. BRETT, Fishkill, on-Hudson, or E. A. SAXTON, No. 13 New-st., New-York City.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE IN ORANGE to let, furnished or unfurnished; to let from April 15, the very desirable residence of Mr. J. S. Kendall, at the corner of Scotland-st. and Tremont-av.; fine large modern house, with about five acres of land in lawn and garden, all in good order; fine shade trees, stable and carriage room for four carriages; a very desirable location, and only let in consequence of Mr. Kendall's removal to Boston. Apply to H. A. PAGE, No. 64 White-st., New-York.

UNFURNISHED.

SUMMIT, N. J.

HOUSES to rent at from $500 to $2,000 per annum.
HOUSES for sale from $2,000 to $40,000.
VILLA SITES for sale.

An EXPERIENCED BUILDER will furnish particulars of cost to parties wishing to buy and build.

ARCHIBALD GRACIE, No. 69 Liberty-st.

Office at Summit, corner of Keithock-place and Union-place, almost opposite the depot.

THE NEW-YORK LOAN AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY

Have a great number of
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES
TO LET AT REDUCED RENTS.

Many of the houses we are now offering for rent have, up to the 1st inst., been for sale, and are
VERY DESIRABLE,
both as to location and condition. We would invite attention to our printed lists of property for sale and to let.

F. H. PURDY, } Agents,
J. W. WOODWARD, }
No. 918 Broadway, near 21st-st.

HOUSES TO LET—BY A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

Fifth-av., opposite Central Park, four story, per year	$4,000
Lexington-av., three story	2,000
Lexington-av., corner house, four story	2,000
West 14th-st., four story	2,000
West 54th-st., four story	1,800
West 46th-st., three story	2,000
West 46th-st., three story	1,000
West 57th-st., four story	3,250
West 32d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., four story	3,200
West 45th-st., bet. 5th and 6th avs., four story	2,700
East 55th-st., three story	1,500
Furnished, Lexington-av., four story	3,000
Furnished, West 46th-st., three story	2,700
Furnished, East 59th-st., three story	2,400
Furnished, East 50th-st., near 5th-av., three story	2,400
Furnished, West 34th-st., three story	2,000
Furnished, West 23d-st., four story	3,500
Furnished, East 24th-st., four story	4,200
Furnished, West 23d-st., three story	1,800

AT SOUTH NORWALK, CONN.—TO rent, furnished, a fine two-story dwelling-house, within five minutes' walk of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Depot and the steamboat landing, situated on high ground, with splendid views of Long Island Sound and the surrounding country; will be let for six months or for the year. Apply to J. E. MOREHOUSE or A. GIDDINGS, Esq., at South Norwalk.

A BROWN-STONE ENGLISH-BASEMENT house, in Brooklyn to let; fifteen minutes from Fulton, Wall-st., or South Ferries; is in perfect order; has all modern improvements; heated by steam; is in a pleasant neighborhood; a few steps from Court-st. cars; rent $900. Apply to owner, morning or evening, at No. 284 Baltic-st., or address C., Box No. 75 New-York Post-office.

HOUSES TO RENT.—A DOUBLE TWO-story French-roof, with lot 75x150 feet, West Grand-st., Elizabeth, N. J.; also, a two-story frame, with barn and six lots, corner Newton-av., and Carver-st., Astoria, Long Island. Apply to H. W. BALDWIN, No. 180 Broadway, or C. C. LATHROP, Newark, N. J.

TO LET—AT WEST NEW-BRIGHTON, Staten Island, a very desirable brick cottage, with stone stable, and two acres of land, including garden; situated on Castleton-av., between Bement and Davis avs.; gas and water; situation healthy and commanding; rent moderate to a good tenant. Apply to R. N. HAVENS, No. 12 Pine-st.

FRENCH FLATS—TO RENT—IMMEDIATE possession, the second floor over the Bull's Head Bank, corner of 25th-st. and 3d-av.; high ceilings, eight rooms, kitchen, hot and cold water, range, wash-tubs, bath-room, water-closet; rent, to a genteel family, $850. Apply in the bank.

TO LET—A LARGE HOUSE, SIXTEEN rooms, stable, barn, garden, thirty-five lots in all, surrounded by grand shade-trees, on the corner of Atlantic-av. and Eldert-lane, Brooklyn; rent very low, only $600. Address C. B. A., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

TO LET—IN NEWARK, N. J., A DESIRABLE modern-built brick house, containing twelve rooms in excellent order, on Clark-st., within five minutes of two depots to New-York; rent per annum $700. PIERCE & MONTGOMERY, No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—AT WHITE PLAINS, TWO-STORY house, thirteen rooms, finely situated on Lexington-av., five minutes' from depot. Inquire there of M. M. FISHER, or address H. J. H., Box No. 534 Post-office, New-York.

TO LET—AT RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J., fifteen minutes from New-York; beautiful French-roof cottage, two-story; two minutes from Erie depot; for $400 per year. Address OWNER, No. 76 Nassau-st., Room No. 1.

TO LET—WITH CARPETS, MIRRORS AND gas-fixtures, the full-width three-story and attic Philadelphia brick house, No. 9 East 9th-st., near 5th-av. Possession can be had 27th of April. Apply to WILLARD & STONE, No. 4 Pine-st.

WEST 84TH-ST., NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—Three-story frame dwelling, eleven rooms, carriage-house, stable and twenty lots of ground, to let to a good tenant on reasonable terms. Inquire corner of 84th-st. and 9th-av.

TO LET—NO. 39 EAST 33D-ST., FIVE-STORY basement house, with gas-fixtures, modern improvements. Apply to

JAMES D. RAY, No. 41 Liberty-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT No. 20 8th-av., 25x100; well lighted, gas, and water. Apply to S. WRAY, No. 356 West 23d-st.

A NUMBER OF HANDSOME HOUSES and cottages at Fort Washington and 152d-st., to let from $800 to $3,500 per annum.

G. LESPINASSE, No. 25 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement house on 9th-st., adjoining 2d-av., to a private family only; rent $1,100. For permits apply to H. MERRITT, No. 53 3d-av.

TO LET—A SPLENDID FURNISHED house in 43d-st., between 5th and Madison avs.; fine linen, crockery; everything in fine order. G. LESPINASSE, No. 25 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE WHOLE OR PART OF A very convenient house on East 19th-st., fifteen rooms, three stories, high stoop; rent moderate. Apply to C. J. FALLON, No. 144 1st-av.

TO LET—AT SCARSDALE, NEAR THE DEPOT, a frame cottage with ten rooms, large garden, ice-house, &c. Apply to WM. H. POPHAM, Nos. 51 and 53 Front-st.

PERSONS
GIVING UP HOUSEKEEPING
OR GOING ABROAD CAN PROCURE
STORAGE
FOR
SILVER PLATE, PICTURES, LIBRARIES, and trunks of other valuables at the
STUYVESANT
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Corner 3d-av. and 7th-st., opposite Cooper Institute

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING,

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.

Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO LEASE.

THE SPACIOUS STORES,

Being the first floor and basement and cellar of Nos. 35 and 37 Vesey, and No. 8 Church-st., all connecting; desirably situated for tea, grocery or provision business. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

NO. 581 BROADWAY, FIRST STORY, basement and cellar, to let or lease on favorable terms; each floor 25x100, with good entrance from Mercer-st. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE VERY CONVENIENT PRIVATE stable, No. 31 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; has four stalls, with room for more, large carriage-room, &c.; can be seen before 10 A. M. or after 4 P. M. Inquire of D. M. FERGUSON, No. 90 Warren-st.

TO LET—STORE NO. 210 WILLIAM-ST., steam power, large and small rooms; No. 113 Nassau-st.; offices in No. 52 John-st., and No. 113 Nassau-st.

LAW OFFICE TO LET—ONE OF A suite, furnished; fine light and airy; also, desk room for a good copyist. Apply at once to D. IRA BAKER, No. 182 Broadway.

TO LET—TWO OFFICES ON THE FRONT of the second floor of No. 2 New Chambers-st.; rent $450 per annum. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

TO LET—LIGHT LOFTS, WITH STEAM power; three lofts about 36x36, for any business not extra-hazardous. Apply on premises, to W. H. PAYNE & CO., 129th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

LOFTS TO LET FOR OFFICES.—The first-class location, No. 103 Chambers-st., now occupied by Konig, Meyer & Co., (German goods.) Inquire in store.

BASEMENT TO LET—A FINE LIGHT room, about thirty feet square, corner of Nassau and Beekman sts. Apply at the Nassau Bank.

TO LET—TWO STALLS AND FLOOR-ROOM for two carriages in a private stable. Call at No. 206 East 33d-st.

OFFICE TO LET—NO. 11 DEY-ST., ONE flight up; good light; water-closet on same floor; rent $350; also, desk room, $150.

TO LET—LIGHT LOFT AND OFFICE AT No. 194 William-st.; price moderate. Inquire on the premises.

OFFICES TO LET.—APPLY AT THE Nassau Bank, corner of Beekman and Nassau sts.

OFFICES TO LET.

AT MODERATE PRICES,
New and furnished to order, with use of
PASSENGER ELEVATOR,
HEATED BY STEAM,
AT NOS. 52 TO 56 BROADWAY.

Apply to GUARANTY AND INDEMNITY COMPANY, No. 52 Broadway and Exchange Court.

TO LET OR LEASE,
ON FAVORABLE TERMS,
WHARF, PIERS AND STORES,
KNOWN AS
WALL-ST. STORES
A, B, C, D, AND E, Brooklyn,
Adjacent to Wall-st. Ferry. Apply to
HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—COUNTRY PROPERTY.—WE are now having many applications for property in the country near New-York. Parties having the same to rent or for sale would do well to call at

THE NEW-YORK LOAN AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
No. 918 Broadway, near 21st-st.

WANTED—CITY AND BROOKLYN PROPERTY in exchange for excellent country property. Apply to WILSON & CLARK, No. 111 Broadway, basement, Room C.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL NEAT cottage, with garden, near City; Rent must be moderate. Address E. H. C., Post-office Box No. 5,144.

FOR LIGHT HOUSE-KEEPING—BY a gentleman, wife, and servant, five or six upper rooms in a modern private house, with owner preferred, in a genteel location, central part of the City; rent must be moderate; good references given and required. Address, stating price and all particulars, TENANT, Box No. 107 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED TO RENT—FOR LEASE OF three years, a high-stoop, three or four-story house, brick or brown-stone, not to exceed $1,800 per annum; to be in perfect order; security undoubted; for use of private family; below 40th-st. Address Box No. 227 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT IN THE NINTH WARD—A whole or part of a house, suitable for a small private family. Address NINTH WARD, Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

INSTRUCTION.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)
DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.
Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

GOLDSMITH'S WRITING COLLEGE, removed to No. 172 5th-av., corner of 22d-st. Private instruction in penmanship and book-keeping. Success guaranteed. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

REMOVAL.

Mlle. ROSTAN'S French and English Protestant school for young ladies. The Spring term will open TUESDAY, April 9; a punctual attendance of all the pupils is requested at her new residence, No. 21 West 52d-st., near 5th-av.; day scholars residing below 34th-st., will be sent for daily without extra charge.

FEMALE COLLEGE,
BORDENTOWN, N. J.

Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D., President.
Spring session begins April 8. For terms, &c., address as above.

WOODBURN.

A Family and Classical School for Young Boys, Hartford, Conn. Number limited to twenty. The Spring Sessions begin April 10. Rev. CHARLES E. ABBOTT, Dr. GEORGE E. ABBOTT, Principals.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Superior advantages. Address H. W. SIGLAR, Principal, Newburgh Institute, Newburgh, N. Y.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies and children, No. 352 West 20th-st.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

AN ENGLISH CLERGYMAN, M. A., M. D., residing near London, Mathematical Honorman and Prizeman in modern languages, Trinity College, will receive three pupils into his family; will visit New-York this Spring. For further information address F. W. RHINELANDER, Esq., No. 61 Liberty-st., New-York.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and private recitation rooms for young ladies; established 1860; object, the physical, mental, and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to ladies not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Principal, No. 15 West 42d-st.

BURLINGTON COLLEGE, BURLINGTON, N. J.—For Boys. Right-Rev. W. H. ODENHEIMER, D. D., President. Superior advantages for physical, mental and moral culture. Spring Session begins April 12. For terms, &c., &c., address Rector, Burlington College.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT Barrington, Mass.—A boarding school for twenty boys in Southern Berkshire; superior accommodations, care and instruction given to each pupil.

I. & J. BIRD, Principals.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 20. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

A FRENCH LADY, CONNECTED WITH the highest circles in Europe and America, with a young American lady, wishes to form a class of ladies for traveling in Europe. For particulars and references, apply to D. C. W., No. 36 East 22d-st.

PROF. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., will open his English, Classical, Mathematical, French and German School for boys Sept. 18, No. 859 6th-av. Circulars and conference at rooms.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE—HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., established in 1854.—LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal. A select boarding-school for ten boys; terms moderate.

ALONZO FLACK, PRESIDENT OF Claverack College and Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y.; pupils received at any time; both sexes; $300 a year; seventeen instructors.

BURNSIDE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR boys, Brattleboro', Vt. For particulars and circular, address the Principal, C. A. MILES.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

A LADY WHO SPEAKS FLUENTLY the French, German and English languages, wishes to teach and take the entire charge of one or two children. Address S. E., No. 176 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

FURNITURE.

A.—HERTS & CO.,
LATE C. BEMBE,
Nos. 806 and 808 Broadway,
Opposite 11th-st.,
Are now offering great bargains in
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
LIBRARY,
AND DINING-ROOM
FURNITURE,
In every variety, and well worthy the attention of parties about furnishing.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, &c., at the new first-class warehouse, built expressly for the purpose, with separate compartments, elevator, &c., Nos. 106 to 114 East 32d-st., near 4th-av. Parties wishing to sell, in a private way, their carriages, sets of harness, pianos, or sets of choice furniture, will do well to send them to my warerooms, where they will receive proper attention, with prompt returns when sold.

JOHN H. MORRELL.

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND BEDDING.—An immense stock and low prices at B. M. COWPERTHWAIT'S, No. 155 Chatham-st. Weekly and monthly payments taken.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts of No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises, to CONKLIN & BAYLES.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A BEAUTIFUL black-walnut wardrobe. Inquire at No. 120 Sullivan-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 28th day of March, A. D. 1872, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of RICHARD H. HINSDALE and EDWARD E. D. DOUGHTY, of the City and County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 12 o'clock M.

GEORGE H. SHARPE,
United States Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZING works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, monuments, head-stones; best and cheapest. S. KLABER & CO., No. 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.; designs on application.

DRY GOODS.

FRENCH FLOWERS, PLUMES, UNTRIMMED HATS, &c.

A. T. Stewart & Co.,

FOR THE CONVENINCE OF CUSTOMERS, HAVE ADDED TO THEIR

Ribbon Department,

first floor, corner section of 10th-st. and Broadway, an elegant collection of

FRENCH FLOWERS,
PLUMES, TIPS, &c.

Also, a large assortment of stylish UNTRIMMED STRAW, LEGHORN and CHIP HATS, the latest novelties in shape, color, &c., &c.

FLOWERS EN GARNITURE,
For Evening Robes,
in Very Tasteful Mountings.

The above goods are of the very choicest quality, selected in Paris and London by a party of great experience and distinguished taste, and in price, style and quality cannot be excelled in this City.

PURCHASERS ARE RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED TO EXAMINE.

Broadway, 4th-av., 9th and 10th sts.

MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS

Will find it their interest to examine our
STOCK OF RIBBONS,
STRAW GOODS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS,
MILLINERY.

BEST LOW-PRICED KID GLOVES IN AMERICA.

Edward Ridley & Son's,

NOS. 309, 311, 311½ GRAND-ST.,
NOS. 62, 64, 66, 68 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.
NEW-YORK,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

PARIS.

AU PETIT ST THOMAS,
RUE DE BAC, NOS. 27, 29, 31, 33, 35,
NO. 25 RUE DE L'UNIVERSITE.

This house, established upward of fifty years, is universally known and famed as one of the first establishments in Paris, in which thorough confidence may be placed. In its immense premises, which all foreigners should visit, will be found, at the lowest prices, the most complete assortment of

SILKS, FIRST NOVELTIES
INDIA AND FRENCH CASHMERE SHAWLS,
WOOLENS, LACE, LINGERIE,
READY-MADE ARTICLES FOR LADIES,
MANTLES, CLOAKS, FURS,
COTTON AND THREAD STUFFS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, CARPETS,
ARTICLES OF FURNITURE, WEDDING OUTFITS, ENGLISH ASSISTANTS. FIXED PRICES.

GREAT JOB IN WET BURLAPS, bagging, canvas, extra heavy buckrams, red and white fancy matting, cloths, cassimeres, &c.

A. LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chambers-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—IN the matter of the ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—ALBERT C. BAGE against THE ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, made and entered in the above-entitled action and proceeding, bearing date the 20th day of March, A. D. 1872, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the Astor Fire Insurance Company, the above-named corporation, that they are required to exhibit their claims to me, the undersigned, the referee named in said order, at my office at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of September, 1872, and become parties to the above entitled suit; and that in default of such creditors exhibiting their claims as aforesaid they will be precluded from all benefit of the judgment or decree which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution of the assets of said Company which may be made under such judgment or decree.—Dated New-York, March 26, 1872.

HENRY WILDER ALLEN, Referee.

At a Special Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York held at the Chambers thereof in the County Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of March, 1872—Present Hon. Albert Cardozo, Justice.—In the matter of the Astor Fire Insurance Company.—Albert C. Bage against the Astor Fire Insurance Company.—On reading and filing the foregoing petition of James Yereance, receiver of the above-named corporation, after hearing Richard C. Fellows, of counsel for said receiver: It is ordered that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay a dividend of forty per centum of the debts of the above-named corporation which have been ascertained, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company as prescribed in and by section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, part 3 of the Revised Statutes. It is further ordered that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed requiring all the creditors of the said Company to exhibit their claims and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order, and in default thereof that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment or decree which shall be made in such suit and from any distribution of the assets of said Company which may be made under such judgment or decree. And it is further ordered, that said notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the NEW-YORK TIMES, and commercial newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered, that Henry W. Allen, Esq., a counsellor of this Court, be appointed referee for the purposes of this order; that such publication be made under his direction, and all such claims be exhibited to the said referee; that said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that he report to this Court from time to time upon all or any matters referred to him, and said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions as from time to time may be proper. And it is further ordered, that said receiver make further application of the funds remaining in his hands after the payment of said dividend of forty per centum by paying therewith a further dividend to creditors of the said Company at the time and in the manner provided by law.—Indorsed, filed March 21, 1872.

[A. copy.] CHAS. E. LOEW, Clerk.
mh27-law6mW

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court, held at the Court-house in the City of Brooklyn, on the 7th day of March, 1872, present Hon. Jasper W. Gilbert, Justice, ROBERT P. GETTY vs. YONKERS AND NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—On reading and filing the petition of Richard L. Franklin, receiver in the above-entitled action, and it appearing to this Court to be necessary and proper that the prayer thereof be granted, now, on motion of William P. Dixon, attorney for said receiver, it is hereby ordered and decreed that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay a dividend of forty (40) cents on the dollar of the debts of the said Yonkers and New-York Insurance Company, which have been ascertained and adjusted, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company, as prescribed in and by section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, part 3 of the Revised Statutes. And it is further ordered and decreed that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed, requiring all the creditors of the said Yonkers and New-York Insurance Company to exhibit their claims, and become parties to the above-entitled suit, within six months from the first publication of this order. And in default thereof that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment and decree which shall be made therein, and from any distribution which shall be made under said judgment or decree. And it is further ordered that said notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the New-York *Times* and *Commercial Advertiser*, newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered that Charles H. Farnam, a counselor of this Court, be, and hehereby is, appointed referee for the purposes of this order. That such publication be made under his direction, and all such claims be exhibited to the said referee. That said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that said referee may report to this Court, from time to time, upon all or any matters referred to him; and that said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions, from time to time, as may be proper.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE YONKERS AND NEW-YORK INSURANCE COMPANY.—To all whom it may concern: New-York Supreme Court, Westchester County.—Robert P. Getty against Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company.—Notice is hereby given that an order, of which the foregoing is a copy, has been duly made in the above entitled action, and all creditors of said Company are required to exhibit their claims to the undersigned, at his office, No. 52 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, and to comply with the terms of said order on or before the 2d day of October, 1872.—Dated New-York, March 12, 1872. CHAS. H. FARNAM, Referee.

mh13-law6mW No. 52 Wall-street.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—County of Kings.—REBECCA J. McLEAN, plaintiff, against VEDDER VAN DYCK, Christopher J. Clarke, John C. Wooster and Elizabeth his wife, William T. Newgeon, Nelson C. Newgeon, John Gorman and Jacob Perkins, defendants.—Summons for relief.—Com. not served.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 134 Nassau-street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 2, 1872.

L. L. VAN ALLEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the Court-house in the City of Brooklyn, on the 6th day of March, 1872.

L. L. VAN ALLEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
mh13-law6wW*

SUPREME COURT.—ISAAC F. TYSEN, plaintiff, against SARAH A. TYSEN, Jane L. Stall, widow, David J. Tysen and Eliza Tysen, his wife, Charles Tysen and Adaline Tysen, his wife, William H. Tysen and Elizabeth Tysen, his wife, Margaret Guyon and Henry Guyon, her husband, Adaline Abbot and James E. Abbot, her husband, and George W. Tysen, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond, in the Town of Southfield in said county, on the 20th day of March, 1872, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office in the village of Port Richmond, Richmond County, New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 20, 1872.

ma27-law7wW* A. DE GROOT, plaintiff's attorney.

STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and blank-book manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton st. Blank-books made to any pattern.

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WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL, NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD, 6,000 tons burden—3,000-horse power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

REPUBLIC	April 13, 9 A. M.
ADRIATIC	April 27, 9 A. M.
ATLANTIC	May 4, 3 P. M.
BALTIC	May 11, 8 A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

RATES—Saloon, $80, gold steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Excursion-tickets granted at lowest rates.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.

Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.

J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BRISTOL	Thursday, April 11, 7 A.M.
CITY OF MONTREAL	Saturday, April 13, 9 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP	Thursday, April 18, 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK	Saturday, April 20, 2 P.M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	Thursday, April 25, 7 A. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	33
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail very WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW,

Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

FROM GLASGOW.		FROM NEW-YORK.
Saturday, May 4.	TRINACRIA.	Saturday, April 13.
Saturday, May 11.	AUSTRALIA.	Saturday, April 20.
Saturday, May 18.	COLUMBIA.	Saturday, April 27.
Saturday, May 25.	EUROPA.	Saturday, May 4.

And an extra steamer of the line every WEDNESDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry:

First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.

Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, securing best accommodations, $130.

Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.

Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Drafts issued, payable on presentation.

Apply at the Company's offices to HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT	LEMAIRE	Saturday, April 20
WASHINGTON	ROUSSAN	Saturday, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	Saturday, May 18.
PEREIRE	DANRE	Saturday, June 1.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin............$125 | Second cabin..........$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

NATIONAL LINE.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers No. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

FRANCE, THOMSON, Saturday, April 13, at 8 A. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN, Saturday, April 20, at 2 P. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

DENMARK, SUMNER, Wednesday, April 10, at 7 A. M.
THE QUEEN, THOMAS, Saturday, April 27, at 8 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool, Queenstown, or London direct: Cabin, $75 and $65, currency; steerage, $28 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's offices, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.

JAVA	Wednesday, April 10, '72
CHINA	Wednesday, April 17, '72
RUSSIA	Wednesday, April 24, '72
CUBA	Wednesday, May 1, '72
SCOTIA	Wednesday, May 8, '72
CALABRIA	Saturday, April 20, '72
ABYSSINIA	Saturday, April 27, '72
BATAVIA	Saturday, May 4, '72
ALGERIA	Saturday, May 11, '72
PARTHIA	Saturday, May 18, '72

and every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation.

Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional.

Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage..........$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. PRICE.	April 10, at 2½ P.M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN.	April 17, at 1 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH	April 24, at 2½ P.M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY	May 1, at 1 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN	May 8, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE	May 15, at 11½ A. M

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

April 15.—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. CONNOR, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall via Kingston, Jam., and connecting at Panama with steamer ARIZONA, Capt. ——, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo, Mazatlan, also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last-named ports received until 4 P. M. of April 12.

Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco May 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

MERRIMACK, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM	April 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH	May 23
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. WIER	June 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

MISSOURI, Capt. T. H. MORTON, April 11.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, (via Nassau,) April 18.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. E. VAN SICE, April 25.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, will sail on THURSDAY, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, April 11, from Pier No. 39 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 187 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 13, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, April 13, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 16, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M. MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. G. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway.	GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 17 E. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.

CITY OF MERIDA, Deaken	Friday, April 12
CLEOPATRA, Philipps, (Havana only,)	Tues., April 23
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman	Thursday, May 2
CLEOPATRA, Philipps, (Havana only,)	Sat., May 11

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

A LADY GOING TO PARIS WOULD act as courier for three or four ladies, or a family desirous to save expenses; best references will be given. Call or address for one week FRENCH LADY, No. 56 West 22d-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 13, 1871. Through Trains will leave from New Depot, 4th-av. and 42d-st.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.
10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Troy Express, on Saturdays.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Oswego and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads; and for St. Louis via Toledo, leaves on Sundays at 6 P. M.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

All local trains running north of Yonkers, leave from new depot. Yonkers Special Trains from 30th-st., west side, as heretofore.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 30, 1871, trains will leave James-slip as follows:

8:30 A. M. Greenport mail train.
10:30 A. M. Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport, Pass trains.
3:00 P. M. Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express, (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)
4:00 P. M. Express trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport.
5:30 P. M. Northport way-train.

All trains connect at Branch for Hempstead.

Sunday trains for Huntington, Northport, Rosyln, Glen Cove and Locust Valley leave Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMER SEA BIRD,

FOR RED BANK and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, 2d	2 P. M.	Wednesday, 3d	12 M.
Thursday, 4th	3 P. M.	Friday, 5th	2 P. M.
Saturday, 6th	3 P. M.	Monday, 8th	7 A. M.
Monday, 8th	3½ P. M.	Tuesday, 9th	7½ A. M.
Tuesday, 9th	4 P. M.	Wednesday, 10th	8 A. M.
Thursday, 11th	9½ A. M.	Friday, 12th	8 A. M.

NORTH RIVER AND NEW-YORK STEAM-BOAT COMPANY.—Steamers ADELPHI and ALEXIS leave New-York, foot Harrison-st., daily, at 3 and 3½, for Carmansville, Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Irvington, Nyack, Sing Sing and Haverstraw. Excursion tickets and packages of twenty-five tickets at reduced rates. Nyack and Tarrytown Ferry runs to connect with Hudson River Railroad trains.

ALBANY AND TROY LINE, LANDING at Catskill, from Pier No. 44 North River, daily, Saturdays excepted. Fare, 50 cents; half state-rooms, 75 cents. Steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 6 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.
C. D. HANCOX, General Agent.

FOR TROY DIRECT—CITIZENS' STEAM-boat Company of Troy.—Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL daily, (Saturday excepted,) will leave Pier 43, foot of Spring-st., at 6 P. M. Passengers ticketed and baggage checked via Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroad.
JOSEPH CORNELL, Supt.

TO BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, Sundays excepted.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road

AUCTION SALES.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

AT NEW-YORK SALES AND STORAGE repository, Nos. 337, 339 and 341 4th-av., New-York, corner of 25th-st.

Regular auction sales of horses, carriages, &c., every THURSDAY, AT 11 A. M.

No postponement on account of weather.

No limitations allowed.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer, will sell THURSDAY, April 11, 1872, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

Bay mare, 15½ hands, warranted sound.
Black horse, 7 years, 15 hands, good free driver.
Sorrel horse, 15 hands, 8 years, gentle and kind.
Black mare, 15¾ hands, 9 years, gentle in all harness.
Black horse, 15 hands high, good farm horse.
Bay horse, 15 hands, good work horse.
Bay horse, 15½ hands, sound and good roadster.

Top and no top buggies, four and six-seat phætons, very superior Park phætons, close coaches, depot wagons, velocipedes, single and double harness, &c.

THE COLLECTION OF THE

LATE MR. LE GRAND LOCKWOOD.

IMPORTANT ART SALE!

The entire collection of Modern Paintings, Statuary, Bronzes, &c., &c., belonging to the late MR. LE GRAND LOCKWOOD will be sold by auction, by the Messrs. LEAVITT, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 18 and 19.

These magnificent works of art will be on exhibition day and evening free, at the Leavitt Art Rooms, No. 817 Broadway, on and after THIS (Wednesday) MORNING.

From the great galaxy of names and the extraordinary character of these superb specimens of art, the importance of this collection will be apparent, three of the paintings costing the owner $50,000.

The unique and costly Clock, Vases, Statuary, &c., are on exhibition at the Clinton Hall Sale-rooms.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB, THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) April 10, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 3 East River:

5,658 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
1,000 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo *Lophima*, from Messina.
Immediately after, on Pier No. 9 East River:
1,538 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.
2,414 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons.
Cargo *Mayflower*, from Palermo.
Immediately after, on Pier No. 10 East River:
4,412 boxes fresh Naples Oranges.
Cargo *Ferretri*, from Naples.
Immediately after, within their store:
406 cases fresh Valencia Oranges.
Ex *Republic*, and can be seen on White Star line dock.
Also, 283 boxes fresh Palermo Oranges.
587 boxes fresh Palermo Lemons.
Ex *Trinacria*, and can be seen on Pier No. 20 North River.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD IRON, &C.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
NO. 43 BROAD-ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.,
April 8, 1872.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at Fort Sumter, South Carolina, on TUESDAY, May 7, 1872, 100 tons, more or less, of scrap-iron, composition metal, &c. Terms cash, in United States funds. Materials to be promptly removed by purchaser. For particulars apply at this office. No other paper need copy. By order of Brevet Maj.-Gen. Q. A. Gillmore.

(Signed,) WILLIAM LUDLOW,
Captain of Engineers, Brevet Lieut.-Colonel U. S. A.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

BIBLIOTHECA RARISSIMA ET CURIOSA.—Clinton Hall Sale-rooms, GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers, WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10, at 7½ o'clock, sale of an extraordinary collection of rare early English books, old ballads, with wood-cuts; books of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Centuries, manuscripts, missals, Bibles, etchings, emblems, Elzevir editions of the Classics, Facetiæ, &c., &c. An unusual opportunity for book collectors. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition Tuesday morning.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—THE STOCK OF THE bankrupt estate of JOHN MANSFIELD & SON will be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, April 16, 1872, at 10½ A. M., at the auction rooms of C. C. WARREN, No. 66 Reade-st., New-York City. Said stock comprises a large amount of boots and shoes, a portion of which are of the first quality, and other merchandise usually kept by retail boot and shoe dealers; also, carpet, chairs, window-fixtures, window reflectors, &c.
J. L. TRACY, Assignee.
BROOKLYN, April 2.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of venditione exponas to me directed by the United States District Court for District of New-Jersey, I will sell at public auction at the City Hotel, Jersey City, on Wednesday, April 17, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., four trunks containing 966 pieces of lace, seven black lace shawls and one piece of silk.
SAMUEL PLUMMER,
U. S. Marshal, by J. C. Bailey, Deputy.
JERSEY CITY, April 1, 1872.

FINANCIAL.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE.

THE

CANADA SOUTHERN

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years

7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS

AT

90 and ACCRUED INTEREST.

The Road runs from Buffalo to the Detroit River, and is the Eastern link in the new AIR LINE FROM BUFFALO TO CHICAGO, and has been under construction for about two years past by railroad men who have seen the necessity for a STEEL RAIL, LOW GRADE SHORT ROUTE between the great railroad systems which diverge from Chicago, Toledo and Buffalo.

Among the builders of the road, by whose cash subscriptions 220 miles (out of 290) have already been graded, bridged and made ready for the superstructure, a large part of the steel rails bought, all of the materials for the stations, and a part of the equipment purchased, are:

MILTON COURTRIGHT, JOHN F. TRACY, DAVID DOWS, WM. L. SCOTT, HENRY FARNHAM, R. A. FORSYTH, HENRY H. PORTER, JOHN M. BURKE, M. L. SYKES, JR., B. F. ALLEN, all directors, either in the Chicago and North-west, or the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; GEO. OPDYKE, of the Midland Road; JOHN B. ALLEN, SIDNEY DILLON, DANIEL DREW, J. S. CASEMENT, J. & J. CASEY, O. S. CHAPMAN, JOHN ROSS, DAVID STEWART, and F. H. WINSTON.

THE ROAD will be

33 MILES SHORTER THAN ANY OTHER ROAD,

either BUILT or in contemplation between Buffalo and Chicago, and will also shorten the distance between Toledo and Buffalo twenty-three miles.

THE MAXIMUM GRADE on the entire line does not exceed **FIFTEEN FEET** to the mile—and Ninety-six per cent. of the road **IS STRAIGHT.**

THE ROAD WILL BE COMPLETED and in running order on or before Dec. 31 of this year.

The principal and interest of the bonds are payable either in New-York, London or Frankfort.

We confidently recommend the bonds to all classes of investors.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

N. Y. Midland R. R.

AND CONNECTIONS.

Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Income 1-3 to 1-2 more than Governments.

N. Y. and O. Midland First Mortgage,

PAR AND INTEREST.

New-Jersey Midland First Mortgage,

97½ AND INTEREST.

Syracuse and Chenango Valley First Mortgage,

95 AND INTEREST.

All of the above confidently recommended to all classes of investors. Full particulars furnished on application.

For sale by

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,
Financial and General Agents for the Companies,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

SECOND MORTGAGE

8 PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

OF THE

Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railway,

AT 80 AND INTEREST.

From the time we first offered these Bonds they have been rapidly taken up by investors, leaving but a small amount now for sale, which, at the present price, we consider a very cheap and desirable security, as the road is in *successful operation, and earning not more than the interest on all its Bonds.* The business of the road is rapidly increasing. Over 1,000 miles of new roads are now building, connecting with and controlled entirely in the interest of this road, all of which will be completed at an early day.

These new roads, it is expected, will add at least 50 per cent. to the net receipts of this Company.

We have also other FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES for sale.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Accounts of banks, bankers and merchants received.

Four per cent. interest allowed on daily balances.

TURNER BROTHERS,
NO. 14 NASSAU-ST.

ILLINOIS

Registered Coupon Bonds,

7 or 8 or 10 per Cent.,

INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAID AT AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK, NEW-YORK, BY THE STATE TREASURER, JANUARY AND JULY.

These bonds will bear the most critical examination as one of the safest and soundest investment securities in market. They comprise the only debt in the State of Illinois, provided for by State taxation.

A. T. POST, No. 5 Dey-st.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 8, 1872.

Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, residing in New-York and vicinity, can have their dividends remitted in New-York funds, by giving notice to the Treasurer in this city.

Those entitled to allotments of new stock can obtain any information they may desire by addressing
THOS. T. FIRTH, Treasurer,
No. 233 South 4th-st.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 23, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other appropriate business will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 30th day of March inst., and will reopen on the morning of the 2d day of May next.
GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, PITTSBURG, Penn., April 4, 1872.

THE TRUSTEES NAMED IN THE mortgage of July 1, 1869, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company, invite proposals for the sale to them, for the SINKING FUND, of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, or any less amount, of the unguaranteed bonds of said Company, secured by said mortgage.

Proposals to be addressed as above until 3 P. M. of April 15, 1872.
G. W. CASS,
J. EDGAR THOMSON. } Trustees.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the United States Mortgage Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 37 William-st., in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of May, 1872, at 12 M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ADEXANDER J. KOCH, Secretary.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE Scrip of all issues wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

FINANCIAL.

Over 10 Per Cent.

NET EARNINGS.

ALL TAXES PAID.

Connecticut Valley Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds,

free of all taxes in Connecticut, and free of income tax everywhere. Road finished and running, **AND ALREADY EARNING EXPENSES, INTEREST, AND OVER 10 PER CENT. ON ITS STOCK.** Full paid stock, and a limited mortgage. Price 95 and interest. We recommend them strongly.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

MIDLAND BONDS.

The NEW-YORK MIDLAND CONVERTIBLE BONDS, secured by Mortgage at 80 and interest, are one of the most desirable and will prove one of the most profitable investments offered in this market for years.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 12 PINE-ST.

J. H. WILSON, Late U. S. A.	EDWARD F. WINSLOW, Pres't St. L. & S. E. R'way.

WINSLOW & WILSON,

No. 70 William-st., New-York.
No. 206 South 4th-st., St. Louis, Mo.

Report upon, Build, Manage and Equip **RAILWAYS** Negotiate loans and sell Securities.

Choice securities constantly on hand.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.—THE NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY will pay a quarterly dividend of Two and one-half per Cent., on and after April 10, at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway. Also, at the same time a like amount on stocks of the Camden and Amboy Railroad, and Delaware and Raritan Canal Company, registered in the City of New-York.

Transfer-books will remain closed until the 11th April, 1872.
H. J. SOUTHMAYD, Treasurer.

GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, March 30, 1872.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of Four per Cent., free of all taxes, payable on and after the 10th day of April. The transfer-books will remain closed until the 9th proximo.
A. H. STEVENS, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 3, 1872.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Ten per Cent. has this day been declared, free of Government tax, payable on demand.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.

Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

DEPOSIT TODAY IN THE SAVINGS BANK

CHARTERED BY THE UNITED STATES,
No. 185 Bleecker-st., New-York.

Bank hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily, and Mondays and Saturdays until 9 P. M.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

SAM L HARRIS, Manager.
JOHN J. ZUILLE, Cashier.

EQUITABLE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 170 6TH-AV., CORNER 12TH-ST.

Interest begins on the 1st of each month. Deposits made on or before April 10, will draw interest from April 1.

Bank open twelve hours every day—8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
JOHN P. WHITE, President.
FLOYD CLARKSON, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

All money deposited on or before the 10th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 1,146 BROADWAY,
Between 26th and 27th sts.;

Six per Cent. interest allowed on all sums. Deposits made on or before the 20th of April draw interest from the 1st of April.

FERD. OLMSTEAD, President.
CHAS. T. RODGERS, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

No. 185 Chatham-square and No. 62 New Bowery, New-York.

Money deposited now will date interest from the first of next month.

Interest will be computed monthly on sums of One Dollar and upward.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 to $5,000.

ASSETS, $10,512,396 10.

Deposits on or before April 10, will draw interest from April 1.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-av., cor. of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest from April 1. Assets, $2,695,290 78; surplus, $215,995 81.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York. Opposite Cooper Institute. Chartered 1852.

Deposits made on or before April 10 will draw interest from April 1.

INSURANCE.

KNICKERBOCKER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, (Established 1787,) OFFICE, NO. 64 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 9, 1872.

AT AN ELECTION HELD AT THIS office on the 2d inst., the following gentlemen were elected directors of the Company for the ensuing year, viz.:

George Hodgson,	Henry Oothout,
William Tucker,	Albon P. Man,
John Campbell,	Ferdinand Duysters,
Robert L. Stuart,	Wyllis Blackstone,
Charles P. Leverich,	John N. Bradley,
William E. Dean,	George L. Ronalds,
Henry Elsworth,	Cyrus H. Loutrel,
Walter Edwards,	James A. Roosevelt,
Peter V. King,	Henry A. Tailer,
Jacob C. Bogert,	L. Jaquelin Smith,
Andrew Bowden,	Jas. Hooker Hamersley,
Jeremiah Briggs,	Joseph L. Townsend.

And the following gentlemen were elected inspectors of next election:

Joseph Rudd, Andrew C. Bowden,
Robert M. McJimsey.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, Mr. GEORGE HODGSDON was unanimously re-elected President for the ensuing year.

JOSEPH L. TOWNSEND, Secretary.

ELECTION.

OFFICE OF REPUBLIC INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 153 BROADWAY.

An election for eight trustees of the fourth class for the Republic Fire Insurance Company, and for three inspectors of the next election, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 153 Broadway, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of April next.

Polls open at 12 M., and close at 1 P. M.
D. F. CURRY, Secretary.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, March 25, 1872.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF TWO and one-half per Cent. has been declared, payable in cash on 20th April proximo. Transfer-books will be closed from evening of Saturday, 30th March, until morning of Monday, 22d April.

By order of the Board.
A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

PETER COOPER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, CORNER THIRD-AVENUE AND NINTH-STREET.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS AND inspectors of election, for the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 15th April inst.

The poll will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
WM. H. RIBLET, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$10,000—PARTNER WANTED—A GENtleman having a large cotton plantation, wishes to form the acquaintance of one with capital to increase the business of farming, milling, and merchandising; also, fruit growing; location healthy, and thirty hours from New-York. Address BUSINESS, Room No. 24, Astor House.

FOR SALE—A DRY GOODS AND FANCY goods business in Brooklyn; good location and trade; too much other business the reason for selling; will take a mortgage or real estate in exchange. Address DRY GOODS EXCHANGE, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

AN ENTIRE GENTLEMAN'S OUTFIT, as follows: A pair of perfect black trotting ponies, fifteen hands, drive as one horse; can trot in 250 to the pole; one is much faster; they have been driven three years together; will drive in single harness equally well. Two Hambletonian colts, (mares,) fifteen and a half and sixteen hands high, four and five years old, raised by present owner; must be seen to be appreciated. One coupé horse, sixteen and a half hands, cheap; one thorough bred imported saddle stallion, used by a child twelve years of age, sixteen hands, and as fine as any in country; also, chestnut saddle horse, fifteen and a half hands, one of the finest-mouthed and best-broken horses in the country; phaeton, nearly new; coupé rockaway; Gould sleigh, used one season; Dusenbury road-wagon, pole and shafts. Apply at MOORE'S livery stable, No. 226 6th-av., or at the owner's residence. Ask for Richard, coachman.

A GREAT SALE AT AUCTION OF valuable horses, carriages, barouches, landau, phaetons, harness, blankets, office furniture, &c., &c., and lease of premises.

BY ORDER OF RECEIVER.
THIS DAY, April 10, at 10 A. M., at the CLARENDON LIVERY STABLES,
No. 204 East 24th st.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

GOODS DAMAGED BY FIRE.

We will close out, at retail, every description of saddles, harness, bridles, or other saddlery goods, damaged by the recent fire on our premises.
C. B. SMITH & CO., No. 40 Warren-st.

A LADY'S PONY ESTABLISHMENT for sale—Seven years old, 13½ hands high, warranted sound and kind, free from vice, will stand by the steam-cars, safe for lady or child to ride or drive; also, basket phaeton and harness, best City maker; also, Shetland pony, with saddles for boy and girl, sound and kind in all harness, jet black. Apply at stable, No. 161 East 28th-st.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE MAGNER, the horse educator, and his wonderful ponies. EVERY EVENING, and SATURDAY at 2½. The most vicious horses tamed every evening. For a short time only.

FOR SALE—AT NO. 217 WEST 26TH-ST., private stable, a young horse over sixteen hands high, perfectly sound and gentle, six years old, and especially suited for a one-horse coupé.

Also, a bay mare, seven years old, fifteen and a half hands high, perfectly sound and gentle, broken to harness and saddle.

PRIVATE ESTABLISHMENT CHEAP.—Very stylish bay horses 16½ hands, seven and eight years old; warranted sound and kind; landau (Brewster & Co.'s) and harness. Apply at No. 130 West 31st-st.

A.—ROCKAWAYS, PHAETONS, TOP AND road buggies, new and second-hand; cheapest in City. Call and see.
DAY & SON, No. 148 Eldridge-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH board, from May 1, an elegantly-frescoed second floor, unfurnished, except carpets and chandelier, which are new and very handsome; also, two large newly-furnished rooms on third floor; references exchanged; house on West 23d-st. Address M., West-side *Times* Office, No. 308 West 23d-st.

SIXTEENTH-ST., WEST, NO. 41.—This house is being thoroughly renovated and refurnished; to be kept in the very best manner; table and attendance unexceptionable; terms for Summer or permanent board moderate; families and single gentlemen. Apply at No. 37 West 16th-st.

SHERMAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, CORNER 26TH-ST.—Delightful, pleasant rooms, newly furnished, first-class table and attention, $30 per week and upward; transient, $3 per day; lodgings, $1. One or two suites of family rooms just vacated.

NO. 222 EAST 14TH-ST.—ONE FRONT room over parlor, elegantly furnished for a gentleman and wife or two single gents; also, one single room on fourth floor, furnished, with first-class board. Would take five or six table boarders.

ONE BLOCK FROM MADISON-SQUARE.—Superior, large rooms on second and third floors, front, with first-class board, or private table; room for single gentleman; best reference. Apply at No. 119 East 23d-st.

NO. 115 EAST 29TH-ST., NEAR 4TH-av., a pleasant front room on the second floor, to let, with board, either furnished or unfurnished, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, in a small private family from May 1.

STURTEVANT HOUSE, AMERICAN plan, with the most approved elevators; the great central location, Broadway, 28th and 29th sts.; board with room, $3 50 per day.
LEWIS & GEO. LELAND, Proprietors.

NO. 158 EAST 34TH-ST.,—WITH BOARD or without, a handsomely furnished second floor, parlor and three rooms, together or separately, to parties desiring first-class appointments.

NO. 49 WEST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—Rooms with board to families or parties of single gentlemen; no May moving; reference required.

NO 133 WEST 44TH-ST., NEAR Broadway—Well furnished rooms, en suite or singly, for gentlemen, with partial board; possession last week in April.

NO. 41 EAST 21ST-ST.—A GOOD-SIZED fourth-story front room, with board, to one or two gentlemen; also, third-story hall room; references exchanged.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 351—SECOND DOOR BElow 34th-st., elegantly furnished parlor floor, with private table, bath, closets, &c.; also, other rooms; references exchanged.

NO. 13 WEST 9TH-ST., FOUR DOORS from 5th-av.—To let, with board, a very elegantly-furnished parlor floor; also rooms for single gentlemen; terms moderate; no moving in May.

A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO let; terms moderate. Inquire at No. 410 West 35th-st., top floor.

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST., ONE DOOR from 5th-av.—Suites of rooms to let, with private table or without board.

NO. 40 WEST 21ST-ST.—PLEASANT furnished rooms, with board, in a small family; references exchanged.

BOARD AND GOOD ROOMS IN A family with only two gentlemen boarders. Inquire at No. 134 West 37th-st.

NO. 5 EAST 31ST-ST.—TO LET, FROM May 1, an entire second floor, handsomely furnished, with private table only, or without meals.

THREE OR FOUR ROOMS TO LET, with first-class board: will let transiently; table board. No. 309 5th-av.

TWO FRONT ROOMS ON SECOND floor to let, with board, at No. 128 East 23d-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE EQUINOX HOUSE, MANCHESTER, Vermont, opens June 1. Special inducements to families engaging rooms from June 1.
ADDRESS F. H. ORVIS.

THE ELM HOUSE, (A PRIVATE SUMmer Hotel,) Manchester, Vermont, open June 1. Terms moderate.
CHARLES F. ORVIS, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GOOD COUNTRY BOARD WANTED on or before May 1, near New-York, for lady and three children, (aged five, three and one and a half years,) gentleman partial. Address, stating particulars and terms, which must be moderate, MUNSON, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—MOUNtain air required in a farm-house, where there are no other boarders, for three adults, two children and infant. Address, with particulars, accommodations, location and references, W. J. HEBBARD, Carmansville, N. J.

WANTED—WITHIN TWENTY OR TWENty-five miles of the City, accessible by boat or cars, good country board for four persons; three rooms required. Address W. E. G., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

SUMMER BOARDERS RECEIVED MAY 1; references, former guests. ROBT. C. FLACK, Stamford, Conn.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ON THE HUDSON, BEYOND Yonkers, not beyond Peekskill, Summer board and good accommodations for five or six adults, three children, and two servants, with stable, &c., for one or two horses; a place preferred where other boarders will not be taken. Address, with particulars and price, B. B., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, on the 1st of September, 1871, sold out their interest in, and have retired from, The International Lumber Company, and have dissolved all business connection with the firms doing business under the following firm-names:

White & Co., doing business at Albany, N. Y.
Page, Clark & Co., doing business at Oswego, N. Y.
A. S. Page & Co., doing business at Belleville, Canada.
Clark, White & Co., doing business at Toronto and Byng Inlet, Canada.
R. A. Loveland & Co., doing business at Chicago, Ill.

ELI C. CLARK.
ELI C. CLARK, JR.
Dated April 1, 1872.

NEW-YORK, April 10, 1872. OFFICE, NO. 22 WILLIAM-ST.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a co-partnership under the firm name of E. H. BIEDERMANN & CO., for the transaction of a general banking and commission business.
E. H. BIEDERMANN,
JACOB RUBINO.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEcome the successors of John Bancroft, by purchase, in the business of manufacturing pianos, which was recently carried on by Marshall & Mittauer, at No. 149 East 14th-st., in the City of New-York, have formed a copartnership for carrying on the same business at the same place.
SOHMER & CO.
Dated April 1, 1872.

BILLIARD TABLES.

$165.—BILLIARD-TABLES EQUAL to best made, at forty per cent. less cost; slate beds, best cushions, including balls, cues, &c., $165 to $280. AMERICAN BILLIARD-TABLE COMPANY, No. 560 Broadway.

A NO. 1.—STANDARD AMERICAN Billiard Tables; new designs; also, bagatelles and everything appertaining to billiards, at lowest prices. H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, No. 738 Broadway.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW and second hand BILLIARD TABLES; also, balls, cues, cloth, and everything appertaining to the business. GEO. E. PHELAN, No. 7 Barclay-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY—TRIUMPH OF PAREPA-ROSA, WACHTEL, SANTLEY.

THE GRAND ITALIAN OPERA COMBINATION.

CARL ROSA and A. NEUENDORFF......Directors
D. DE VIVO.....................Business Manager

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, FIFTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.

TROVATORE. (By general request.) TROVATORE.
PAREPA-ROSA, PHILLIPS, WACHTEL, SANTLEY.

CARL ROSA........Musical Director and Conductor

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, SIXTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.

SATURDAY, GALA MATINEE—RIGOLETTO.

Prices—Boxes, $25 and $20; reserved seats in parquet and balcony, $5; general admission, $2. Reserved seats in family circle, $3; admission, family circle, $1.

N. B.—Seats for MATINEES and ANY night can be secured at the Academy of Music and No. 114 Broadway.

ACADEMY—RIGOLETTO MATINEE.

SATURDAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK. Doors open at 1.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Owing to an unprecedented demand for seats for RIGOLETTO nights, the management, in order to comply with the request of several hundred persons, who were unable to obtain admission on the above occasion, has consented to give a GRAND GALA RIGOLETTO MATINEE, With the following unrivaled quartet: PAREPA-ROSA, PHILLIPS, WACHTEL, SANTLEY.

General admission, $2; boxes, $20; reserved seats in boxes, parquet and balcony, $5; reserved seats in family circle, $2.

Seats reserved at Academy and No. 114 Broadway ONLY.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

The Grand ITALIAN OPERA COMBINATION, PAREPA-ROSA, WACHTEL, SANTLEY, will appear on MONDAY EVENING, April 29, in a favorite and popular opera. Sale of seats will commence Thursday, at No. 114 Broadway. Tickets, $5.

P. T. BARNUM'S GREAT SHOW.

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK,
LAST WEEK,
LAST WEEK
OF P. T. BARNUM'S GREAT EXPOSITION,
AT THE EMPIRE RINK,
3D-AV. AND 63D-ST.
THE CELEBRATED MELVILLE FAMILY,
THE WILD FIJI CANNIBALS,
CASTELLO'S SUPERB CIRCUS,
ALL BARE-BACK RIDERS.
THE FINEST MENAGERIE IN THE WORLD.
MONSTER SEA-LIONS,
THE ONLY LIVING GIRAFFE IN AMERICA.
MUSEUM OF 100,000 CURIOSITIES.
EARTH, SEA AND AIR PUT UNDER CONTRIBUTION.
NOTHING LIKE IT EVER BEFORE SEEN.
SEVEN DISTINCT SHOWS IN ONE
EVERYTHING CHASTE, REFINED AND SUPERIOR.
PATRONIZED BY THE ELITE OF THE CITY.

Admission to the whole 50 cents, children half price; reserved seats 25 cents extra. Free admission to all who purchase the PICTORIAL LIFE OF P. T. BARNUM, 900 pages, reduced from $3 50 to $1 50. Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock. Performance commences at 2 and 8.

Will exhibit at Jersey City, MONDAY, April 15; Newark, TUESDAY, April 16; Elizabeth WEDNESDAY, April 17; NEW-BRUNSWICK, Thursday, April 18.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

R. W. BUTLER..........................Manager

AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
THE SPANISH MINSTRELS.

Miss MILLIE COOK, Mr. WELSH EDWARDS
YOUR LIFE'S IN DANGER.
Miss JENNIE KIMBALL,
Miss MINNIE JACKSON
Miss ANNIE WOOD. Mr. GUS WILLIAMS.
Hughey Dougherty. Geo. Atkins, Master Barney, &c.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.

THE VOKES.		THE VOKES
THE VOKES.	NEXT WEEK.	THE VOKES
THE VOKES.		THE VOKES

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.

L. B. LENT................................Director

MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2½
EVERY EVENING AT 8.
LAST WEEK OF CIRCUS SEASON.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK OF CIRCUS SEASON.
CIRCUS SEASON CLOSES SATURDAY, April 13.
NEW AND SUPERB FEATURES
UNITED IN THE LAST ENTERTAINMENTS.
FIRST WEEK of the UNPARALLELED ACT OF
THE GREAT JOHN HENRY COOKE
ON SIX BAREBACK STEEDS,
the most exciting and novel equestrianism ever witnessed. Mlle. CAROLINE ROLLAND,
CHAS. W. FISH and WM. DUTTON,
in their classic and daring equestrian feats.
THE BRILLIANT CIRCUS PERFORMANCES
will conclude with the amusing pantomime of
JACK THE GIANT-KILLER.

LITTLE OLLIE GOLDSMITH, THE dramatic wonder, aged seven years, will give two entertainments at ROBINSON HALL, No. 18 East 16th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, on THURSDAY, 11th, at 8 o'clock, and SATURDAY, 13th, Matinée at 2½ o'clock. Little Ollie will act parts of "Julius Cæsar," "Hamlet," "Romeo and Juliet," "Lady of Lyons," and recite "Aunt Jerusha." Miss Emma C. Thursby, the charming soprano, will sing at Ollie's entertainments. Orchestra chairs, $1; parquet chairs, 75c.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.

MACEVOY'S NEW HIBERNICON;
Or, IRELAND IN AMERICA.

The most amusing entertainment in the City. Introducing the famous BARNEY THE GUIDE, and concluding with the laughable farce.

BARNEY AND THE GHOST.

Matinées WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2 P.M.

Admission, 75, 50 and 35 cents. Matinees, 50 and 35 cents. Children, 15 cents.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S.

EXTRA ATTRACTION.

THIS EVENING AT 8, The charming Artiste, MISS LAURA KEENE, in the great drama, HUNTED DOWN. New Costumes, Scenery, and Superior Cast. Saturday Matinee at 2.	TODAY AT 2, the Burlesque Extravaganza, LURLINE; Or, THE KNIGHT AND THE NAIADS, and the 2 act comedy, HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE.

LADIES' FAIR

IN AID OF ST. LUKE'S HOME,
Apollo Hall, corner Broadway and 28th-st.
OPEN DAILY FROM 11 A. M.,

From April 8 to 18. Choice fancy articles at reasonable prices; complete restaurant; Lander's Band and Promenade Concert every evening; magnificent Art Gallery; Amateur Theatricals, Tableaux, Readings; everything to make an enjoyable evening.

MRS. GEO. VANDENHOFF

will deliver her splendid lecture on the
RIGHTS AND WRONGS OF CHILDREN,
AT
ASSOCIATION HALL,
On THURSDAY EVENING, April 11,
at 8 o'clock.

Admission 50 cents.
Reserved seats $1.

MME. MARIA SALVOTTI ANNOUNCES her first grand concert at Steinway Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, April 11, 1872, assisted by the following eminent talent: Miss Anna Simon, soprano; Miss Maria Norton, contralto; Mr. James Whitney, tenor; Mr. H. E. Clarke, tenor; Mr. J. R. Thomas, baritone; Mr. J. F. Finlayson, baritone; Mr. S. B. Mills, pianist; Mr. A. F. Toulmin, harpist; Signor A. L. Mora, organist; Signor N. Carozzi, conductor. Tickets $1. For sale at the music-stores.

HEBREW BENEVOLENT AND ORPHAN ASYLUM SOCIETY.—Patrons and members who by reason of removal or other cause have not received their invitations for fiftieth anniversary celebration, to take place on the EVENING of APRIL 11, will please notify me at once and receive same. SIMON H. STERN, No. 200 Broadway.

OPERA LIBRETTOS—ONLY 15 CENTS. Get the best. HALL'S Music-store, 751 Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS and floor tiling. FISHER & BIRD, Nos. 97 and 105 East Houston-st.

LECTURES.

TALMAGE'S NEW LECTURE, ROUGH AND TUMBLE EXPERIENCE,

TO BE REPEATED (by invitation)
AT THE BROOKLYN TABERNACLE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 10.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE, Tuesday Evening, March 28, 1872.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned most earnestly request that you will repeat the lecture to which we have just listened with so much pleasure and instruction, at your earliest convenience. We feel assured by the public expression of the vast throng present this evening that we express the desire of thousands of your fellow-citizens. Hoping for a favorable reply, we remain, with esteem and respect, yours truly,

Rev. J. Hyatt Smith,	Rev. Alfred Taylor,
Samuel D. Morris,	St. Clair McKelway,
Thomas E. Pearsall,	William M. Pierson,
G. C. Halstead,	J. H. Cassiday,
B. F. Cogswell,	George Stowe,
W. M. Reynolds,	D. H. Gregory,
Frederick Baker,	Harris McKeever,
J. M. Rowan,	Charles Hopkins,
T. Edward Fleet,	George P. Clark,
B. F. Wells, Jr.,	G. G. Dunning,
R. S. Hobbs,	S. G. Taylor,
B. G. Griffing,	William J. Golston,
J. B. McCoy,	A. Higgins.

REPLY OF REV. MR. TALMAGE.

Messrs. J. Hyatt Smith, S. D. Morris, St. Clair McKelway and others:

GENTLEMEN: I have received your letter inviting me to repeat the lecture entitled *My Rough and Tumble Experiences in California.* I will, in behalf of the same cause—the "Tabernacle Free College"—repeat the lecture, with additional facts and scenes, on April 10, provided that those who had tickets for the former lecture, but who could not come, be admitted by those tickets; and also that the price of new tickets be 50 cents instead of $1. Faithfully yours,
T. DEWITT TALMAGE.
NO. 287 QUINCY-ST., BROOKLYN, 27th March.

The conditions prescribed by the latter letter will be complied with, and the lecture will be repeated in the Tabernacle on April 10.

DE CORDOVA.

Subject—"Our First Baby," for the benefit of St. John's Guild, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10, at 8 o'clock, in the lecture room of St. John's Chapel, Varick-st. Tickets 50 cents.

ICE CREAM.

DUNNINGTON & EMIGH.

Ice-cream made from pure cream only; superior in quality and below the prices of any other establishment; families, hotels, restaurants, church entertainments and the trade supplied. Depots, Nos. 305 4th-av., and 1,264 Broadway.

ASTROLOGY.

PROF. LISTER, ASTROLOGER, has just arrived in the City from Boston, where he was located twenty-six years, and can be consulted upon all affairs in life at his residence, No. 74 Lexington-av., between 25th and 26th sts. Hours of business from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. For terms please call or send for a circular.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

LAST NIGHTS OF THE VETERAN.

In consequence of the production of NOVELTIES

Mr. LESTER WALLACK, Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. CHAS. FISHER, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. CHAS. ROCKWELL, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Mr. W. J. LEONARD, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Mme. PONISI, Miss HELEN TRACY.

EVERY EVENING.

MR. H. J. BYRON'S NEW PLAY,
PARTNERS FOR LIFE,
will be the next production, on which occasion
MR. CHAS. MATHEWS
will make his reappearance.

Boucicault's great comedy,
LONDON ASSURANCE,
is also in preparation.

Box-book open two weeks in advance.

WALLACK'S.

NILSSON'S FAREWELL MATINEE.

Mr. LESTER WALLACK respectfully announces that in deference to the generally expressed wish for an additional representation by
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON
And the
STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY,
It has been decided to give
ONE FAREWELL MATINEE,
SATURDAY, April 13, at 1½ P. M.,
Which will be the final appearance of
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON,
(Prior to departure for Philadelphia,)
When will be presented, for the first time at this theatre, Gounod's opera,
FAUST.
Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON
In her great rôle, Marguerite.
Miss A. L. CARY, M. CAPOUL, M. BARRE, M. JAMET, &c.
MAX MARETZEK, Musical Director and Conductor.
Seats at the Strakosch Opera ticket-office, Everett House Building, corner 17th-st. and 4th-av.
Steinway's pianos used by this Company.

GOLD. GOLD. GOLD.

G O L D G O L D G O L D

BROADWAY THEATRE,

OPPOSITE NEW-YORK HOTEL,
THIS EVENING, AND
SATURDAY MATINEE,
the beautiful domestic drama entitled
GOLD,
By Miss JEAN BURNSIDE,
in which she will appear, supported by the well-known favorites,
Mr. JAMES H. TAYLOR,
Mr. D. E. RALTON, W. C. BUTLER,
W. T. WILLIAMS,
A. C. Moreland, T. Oliver, T. Walker, J. Baker, Mme. IVAN C. MICHELS, Mrs. D. E. RALTON, Miss Hattie Thorp, and a full company.
Entirely new and magnificent scenery, by J. S. SCHELL and assistants.
New and elegant furniture and appointments.
The theatre has been altered and thoroughly renovated.
THE MANAGEMENT HAVE PUT FORTH EVERY EFFORT TO MAKE THIS HOUSE WORTHY THE PRESENCE AND APPROBATION OF A REFINED THEATRE-GOING PUBLIC.
Musical direction under G. P. Burnard.
Box-office now open.

G O L D G O L D G O L D

GOLD. GOLD. GOLD.

BOOTH'S THEATRE—LECLERCQ.

Proprietor and Manager.............Mr. Edwin Booth

THIRD AND LAST WEEK BUT ONE
of the charming and accomplished artist,
Miss CARLOTTA LECLERCQ,
who will appear on Wednesday and Saturday, as
Mme. DE FONTANGES,
in Tom Taylor's romantic drama of
PLOT AND PASSION,
to be followed by the laughable comedietta of the
ROUGH DIAMOND,
On THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, and SATURDAY MATINEE at 1½.
Miss LECLERCQ.........as.........ANNE CAREW
in A SHEEP IN WOLF'S CLOTHING,
and as JULIANA, in THE HONEYMOON.
Box-book open six days in advance at the theatre; also, at Ditson's music-store, No. 711 Broadway.

MONDAY, April 22, reappearance and farewell engagement of Mr. BOOTH.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

A TREMENDOUS HIT.
G. L. FOX'S HUMPTY DUMPTY REMODELED
ALL THE RAGE.

H	HITS! HITS! HITS! HITS!	D
U	FOX'S NEW TRICKS.	U
M	THE MARTENS' NEW SONGS.	M
P	The WILSONS' Terrific Somersaults.	P
T	THE KIRALFYS' NEW BALLETS.	T
Y	THE MARBLE STATUE TABLEAU.	Y

THE GRANDEST PICTURES
EVER SEEN ON ANY STAGE.
SECURE YOUR SEATS.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS AT 2.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

FOURTH WEEK OF LALLA ROOKH!!!

The fairy beauty of the scenery, gorgeousness of properties and accessories, richness of material of the costumes, sweetness of the music and intensity of interest of the story of LALLA ROOKH, dramatically told

EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE,
to surprised and delighted audiences of
OVER 3,000 ENCHANTED PEOPLE,
aggregating an attendance to date of
SIXTY NINE THOUSAND,
justly stamps it as the
GRANDEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECTACULAR PIECE EVER PRODUCED. IT HAS THE MOST RAVISHING DANCES,
MOST BRILLIANT PROCESSIONS,
MOST BEAUTIFULLADY ARTISTS.
IT FAIRLY QUIVERS WITH BEAUTY.
IT IS AS DELIGHTFUL AS THE
FIRST DAWN OF LOVE.
Transformation scene at 11 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

SIXTH WEEK OF
MRS. JOHN WOOD.
GRAND SUCCESS OF
POLL AND PARTNER JOE.
MARY MAYBUD..............MRS. JOHN WOOD
With the celebrated song of
"HIS HEART WAS TRUE TO POLL."
SIMMONS & SLOCUM'S MINSTRELS,
(Eighteen in number,) will appear in an
ETHIOPIAN SCENE.
ENTIRE NEW SCENERY,
CHARACTERISTIC COSTUMES,
and BEAUTIFUL DECORATIONS.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

ARTICLE 47.

THE NEW PARISIAN SENSATION,

EVERY NIGHT AT 8.

*** MATINEE OF ARTICLE 47, SATURDAY next at 1½.

WEDNESDAY, April 17, for the Benefit of the Foundling Asylum.

A SPECIAL MATINEE OF ARTICLE 47.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.

Enthusiastic reception of the beautiful
CHAPMAN SISTERS.
House crowded to witness the charming acting, sprightly dancing and singing of the lovely
BLANCHE AND ELLA,
who appear, together with the
HERNANDEZ FAMILY,
in LITTLE DON GIOVANNI, Boston Jubilee, and Jap-on-Knees. Secure your seats early to avoid the crowd. Matinées WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE, 23D-ST.

GENUINE HIT. IMMENSE SUCCESS OF

JULIUS SNEEZER.	JULIUS SNEEZER.
JULIUS SNEEZER.	JULIUS SNEEZER.

SEATS SECURED IN ADVANCE.

A CARD.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
Has removed to their new rooms,
No. 5 East 14th-st., near 5th-av.,
next door to Delmonico's.

Pupils received daily from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. for private and class instruction in all branches of vocal and instrumental music, harmony and composition and modern languages.

BROOKLYN BRANCH,
Nos. 102, 104 and 106 Court-st., near State.

MEETINGS.

THE FOURTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Society of the "Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New-York." will be held in the lecture-room of the First Presbyterian Church, (11th-st., west of 5th-av.,) on WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M.

HENRY M. TABER,
Recording Secretary.
New-York, 6th April, 1872.

NEW-YORK FEMALE BIBLE SOCIETY.—The fifty-sixth anniversary of the New-York Female Bible Society, auxiliary to the American Bible Society, will be held on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock M., at the Bible House, Astor-place. Addresses by Rev. Dr. TYNG, Rev. Dr. ORMISTON and others.

PROPOSALS.

MANCHESTER WATER-WORKS,
CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
COURT-HOUSE BUILDING,
MANCHESTER, N. H., April 6, 1872.

TO CONTRACTORS FOR WATER PIPES.

The Board of Water Commissioners of the City of Manchester are prepared to receive proposals for about 120,000 feet of water-pipes, from 4 to 20 inches diameter, together with their appendages of gates, air-valves and hydrants, to be laid and set complete.

Drawings, specifications and form of contract may be seen, and blank forms of proposal obtained at the office of the engineer.

Tenders must be delivered at the Commissioners' office, in Manchester, N. H., on or before WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst., at 12 o'clock M.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

By order of the Commissioners.
J. T. FANNING, Chief Engineer.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS,
SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 4, 1872.

Sealed proposals, in triplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office until 12 M. on Wednesday, the 5th day of June, 1872, for furnishing such quantities of STATIONERY as may be required in the Department of Texas, from the 1st day of July, 1872, to the 30th day of June, 1873.

Blank form of proposals, with requirements attached, can be had on application to the undersigned.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Chief Quartermaster, Department of Texas.

VANDERBILT ANSWERED.

Mass-Meeting of the Fourth Avenue Association.

Indignant Remonstrances Against the Buckhout Bill.

Strong Condemnatory Resolutions Adopted by Acclamation.

A Committee to Represent the Citizens in Albany.

Earnest Speeches by Messrs. Crary, Willis, Beekman and Kessler.

A large and important meeting of the property-owners on Fourth-avenue was held yesterday evening at Brevoort Hall to hear the report of the Committee on Resolutions on the subject of the bill recommended by the Railroad Committee of the Legislature. Mr. JAS. W. BEEKMAN was nominated President, and Mr. J. O. ALSTON Secretary of the meeting. The Chairman, on ascending the rostrum, reviewed the situation, briefly pointing out that the policy of the Vanderbilt party was the Fabian one of delay, and that in every attempt for redress, the only plan that could be got out of them was the Buckhout one, which the property-owners had rejected unanimously. The Railroad had met them with all the arrogance of conscious power. Their proposal was simply an open cut, exposing women and children and old people to all the disasters which every one except the railroad men knew by heart. And with the utmost audacity they suggested that half the expense of this most munificent scheme should be borne by the property-owners. He would not waste any more words upon them, but would call upon Col. WILLIS, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, to state to the meeting what resolutions had been drawn up.

Col. WILLIS immediately stepped forward, and after a few introductory sentences read the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, There were appointed, a few weeks since, at a mass meeting of citizens residing in the Twelfth and Nineteenth Wards, held at the hall of the East Side Association, a Joint Committee, representing all the various organizations interested in the preservation of life and security of travel upon Fourth-avenue, between Forty-second-street and Harlem River, which committee were then and there instructed and authorized to employ all needful means to effect their aforesaid purpose, and if possible to secure the coöperation of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.

Whereas, Said Company have refused all co-operation, and declared themselves perfectly content with the present status of said avenue, and insist upon a project of their own, entirely at variance with the wants of the people;

Whereas, Said Joint Committee, pursuant to said instruction and authority, have prepared a bill providing for the depression of the way and tracks occupied by said Company, on said avenue, to such a depth as would admit of their being arched over and crossed upon a surface even with adjoining streets, from Forty-second to One Hundred and Second streets, to Harlem River, as would enable said avenue to be crossed where streets intersect the same with absolute security, which bill was introduced in the Assembly and referred to the Committee on Railroads;

Whereas, Arguments upon said bill were made before said Committee, in which the interruption of travel and the danger to human life were represented, the Railroad Company conceding the truth of the facts and making no attempt to controvert the arguments;

Whereas, The majority of the Committee, notwithstanding the premises, have, instead of reporting the said bill, recommended to the Assembly the passage of another, or of said bill with such amendments substantially changing its character in the interest of said Company, and in defiance of the expressed will of the people,

Resolved, In mass-meeting assembled, that we denounce the report of the Railroad Committee; stamp it as wantonly overriding the rights of the people, and hail it as a badge of abject subserviency to a monopoly, whose impudence is equaled only by the ascendency it asserts.

Resolved, That for ourselves, and in behalf of all the people of this City, we characterize the report of this Committee as a cheat, grossly fraudulent in this, that while it purports to be for the public good it really is a bold project through which the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company is endeavoring to acquire exclusive use and ownership to and of a strip of land forty feet wide through Fourth-avenue, from Forty-second-street to Harlem River, which is now the property of the people, subject to the right of said Company to run the locomotives and cars over the same, and also a franchise for local transit; a project that contemplates no remuneration to the people for additional burdens imposed on their property; no consideration for the invaluable franchise it reaches after, but actually affrights decency by compelling the people, whose rights it outrages, to pay one-half the cost of its consummation.

Resolved, That we specially denounce that feature of the report which names as Commissioners to superintend the cost and construction of the modifications, two engineers, who have already written a report adverse to the plans insisted upon by the people and in the interest of said Company, and also the regular engineer of said Company, who is the reputed author of the project herein characterized—all of whom, by reason of this bias against the people, and their cordial sympathy with the scheme with said Company, of which they have not hesitated to give frank exhibition, are wholly and flagrantly disqualified from serving properly the public weal; that this feature is proof positive; that the report in question is a most stupendous job and therefore a fraud upon the people.

Resolved, That we appeal to the Legislature, and demand in behalf of our rights, which have been overridden, of the public interests now threatened by the corrupting power, monopoly; of those whose homes have been made desolate by the endless slaughter of loved ones upon what is not inaptly termed *Avenue-death*, to overrule the action of the Assembly Railroad Committee, to declare by voice and vote its opposition to the fraudulent scheme presented by such Committee in their report, and to redress the acknowledged wrongs visited by the Harlem Railroad Company upon the people by the prompt passage of the bill presented in the Assembly by Hon. WM. A. WHITBECK.

Resolved, That we steadfastly adhere to the said bill introduced by Hon. WM. A. WHITBECK, entertaining no doubt as to its practicability and efficiency with reference to the objects aimed at, and believing it to embrace the only plan which justifies in any wise an expenditure on the part of the people, and that if such bill is rejected we prefer no change, contenting ourselves with the hope that a future Legislature will heed our voice, and relying on other resources which we now hold in reserve.

Resolved, That our thanks are pre-eminently due and are hereby tendered to Hon. WM. A. WHITBECK and Hon. M. SMYTH, who have labored incessantly in behalf of the bill emanating from and sanctioned by the people, have afforded its advocates facilities to be heard, and have strenuously opposed all schemes and devices intended to secure its defeat.

Resolved, That the Secretaries of this meeting furnish copies of these resolutions and preamble to the members of both branches of the Legislature.

Mr. MARTIN came forward after the resolutions had been accepted. He said:

The first thing I have to say is, that there is no need of any apprehension in going to a fight with a railway. When an official wishes to stop a train he puts out a red flag; that means danger for the train and for the engineer, and the engineer heeds it and stops. If there was a black flag held out whenever there was danger for the people, how often do you think that flag would have been held out on Fourth-avenue, and how often do you think the engineer would have halted if it had? But we who are going to fight the railway must hoist out the red flag to let them know that there is danger to them and to their line. There is always a point where injuries of a fatal character can be inflicted upon a corporation. It is the point where it comes directly into contact with the will of the people. Great as is the power of a money corporation, it cannot possibly resist the will of the people, if that will is founded on a sense of right. The history of the Erie Road will show this. The history of Tammany will demonstrate it more clearly, and the history of the Vanderbilt lines will not be different from these. The fight may be a long one. It is possible that in the Legislature of this session Vanderbilt may triumph, but that will not end it. It will still remain an open question. We may be beaten in the battle, but we shall certainly win the way.

The Grand Central Depot was built by an engineer in such a way that the track cannot be sunk without pulling down the structure. I noticed that it had been constructed at an inordinate expense, and that the results were not tantamount to the outlay. When I heard that the same engineer was going to supply a plan to satisfy the property-owners I knew that it would have the same fault. When it came forward it was exactly what I expected. It certainly did provide for the safety of human life, but it made no provision whatever for the crossing of foot-passengers and carriages. It is in utter disregard of the rights of the people. It takes care to provide four tracks for the railway, it takes care to save the line from damage by the loss of human life, and it winds up in the most delicious way by proposing that the people shall pay half. I am, therefore, of opinion that the resolutions should be sent to Albany. We may not win now, we may not win next year, but in the long run justice must be done. [Loud cheering.]

Mr. CRARY was the next Speaker. He spoke of the bill which had been prepared by the Association, embodying exactly what the people wanted. He said in that bill was a provision that half the cost should be met by the City. The Harlem Railway was willing to sink the track, but not to arch it over. For that reason we were willing to meet half the cost. Our bill went up to Albany, but when we got there we were met by the bill embodying the plan of Mr. BUCKHOUT, which has been spoken of by the former speaker, Mr. MARTIN, and which I stigmatize as one of the greatest frauds that folly ever attempted in combination with arrogance to foist upon a community. The experience of the past has shown that the people will not be satisfied with anything less than a sunken track which is arched over. We knew this, and we prepared our bill accordingly. Now, Mr. Chairman, let us look for a moment at the outrageous character of the Vanderbilt bill. It provides that a foot-bridge shall be constructed for passengers at the entrances to the Park. In all the other streets there is no provision whatever for crossing. Now, what an outrage to request that the people should pay half the expense of sinking the track, when they get such accommodation. More, the bill provides for two additional tracks which will necessitate two tunnels, each nearly a mile in length. What a stupendous fraud to expect that the City should pay half of this. No, gentlemen, the people would never be satisfied with such a bill as this. They would agitate and agitate until the whole track should be arched over. The railway is now a nuisance, a nuisance which ought to be abated. [Loud cheers.] The whole City ought to take up the question and say that the infernal manslaughter nuisance must be done away with. It is false to say that the property-owners are attempting to speculate in this matter. I propose, therefore, that the resolution be adopted.

The Chairman called upon Dr. KESSLER to speak for the Germans and say what the Germans thought about it.

Mr. KESSLER said: The Germans, like the Americans, hate injustice and love justice. Mr. VANDERBILT has been playing with us for the past six months, and has left us exactly where we were when he commenced. I thought that would be the result from the beginning. In my opinion, the action of the Railroad Committee forbodes the action of the Legislature, and that these Reformers will do nothing for us. We know better what we want who live in this district, than Legislators from the rural districts, who don't care about us. The Legislature may speak to-morrow, or perhaps to-night. Then it will be for us to speak and to let Mr. VANDERBILT know that he, as a single man, has not the right to resist the will of thousands. [Great cheering.]

Col. WILLIS was next called upon. He said: This is the story of a gigantic monopoly which has not hesitated to override the inalienable rights of citizens. We are not to decide what the profits of the line may be, or what the rights of the line may be. This is our standpoint. "The safety of the people is the supreme law." Before this all other rights, all other considerations, must bow. Here the people rule. Gentlemen, this avenue, one of the finest in the country, has been not inaptly termed the avenue of death. This being so, if the Legislature will not serve us, there is the Common Council, and there is the Police who are bound to take such steps as shall secure the safety of human lives. And besides these there are the Courts, and an injunction can be procured which shall prevent the running of a single train. The Vanderbilt party acknowledge the peril, but they say that a tunnel is impracticable. Yet a little higher up the avenue when he wants his double track he proposes to tunnel at the expense, however, of the City. Let but this tunnel be continuous, let the arching be from Forty-second-street, and not only will safety to life and limb be secured, but the Fourth-avenue will be restored to the City as a channel of commerce. [Great and continued applause.]

The resolutions were then unanimously adopted, and a committee was dispatched to Albany, consisting of the following gentlemen: Charles Crary, Benj. A. Willis, A. G. Richardson, D. R. Jacques, W. H. Johnson, G. W. Glaze, J. F. Crombie, W. R. Martin, J. O. Alston, H. D. Faulkner, R. M. Hedden, Asher Barnett, J. W. Beekman.

It is believed that they will present the minority report of the Railroad Committee to the Governor.

Counter Movement.

Meetings were also held last evening at Morrisania and Tremont in favor of the Assembly bill, for laying two additional tracks to the suburbs of the City, and resolutions passed to that effect. The meeting in Tremont was presided over by Mr. CHAS. W. BATHGATE, and the one in Morrisania by Mr. CHAS. J. GILLIS. There was a large attendance at each.

DETECTIVE WORK.

A Philadelphia Burglary—Upward of $6,000 Worth of Goods Stolen—The Thieves Arrested in this City.

Some time between Saturday night last and Monday morning, the building No. 325 Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, was entered by burglars, and goods to the value of $5,000 stolen. The ground floor of the building is occupied by HUGHES & Co., the second floor by HENRY M. DAY, manufacturer of laces and lace collars, and the third floor by REESE, SON & CO., importers of Italian cloths and mohair goods. The burglars forced open the scuttle on the roof, and descending, removed nearly $4,000 worth of goods from Mr. DAY'S establishment and $2,000 worth from the store of REESE, SON & CO. The persons suspected were arrested in this City yesterday, and all the goods recovered. From the investigation so far it appears that an unoccupied building fronting on Chestnut-street and running back to Fourth-street, seven doors east of the plundered store, was hired of the proprietor, Mr. ROWAN, on Thursday last, by a stranger, who represented that he was in the gas-fixture business, and desired to set up in Philadelphia. On Saturday he called again on Mr. ROWAN and said he would close the negotiation on Monday morning, but meantime requested permission to put six packages of his goods, which he had received, in the store. Permission was given and the cases were deposited. The same afternoon, a man dressed as a laborer was observed to remove the padlock from the Fourth-street door of the place, and substitute one similar in appearance. Early on Monday morning the six cases were taken from the store on a truck, and some hours afterward the burglary at No. 325 Chestnut-street was discovered. Investigation disclosed the mode of entry by the burglars through the scuttle of the roof, which they must have traversed the roofs of the six houses intervening between the building in Fourth-street and that in Chestnut-street to reach. With a jimmy they forced open the scuttle and descended to the floor occupied by Mr. DAY, and by REESE, SON & CO. They then forced open the doors leading into these stores, and helped themselves to the goods as stated above. The goods were then carried over the roofs of the building on Fourth-street, where the burglars remained all day Sunday engaged in packing them in the cases. Detective SMITH, of the Philadelphia Police force, who was detailed to the case, learned that the goods had probably been shipped to this City, and Mr. DAY telegraphed to Capt. JAMES IRVING, of the Central Detective Office, to look out for them. Accordingly a watch was set upon the office of Adams Express Company, by which route it was learned the goods had been shipped, but until the hour at which the office closed on Monday night, although the goods had arrived, no claimant appeared. Yesterday morning Detective SMITH, of Philadelphia, accompanied by Mr. DAY, the principal loser by the burglary, arrived in town, and, with Capt. IRVING, repaired to the express office and kept a close watch. About 10½ o'clock, two young men appeared at the office, accompanied by a carman, and claimed the goods. They were delivered as demanded, and the men were assisting in loading the goods on the truck when the detectives arrested them. One of them proved to be the most skillful and successful burglar in the Northern States, known to the Police of this and other cities as "Jack Sheppard," from the numerous burglaries in which he had been concerned, and the frequency and apparent ease with which he has escaped from various persons throughout the country. He gave his name as WM. JONES. He is about twenty-six years of age, and was born in this City. He is of medium height, slender build, with very black hair and eyes. He has been concerned in almost every extensive burglary that has been perpetrated in this vicinity for several years past, and has been several times convicted, and as often escaped from prison. He was engaged in the burglary at a bonded warehouse in Laight-street, when $15,000 worth of silks, belonging to H. B. CLAFLIN & CO., were stolen. There is scarcely a large city in the Northern States in which he is not "wanted" by the Police. His companion gave the name of JOHN HATHAWAY. He is said to hail from Philadelphia. He is not known to the Police of this City. The prisoners were taken to Police Head-quarters. The cases of goods at the express office were then opened and found to contain all the goods stolen from Mr. DAY and from REESE, SON & CO., and the tools with which the burglars had worked.

Escape of "Jack Sheppard."

This skillful young burglar vindicated his claim to his sobriquet by escaping from the "strong room" at Police Head-quarters in which he had been confined, with his companion, yesterday afternoon. During the temporary absence of the door-keeper, he wrenched off the iron grating above the cell, slipped into the corridor, and, as the door-keeper entered the corridor door, he dashed through, gained the rear of the building, and from there the street. Several detectives started in pursuit, but up to a late hour last night he had not been recaptured.

The International Amateur Boat-Race.

The crew of the Atalanta Club for the coming international contest will be: Russel Withers, M. D., stroke; Theodore Van Raden, No. 3; Alexander Handy, No. 2; Edward Smith, bow; Leander Waterbury, reserve. Average weight last season, 145 pounds.

The crew is practising on the Passaic River at Newark. They will start for Europe next Saturday, (the 13th inst.,) on the steamer *City of Montreal*. This afternoon will be the last opportunity to see them in practice.

THE NEXT ELECTION.

Necessity for Organization by the Reform Party of this City.

Earnest Appeal of the Committee of Seventy.

The People Must Organize—Union with the Council of Political Reform and German Reform Organizations.

The Committee of Seventy at a very full meeting adopted the following address to the people, which had been prepared by the Subcommittee on Elections, Mr. JOSEPH H. CHOATE, Chairman, after authorizing the Chairman and Secretary of the Seventy to append their signatures, so as to give to the instrument the full weight and force and influence of the Committee. The following is the address;

To the People of the City of New-York:

The Committee of Seventy respectfully ask the attention of their fellow-citizens to the present critical condition of Municipal affairs, for the purpose of warning them not to relax in any degree their efforts for reform, nor to indulge in too confident hopes of achieving it without renewed struggles and still greater exertions than those which they have already put forth.

The present situation must thoroughly undeceive those who were credulous enough to believe that the overwhelming triumph of the people in the November election had secured the final defeat of the corrupt forces which have banded together against the honor and welfare of the City. It is true that that outburst of popular wrath hurled several of the ringleaders of the conspiracy from power, and drove them beyond the City limits, and effectually stopped, for the time being, the plundering of the Treasury and wasting of the public money. The frauds already committed have been exposed, and steps have been taken to bring their authors to punishment. But nothing of a permanent nature for the relief of the City and the reorganization of its government and affairs has yet been consummated. The Chief Magistrate, under whose auspices all the Municipal crimes of the past four years were perpetrated, still remains in power, and all the executive and administrative offices of the City from the highest to the lowest continue to be occupied by his appointees. The Legislature which was elected by you and by your fellow-citizens throughout the State in sympathy with you for the one great purpose of applying a prompt and efficient remedy to the gross abuses under which New-York City was laboring, of cleaning out the entire army of corrupt office-holders, who were preying on its vitals, and of reorganizing its Government on some basis which should secure to its citizens the substantial right of self-government, has now reached the ninety-ninth day of the hundred allotted to it for the work without passing a single measure for our permanent relief. The charter designed and framed with great care to organize and carry out a comprehensive and harmonious system of reform, which we presented on your behalf, has been mutilated in the Senate to such an extent as to be past recognition by its authors, and the two Houses of the Legislature seem to be in no haste to reconcile the wide differences that exist between them upon it. In the meantime, no other charter or scheme of government has been proposed in either House for serious consideration, and it is manifest that the sole issue at Albany is between the charter proposed by us substantially as it has passed the Assembly, and an indefinite extension of the present charter, with the continuance in power of those who hold office under it. We should be false to the trust committed to us if we failed to advise you in this position of affairs that it is our deliberate conviction that the principal obstruction to your cause of reform proceeds from the great body of the present office-holders, who are determined at all hazards to hold on to their places and power, and from interested politicians of both parties, who think to find their own account in supporting and retaining them, and in keeping things as they are. The vast patronage in their hands is being freely used and abused at Albany to defeat your just hopes. And the fate of the City, so far as it depends upon the action of the present Legislature, seems likely to be determined at best by considerations of a partizan and political nature. A few days will probably settle the question, and decide whether the just demands of the great body of honest citizens who have at heart the honor and prosperity of the City, shall prevail, or the new Ring, which is seeking to appropriate to its own corrupt uses the power which you thought you had wrested in November from the old one. If a new charter is granted us, a general municipal election must immediately ensue, and, at the worst, the Legislature will not venture to adjourn without passing a suitable enactment to vacate the office of Mayor, and ordering a new election of Chief Magistrate.

In either event, we consider the immediate and thorough organization and enrollment of all citizens who are willing to pledge themselves to the cause of reform in Municipal affairs to be a matter of the first importance and necessity. In this way only can you reap the benefit of your past efforts and carry on the good work to the end. It is not to be expected that either of the political parties, as such, will enter upon a City election on the sole basis of reform, or conduct it independently of their party purposes and interests; but there can be no doubt that the disinterested and patriotic citizens in both parties will desire to cast their influence and votes in Municipal affairs on the side of reform, without regard to State or National politics. This Committee has no local organizations in the Assembly Districts or wards, where only they can be made effective, and no machinery of its own for creating such organizations. But already, in nearly all the Assembly Districts, bodies of public-spirited citizens of various nationalities have organized under different names for the purpose of advancing the cause which we are seeking to promote. With a view, therefore, to concentrate and harmonize their efforts, and to unite under one standard, and with a single aim, all citizens who sincerely desire a permanent and complete reform of municipal affairs, and the lasting overthrow of that corruption which has so long disgraced the City of New-York, we invite and recommend all such legal voters in their respective Assembly Districts, without regard to party or religion, nationality, condition, or color, to unite and co-operate with such bodies as the Council of Political Reform, and the German Reform organizations, and such other associations as are friendly to our cause.

WM. F. HAVEMEYER, Chairman.

SIMON STERNE, Secretary.

The discussion which followed the reading of the address by Mr. CHOATE was very generally participated in by the members, including the Chairman, who called Mr. WILLIAM H. NEILSON to preside pending the discussion.

The St. Luke's Fair.

The fair to pay the debt on the new home for indigent and aged females, at St. Luke's Hospital, opened yesterday with every prospect of success. The rooms were handsomely decorated, and the table abundantly supplied. There was a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen present during the day and evening to witness the dramatic performances. There were also a series of tableaux vivants at the residence of Dr. WARD in aid of the charity.

Personal.

Capt. Humphrey, of the United States Army; Ex-Mayor Wm. L. Scott, of Erie; Hon. Geo. M. Parsons, of Columbus, Ohio, and Judge S. W. Fullerton, of Newburg, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. P. H. Nieber, Esq., of Troy, and Dr. J. A. Tucker, of Boston, are at the Grand Central Hotel. Hon. George Innis, of Poughkeepsie; Hon. C. Stanford, of Schenectady; Col. Wilds G. Walker, of Maine, and Edwin Adams and wife, of Long Branch, are at the Astor House. Gov. G. C. Walker, of Virginia; Ex-Gov. T. F. Randolph, of New-Jersey; Hon. W. D. Washburne, of Washington, D. C.; Takanovi Sassaki, Chief Justice of Japan; Prince Nagooka, of Japan, and Judge R. D. Barclay, of Philadelphia, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Hon. M. C. Alexander, of Princeton, N. J., is at the St. James Hotel. Lieut. J. Forsyth-Meiggs, of the United States Navy is at the Brevoort House. Judge Bossi, of Qubec, is at the Gilsey House.

OBITUARY.

Erastus Corning.

Hon. ERASTUS CORNING died on Monday evening at Albany, after a long and severe illness, at the age of seventy-eight years.

During his long and useful life Mr. CORNING was prominently connected with nearly all of the public and many of the private enterprises of the City of Albany. He was born at Norwich, Conn., in December, 1794, receiving comparatively few educational advantages. He went to the City of Troy when but thirteen years of age, and entered the hardware store of his uncle, BENJAMIN SMITH. The time was exceedingly propitious for one entering into that line of business, as it was then in its infancy, and Mr. CORNING, even at that age, was singularly adapted to take advantage of this circumstance. At the age of twenty-one he removed to Albany to establish a house for himself, and he soon became known as being the most enterprising merchant in that section of the country. As time went on, the iron manufacturing interests in the vicinity of Albany began to assume greater importance. Quickly realizing that it was destined to assume still greater proportions, Mr. CORNING interested himself in what was then a small foundry and rolling-mill. The enterprise has increased until it is now one of the largest manufactories in the country, producing annually over 15,000 tons of iron. The firm have constantly in their employ 750 men, and the arrangements under which the works are conducted, and which were personally designed by Mr. CORNING, are marvelously perfect. By careful industry and shrewd business tact, Mr. CORNING had succeeded before his death in amassing a large fortune, and what is perhaps far better than that, had gained a reputation for honesty and integrity unsurpassed by that of any business man in the community in which he lived. The ability he displayed in conducting large industrial operations redounded not more to his own profit than to the material prosperity of the people in that section of the country. His death, though not unexpected, will be mourned by a large circle of friends in all parts of the State. The State Assembly last night adopted resolutions and made speeches eulogistic of the late Mr. CORNING.

The funeral will take place on Friday, at 3 o'clock P. M., from St. Peter's Church. The Albany Board of Trade, and other associations, have been called to hold meetings on the occasion of his death. Flags are hoisted at half-mast, and there is a general feeling of regret for the loss of one who has done so much public good, and especially for that city.

The Fourth Ward Tragedy Still a Mystery.

Coroner SCHIRMER yesterday concluded the investigation in the case of the unknown man found dead last week, in Roosevelt-street. EMMETT KING and JOSEPH MURPHY, notorious Fourth Ward roughs, arraigned on suspicion of connection with the matter, were present. Officer J. MUSGRAVE, of the Fourth Precinct, testified that he had arrested these men on information lodged against them by MARY VANDERLIP, who when placed on the stand would not corroborate it on the plea that she had been so long drunk as to be doubtful of the accuracy of her memory. Having been heard on their own behalf, and no evidence existing to hold them, they were discharged, and the following verdict was rendered: That the deceased came to his death from violence at the hands of some person or persons unknown to the jury.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The dwelling-house of NATHAN GOLDBERG, No. 92 Division-street, was damaged by fire to the extent of $300 last night.

The fifteenth anniversary of the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society of New-York will be celebrated by an entertainment at the Academy of Music this evening.

Justices DOWLING, HOGAN and SHANDLEY presided jointly in the Court of Special Sessions, yesterday, and disposed of a number of unimportant cases.

WILLIAM JOHNSON was held in $1,000 by Justice SCOTT, at Essex Market, yesterday, on a charge of stealing a bay horse, the property of ANTHONY KERNER, of No. 118 Sheriff-street.

Between the 2d and 9th insts., 3,947 emigrants arrived in this port, making 30,950 since Jan. 1, against 18,189 for the same period of last year.

AGNES and JENNIE TINTE, daughters of Mrs. TINTE, of No. 157 West Thirtieth-street, had their hands and arms severely burnt yesterday, in extinguishing a fire at their house.

The arrivals of emigrants at Castle Garden yesterday were as follows: Per *City of Bristol*, 1,057; per *Missouri*, 736; per ship *Hamilton Fish*, 333—all from Liverpool.

Late on Monday night ALBIN WEBER, of No. 41 Broome-street, was struck on the head and severely injured by a stone thrown through the window by PATRICK MCCUMISKEY, who was arrested.

The anniversary of the German peace jubilee in this City will be celebrated by a banquet at the Germania Assembly Rooms to-night. Ex-Gov. SOLOMONS will deliver an oration.

The Board of Managers of the Protestant Episcopal Church Missionary Society for Seamen in the City and Port of New-York held a meeting, last night, to perfect their organization for the year.

Coroner HERRMAN has been notified to hold an inquest on the body of ANN EDGWORTH, who died on Monday afternoon at No. 49 Mangin-street from supposed violence at the hands of her husband.

The Republican State Committee will meet at the Fifth-avenue Hotel today at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of calling a State Convention to elect delegates to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia.

CHARLES ROXDE and JOHN HUIBERMEISTER were charged before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday with executing a fraudulent bond for a hotel-keeper's license. They admitted their guilt, and were committed in $5,000 to await the action of the Grand Jury.

CHARLES ROSENFIELD, charged with perjury in swearing he owned certain real estate in Brooklyn, in order to become bail for F. A. GOODALL, was committed for trial yesterday, in default of $5,000 bail. MOSES MONSER was also held for passing a counterfeit $10 bill.

The examination into the charge of felonious assault committed on the high seas, preferred against CHARLES WATSON, was concluded before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday. There was no evidence to convict the prisoner, and he was discharged.

HENRY SMITH, Police Commissioner and late President of the Bowling-green Savings Bank, is lying at the St. Nicholas Hotel, confined to his bed by a severe attack of rheumatism and nervous prostration. His condition is thought to be critical.

In the case of CATHARINE A. DACE against the New-Jersey Southern Railroad Company, to recover the value of a fence destroyed by sparks from the Company's engines, the facts of which have already appeared in the TIMES, the jury yesterday found a verdict in favor of defendant.

JOHN B. CORNELL, Esq., of this City, and Hon. WM. J. GROO, of Middletown, are the most prominent candidates for delegates to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church from the New-York Conference. The election will take place in this City on Friday, the 12th inst.

Yesterday afternoon DANIEL HOAG, aged thirteen, and ROBERT HOAG, aged fourteen, cousins, working at the piano factory, No. 530 West Twenty-fifth-street, had a quarrel, which was ended by DANIEL stabbing ROBERT in the side with a knife, inflicting a wound which will probably prove fatal.

A committee of Washington Market dealers started for Albany yesterday, to present to the Legislature a bill which authorizes the Sinking Fund Commissioners to appoint three appraisers to value the market, which the dealers propose to buy of the City at the price fixed on. They further covenant to erect a superb iron structure on its present site.

In the case of SCHENSIMSKY against MASTERSON, tried in Part II. of the Superior Court, to recover damages for injuries sustained by falling into a cellar-way dug out under the direction of defendant, the facts of which appeared in the TIMES of yesterday, the jury have rendered a verdict in favor of defendant, it appearing that he had taken all necessary precaution to prevent injury to the public.

Rev. WM. M. TAYLOR was last evening formally installed as the pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle, the building being crowded in every part. The exercises were carried out in the order previously published. Mr. BEECHER, who preached the sermon, took his text from Mark xvi., 19-20. His discourse was an explanation of true religion, the vital necessity of it, and the needs of the ministry.

LONG ISLAND.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer of Queens County will adjourn after the conclusion of the trial of the murderer WAGNER till May, when the trial of ANN FOWLER for the murder of her husband, and Justice MCKENNA for fraud will take place.

BROOKLYN.

Judge BENEDICT yesterday sentenced JOHN WILLIAMS, alias Halsey, to two years' hard labor in the Albany Penitentiary for passing counterfeit money.

The Seventh Ward Republican Association have appointed a committee of five to visit Albany to protest against the alleged bargaining arrangement to retain Democrats in the municipal commissions.

SILAS B. DUTCHER, assignee of the defunct Central Bank, has commenced a suit to foreclose a mortgage on the Post-office property in Washington-street, the proceeds to be applied in payment of JOHN K. PRUYN'S indebtedness of $300,000.

CHARLES CONROY, alias Geo. L. Taylor, of North Fourth-street, Williamsburg, was arrested yesterday for dealing in obscene literature. His place of business being in Fulton-street, New-York, he was ordered to be turned over to the authorities of that City.

THOMAS GILROY, aged seventeen, was knocked down with a club, early yesterday morning, by GEORGE SIMONS, of North Seventh-street, Williamsburg, in whose liquor-store GILROY, with a party of ruffians, was making a disturbance. He died about 11 o'clock in the morning. SIMONS was arrested, and his clerk, HERMANN HOECKMAN, is also in custody.

NEW-JERSEY.

The Japanese visitors yesterday visited a number of the most prominent Newark manufactories.

In Morristown, at the election on Monday, the Republicans elected the city ticket, and made a gain of one Freeholder, giving them a majority of 18 to 12 in the new Board.

The coupons of the New-Jersey bonds stolen from the Trenton Bank some time since, have to the value of $4,200 been returned to the bank by mail.

A young man named HORN was killed, on Monday afternoon, near Springfield, by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of his friend, J. WOODRUFF.

JOSEPH H. WHEELER was convicted in the Hudson County Court, yesterday, of cutting and otherwise damaging a palace-car of the Erie Railway Company. Remanded for sentence.

At the Trenton charter election on Monday, JOHN BRIEST, Democrat, was elected Mayor by a majority of 500, and CORNELIUS SHEPHERD, Democrat, elected School Superintendent by a majority of about 225. The Common Council is Republican.

The Jersey City Board of Public Works reorganized yesterday, by the re-election of MORILLO H. GILLETT as President; HENRY A. NEWKIRK was re-elected Clerk; BENJAMIN VAN KENREN, Street Commissioner, and JOHN P. CULVER, Chief Engineer. Mr. J. V. R. VREELAND was chosen Registrar. The Board of Police Commissioners has reorganized by the re-election of President PRITCHARD.

[Advertisement.]

CASTORIA IS CERTAIN to operate. It does not nauseate or gripe like castor-oil, but is pleasant to take, digests the food, regulates the bowels, and causes natural sleep. It is equally adapted to adults and infants. We warrant it to contain neither mineral, morphine nor alcohol. We will give sample bottles to any accredited physician.

J. B. ROSE & CO., No. 53 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

"If you deny me let danger light upon your city's charter."—*Shakespeare*. Let all reformers seek solace for their disappointment in not securing a new charter by buying their Spring Hats at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway. With one of his really elegant Hats even a reformer may laugh at fate.

[Advertisement.]

SUMMER TRAVEL.—The steamers *Bristol* and *Providence* will resume their places in the Fall River line, on Monday, April 15.

NEW-YORK, April 5, 1872.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5:29 | Sun sets......6:34 | Moon sets...9:32

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..9:28 | Gov. Island.10:17 | Hell Gate..11:39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, April 9.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Ga., Murray, Ferris & Co.; Ellen S. Terry, Salyear, Newbern, N. C., Murray, Ferris & Co.; Isaac Bell, Blakeman, Norfolk, &c., Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.; Nereus, Bearse, Boston, H. F. Dimock; Denmark, (Br.,) Surmount, London, National Steam-ship Co.; Charleston, Berry, Charleston, Henry R. Morgan & Co.; William P. Clyde, Scott, Richmond, &c., Washington & Co.; Fanita, Doane, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; D. Utley, Davis, Philadelphia; Mars, Grumley, Philadelphia.

Ships Sandusky, Norton, Bordeaux, Sturges, Clearman & Co.; Horatio, Hardy, Hong Kong, Francis Hathaway & Co.

Barks Rocket, Featherstone, Batavia, Fred Baker; Gliac, Cloutman, Zanzibar, J. Bertram; Josie Mildred, Ginn, Cardenas, &c., James E. Ward & Co.; Carrier Dove, (Br.,) Saunders, Havana, James E. Ward & Co.; Evening Star, (Br.,) Chick, St. Jago de Cuba, Waydell & Co.; Olivia Davis, Harriman, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham & Sons.

Brigs Clara Jenkins, Coombs, Marseilles, Jas. Henry; Edward, (Br.,) Lange, St. Kitts, G. Wessels; Deborah S. Soule, Soule, Cardenas, J. H. Winchester & Co.; Clarabelle, Tracey, Cienfuegos, Miller & Houghton; Eledona, (Br.,) Morris, Aspinwall, J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schrs. Nellie Carr, Lansil, Demerara, F. W. Whitney & Co.; Martha A. Thomas, St. John, N. B., Heney & Parker; Evelyn, Burger, Stamford; G. W. Purnell, Sidney, Stamford; F. Bailey, Bailey, Para, F. Guinares; Diploma, Parkham, Nassau, B. J. Wenberg; Monadnock, Hammond, Jacksonville, Warren Ray & Co.; Early Bird, Eldridge, Plymouth, Mass., Goodspeed & White; Wm. Gray, Allyn, New-London.

Arrived.

Steam-ship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah April 6, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Ship King Arthur, (of Liverpool,) Jackson, Calcutta Nov. 27, via Algoa Bay Feb. 3, with mdse. to Wills, Edmunds & Co.—vessel to Arkell, Tufts & Co. Passed Cape of Good Hope Jan. 30, St. Helena Feb. 21, and crossed the equator March 10, in lon. 33; had light N. E. trades to lat. 34 N., and from thence to Cape Hatteras N. W. gales. Feb. 5, off the Cape of Good Hope, had a hurricane commencing at N. W., and veering round to E. N. E., lasting two hours, during which lost fore and main yards, stove bulwarks and boats, and lost everything moveable off deck; put into Algoa Bay for repairs.

Ship John Bright, Hadly, Liverpool Feb. 28, with mdse. to Williams & Guion. Is anchored at S. W. Spit.

Ship Ilione, (of London,) Rapson, Hong Kong Dec. 21, with mdse. to Olyphant & Co.—vessel to H. Sweetland & Co.; is anchored on the Bar.

Ship Cornelius Grinnell, Griffin, London Jan. 27, with mdse. to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; is anchored on the Bar.

Ship Golden Rule, (of Boston,) Hall, Liverpool Feb. 7, via Savannah April 1, in ballast to Vernon H. Brown. April 9, at 6½ P. M., during a dense fog, went ashore about 2 miles S. from the point of Sandy Hook, but was got off at 9 P. M. with the assistance of two tugs, without damage, and brought up to the City.

Bark La Ciguena, Ross, Messina Dec. 23, with fruit to Lawrence, Giles & Co. Jan. 18, while coming down the Mediterranean, was run into by an unknown Italian bark, carrying away all the head gear, with all the rigging attached; having plenty spare sails and rigging on board, repaired the damage without putting into port; passed Gibraltar Jan. 30; Dec. 27, in the Mediterranean, spoke brig Pollemio, (Ital.,) short of provisions, and supplied her; March 29, lat. 32, lon. 36, spoke schr. Amelia, (Br.,) from St. Johns, N. F., for Barbados.

Bark Argo, (Russ.,) Westbrog, Hartlepool 86 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Came a southern passage and had westerly gales to lat. 43 30, lon. 13; from thence to Cape Hatteras light variable winds, and been 8 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. winds.

Bark Adjutor, (Norw.,) Einersen, Cette 75 ds., with wine, &c., to L. E. Amsinck & Co.—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Came a southern passage; had westerly gales to lat. 32; from thence to Cape Hatteras variable weather, and been 8 ds. from thence with N. E. gales.

Bark Wm. Van Name, Craig, Cardenas 15 ds., with sugar to Moses Taylor—vessel to James Henry. Had fine weather up to Hatteras; from thence 8 ds., with strong N. E. and S. W. winds; sprung fore and maintopsail yards. April 2, lat. 34 40, lon. 73 48, had a heavy S. E. gale, lasting 6 hours; 7th, off Cape May, spoke bark Village Belle, from ——, for Boston.

Bark Kalstad, (Nor.,) Johnson, Newport, E., 73 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Made the southern passage, and had fine weather to Bermuda; from thence 8 ds. with N. W. winds; stove bulwarks; was 30 ds. beating down the English Channel, with strong westerly gales.

Bark Jernaes, (Nor.,) Neilsen, Cardiff 58 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann. Took the southern passage and had fine weather throughout; was 10 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Alaska, Porter, Messina Feb. 24, with fruit to Lawrence Giles & Co. Took the middle passage and had strong westerly winds throughout.

Bark Abraham Skalle, (Nor.,) Gregersen, Hartlepool 120 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Came a southern passage, and had light winds and calms from Madeira; has been 14 ds. W. of Bermuda, with N. W. gales.

Bark James Ives, (of Halifax,) Carroll, Montevideo 56 ds., with hides to order—vessel to Geo. H. Brewer & Co. Crossed the equator March 12, in lon. 39; had fine weather to Hatteras, and been 9 ds. from thence, with N. E. gales; April 7, 100 miles E. from Cape May, passed a can buoy painted red.

Bark Reinhold, (N. G.,) Reich, Sagua 16 ds., with sugar to Spence, Montague & Co.—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Had fine weather up to Hatteras, and from thence 8 ds., with strong N. winds; stove bulwarks, &c.

Bark Atlantic, (Nor.,) Johannsen, Havana 16 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Has been 9 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. gales.

Bark La Plata, Crowell, Boston 4 ds. in ballast to R. W. Ropes & Co.

Bark Anna A. Walsh, Lawrence, Caibarien 16 ds., with sugar to order—vessel to Walsh, Field & Way; is anchored on the Bar.

Brig H. C. Sibley, (of Belfast, Me.,) Colson, Newport 59 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Howekite & Co. Took the middle passage and had strong westerly gales; was 33 ds. W. of the Banks and 25 ds. from lon. 50 to 55; March 18, lat. 43 40, lon. 54 50, had a severe hurricane from S. E. and veering around the compass, in which stove bulwarks, after companion-way, skylight, washed binnacle and compass overboard, blew away sails; April 1, lat. 41 30, lon. 67, saw a vessel's foremast with yard attached.

Brig Avance, (Norw.,) Petersen, Cardiff 73 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Made the southern passage, and had fair weather to Bermuda, from thence 14 ds. with westerly gales; lost fore topgallant mast and split sails.

Brig Julia A. Hallock, (of New-Bedford,) Briggs, Messina 65 ds., with fruit to F. S. Robinson—vessel to master. Passed Gibraltar Feb. 18; took the middle passage, and had light baffling winds throughout.

Brig Lola, (of Wilbourne,) Williams, Messina 16 ds., with fruit to Lawrence Giles & Co.—vessel to master. Passed Gibraltar Feb. 17; took the middle passage, and had fine weather.

Schr. S. C. Noyes, (of Newburyport,) Lee, Baracoa 11 ds., with fruit to Wm. Douglas—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Had fine weather, and was 6 ds. N. of Hatteras; left in port, sch. Lavonia Bell, just arrived.

Schr. Sophia Hansen, (of Baltimore,) Nelson, San Domingo City 18 ds., with mdse. to H. & A. W. Meyer. Has been 6 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. gales. Left in port, bark Favorite and sch. Etta, ldg. for New-York.

Schr. J. J. Harris, (of Brookhaven,) Nichols, Baracoa 11 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to J. B. Wenber. Had fine weather up to lat. 32, from thence strong W. gales, and 6 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. A. F. Kindberg, Thomas, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. H. J. Russell, Rankin, Connecticut River, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Fannie Warner, Dickens, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. A. J. Bentley, Robinson, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. B. F. Woolsey, Parker, Providence, for Baltimore.

Schr. Charles A. Grainer, Harvey, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Nettie, ——, St. John, N. B., with lumber to order.

Schr. M. H. Read, Benson, New-Bedford, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Jennie Middleton, Fletcher, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. James S. Watson, Wilson, Lanesville, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Abby Morton, Morton, Plymouth, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Mary Stow, Mitchell, Saybrook, for Philadelphia.

Schr. D. G. Floyd, Gifford, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. Harvest Home, Hodgkins, Belfast, for Baltimore.

Schr. L. S. Chase, Kelly, Dennis, with fish to Woodruff & Robinsons.

Schr. Mary Natt, Burke, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. John Crockford, Hatch, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Adelaide, Smith, Sag Harbor, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ann Dole, Bunce, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Cornelia, Chubbard, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. S. C. Evans, Tice, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Balloon, Davis, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Eliza Pharo, Sherman, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Urbanna, Allen, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Lavinia Jane, Botts, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Julia E. Willetts, Baylis, Brookhaven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. S. L. Adams, Robinson, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. John Stockham, Price, New-London, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Eliz. J. Raynor, Hutchinson, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. H. L. Collins, Hill, Providence, for Port Johnson.

Schr. J. K. Mundell, Beckwith, George's Banks, with fish to S. B. Miller.

Schr. Helen L. Snow, Cushman, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Mary Clark, Perry, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Exeter, Pendleton, Rockland, with lime to J. A. Haviland.

Schr. E. J. Woolsey, Baxter, New-Haven, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Sarah Elizabeth, Monroe, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. S. L. Thompson, Hull, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. W. C. Atwater, Parker, New-Haven, for Hoboken.

Schr. E. M. Smith, Cone, Harwich, with fish to master.

Schr. Bela Peck, Avery, New-London, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Treasure, Arnold, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr. Hannah Blackman, Arnold, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr. R. H. Wilson, Harris, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr. Ontario, Barber, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr. Gilbert Green, Brown, Providence for Rondout.

Schr. E. J. Herarty, Herarty, Providence for Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. E. R. Thomas, Arnold, Providence for Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Isabella Jewett, Mackey, Providence for Hoboken.

Schr. Harriet Lewis, Bliss, Newport, for Port Johnson.

Schr. A. Heaton, Carter, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. J. D. Ingraham, Dickerson, Cromwell, Conn.

Schr. Florence, Wilcox, New-Haven, for Rondout.

Schr. Emperor, ——, Rockland, with lime to order.

Schr. George B. Conover, Terry, Millstone Point.

Schr. Luna, Smith, Saybrook, for Elizabethport.

Schr. G. L. Lovell, Providence, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Messenger, Keefe, Taunton, for Rondout.

Schr. Marshal Perin, Packard, New-Bedford.

Schr. Entire, Kinnear, Bristol, for Rondout.

Schr. Zoe, Hall, Newport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Richard Morrell, Stevens, Greenwich.

Schr. Warren Gates, Smith, Millstone Point.

Schr. Elias Runyon, Campbell, New-Haven.

Schr. Golden Rule, Overton, Stony Brook.

Schr. George Washington, Peck, Stamford.

Schr. Harriett Ryan, Robinson, Wareham.

Schr. E. F. Meany, Lewis, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Phil. Sheridan, Murphy, Fall River.

Schr. Orlando Smith, Ferris, Port Chester.

Schr. W. H. DeWitt, Parker, New-Bedford.

Schr. M. M. Merriman, Fox, New-Haven.

Schr. J. G. Pierson, Ferris, Port Chester.

Schr. Julia Newell, Hall, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Fountain, Bennett, Fall River.

Schr. Esquimaux, Briggs, Dighton.

Schr. Jane Maria, Bushnell, Norwich.

Schr. John Lozier, Trefethen, Taunton.

Schr. Adele Felicia, Elliott, Norwich.

Schr. S. J. Smith, Morgan, Branford.

Schr. Jane Fish, Barton, Providence.

Schr. Justice, Clark, Millstone Point.

Schr. Wind, Warwick, New-Haven.

Schr. S. R. Lane, Fuller, Yarmouth.

Schr. Fish Hawk, Bisbee, Newport.

Schr. Helen, Perry, New-Bedford.

Schr. L. Daniels, Smith, Hartford.

Schr. Pointer, Baker, Providence.

Schr. Peoria, Wiley, New-London.

Schr. Ware, Hubbard, Norwich.

Schr. Mail, Meade, Greenwich.

WIND—Sundown, light, S. W.; foggy.

Sailed.

Steam-ship Leipzig, for Bremen, (and anchored at Quarantine on account of fog;) Charleston, for Charleston; Virgo, for Savannah.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 9.—Arr. steamers Wm. Crane, from Baltimore; Neptune, from New-York; brig Osseo, from Newcastle.

CHARLESTON, April 9.—Arr. steamer Champion, from New-York. Sld. steamer Maryland, for Baltimore; schr. Hector, for Savannah.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 9.—Sld. brigs Uldahol, for New-York; Lubeck, for Baltimore.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 9.—The pilot-boat Maryland reports: Passed in, for Baltimore, barks Nermania, Andes, and Aurora, from Liverpool; bark Northwood, from Matanzas.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 7.—Arr. steam-ship George Cromwell, Clapp, from New-York.

Sld. steam-ship George Washington, Gager, for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 9.—Arr. steamer Wyoming, from Philadelphia; brig Cigann, from Grimsby, England.

Cld. steamers Seminole, for Boston; Leo, for New-York; bark Marguerite, for Barcelona.

Miscellaneous.

The ship Goschen, (N. G.,) Bahr, from Genoa, while towing into the East River this P. M., grounded off Pier No. 1, but came off on the next tide without damage.

Spoken, &c.

Feb. 19, lat. 43 31, lon. 13 25, ship Betsey Black, (Br.,) from London, for Hong Kong, 19 ds. out.

March 15, lat. 22 42, lon. 53, bark Aquilia, (Norw.,) from Bordeaux, for New-York.

March 27, lat. 27 35, lon. 61 45, bark Oscar & George, (Russ.,) from Liverpool, for Baltimore.

28th, lat. 31 27, lon. 71 32, bark Zulma, (Br.,) steering S.

March 27, lat. 24 50, lon. 65 02 bark Lady Jenny, from Antwerp, for Philadelphia.

March 30, lat. 34 22, lon. 68 50, brig Ariel Doanes, from Porto Rico, for Halifax, 6 ds out.

March 9, lat. 31, lon. 33, ship Governor Langdon (of and from Boston) steering S. E.

Feb. 15, lat. 24 S., lon. 4 30 W., bark Maillard, (Br.,) from Sourbaya, for Boston, 64 ds. out.

European Marine News.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 9.—The North German Lloyd steam-ship Rhein, Capt. Meyer, from New-York March 30, for Bremen, touched at this port yesterday.

QUEENSTOWN, April 9.—The Inman steam-ship City of London, Capt. Tibbetts, from New-York March 30, for Liverpool, arr. in this harbor at 6½ o'clock this morning.

The National line steam-ship Spain, Capt. Grace, from New-York March 30, for Liverpool, touched at this port yesterday.

Closing of Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown, by the *Manhattan*, at 11½ A. M., with a supplementary mail for double-paid letters on Pier No. 46 North River, until 1¼ P. M.

THURSDAY.

For Europe, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg, by the *Cimbria*, at 11 A. M., with a supplementary mail, for double-paid letters only, on the pier at the foot of Third-street, in Hoboken, until 1¼ P. M.... For Bermuda, W. I., by the *San Francisco*, at 11 A. M.... For Havana, by the *Missouri*, at 2 P. M., with a supplementary mail for double-paid letters on Pier No. 4 North River, until 2:00 P. M.

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For particulars, see AUCTION SALES by
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